HEIGHTENEDCONVERSATIONS

Impacts of Building Heights in Capital Cities

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HEIGHTENEDCONVERSATIONS

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HeigtheneDConversation
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METROPOLITAN AREAS OF BERLIN AND HAMBURG IN CONTINENTAL EUROPE

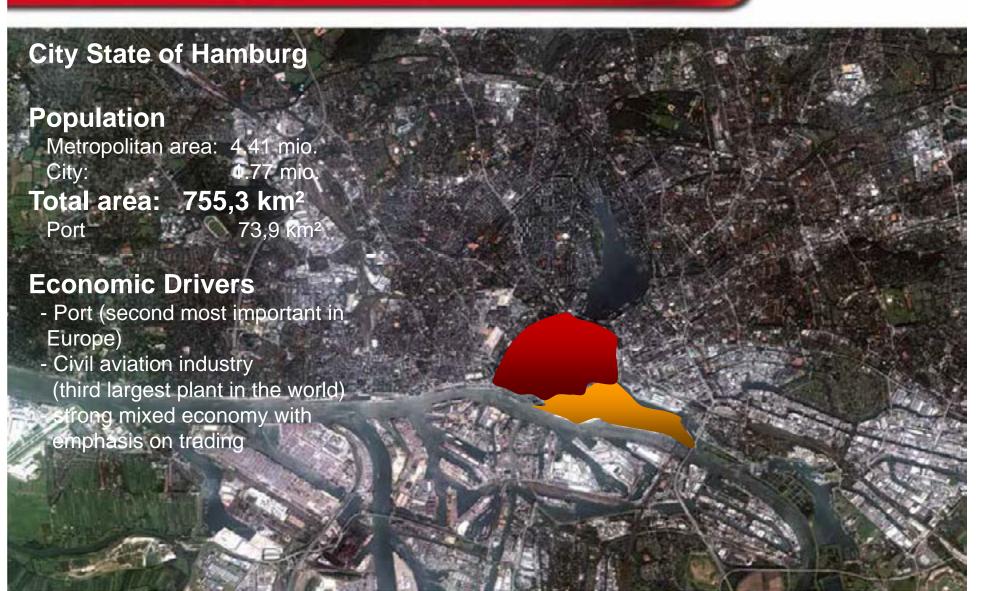












HISTORICAL BUILDING HEIGHT REGULATIONS OF THE 19th CENTURY: BERLIN AND HAMBURG COMPARED



	Berlin	Hamburg
maximum building height = h	h = 22 meters / 72 feet	h = 24 meters / 79 feet
b = width of street	h = b	h = b + 6 meters /20 feet
maximum building height to the courtyard = h ₁ f = width of courtyard	h ₁ = f + 6 meters / 20 feet	h ₁ = 1.5 x f
maximum number of (residential) floors	5	5

Source: Stübben, J. (1890): "Der Städtebau".

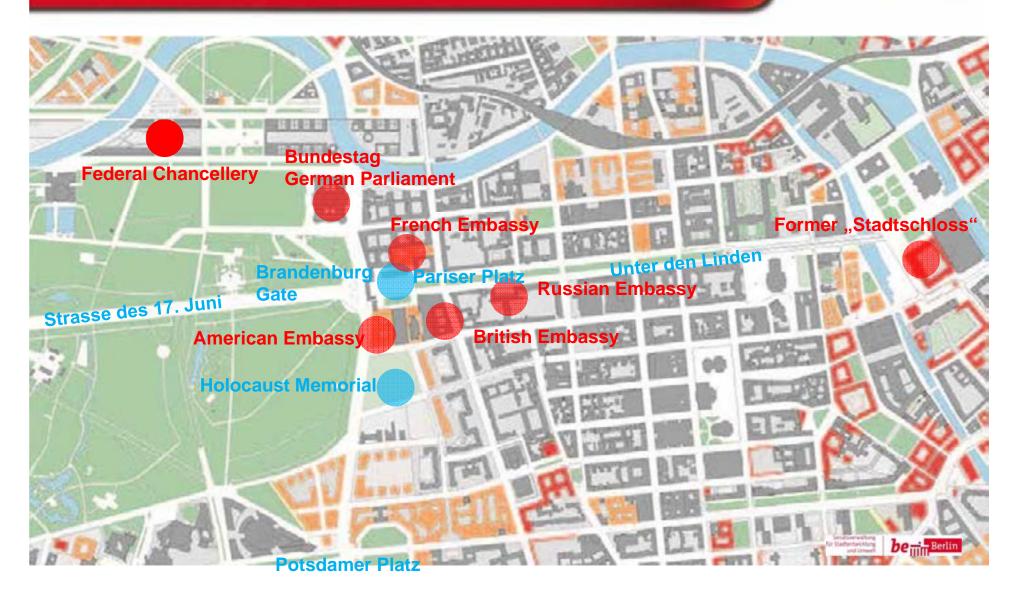
BERLIN CAPITAL CITY





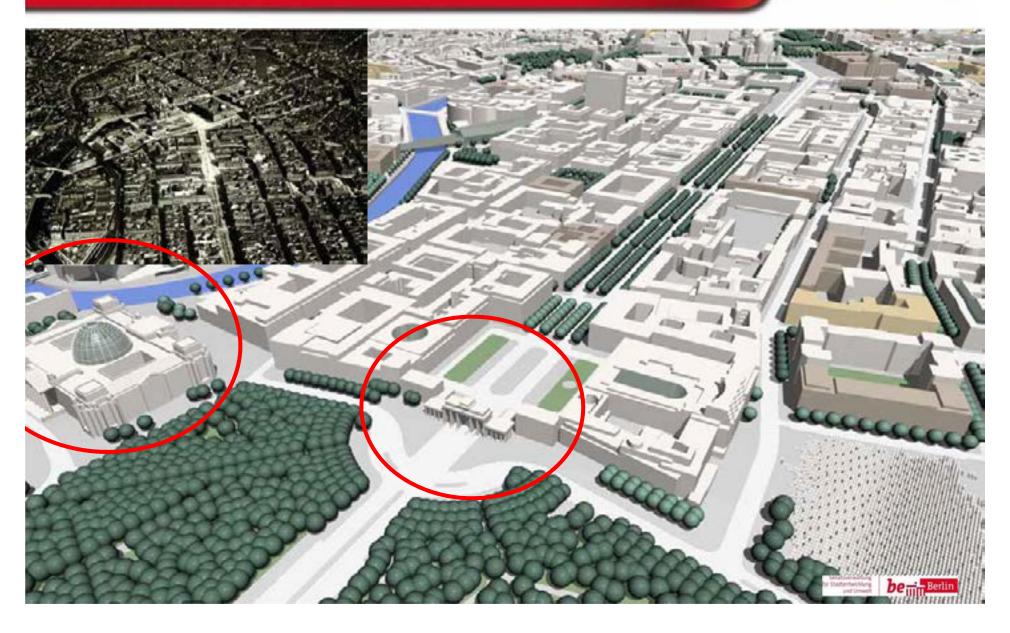
BERLIN CAPITAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT BASED ON THE HISTORICAL URBAN STRUCTURE





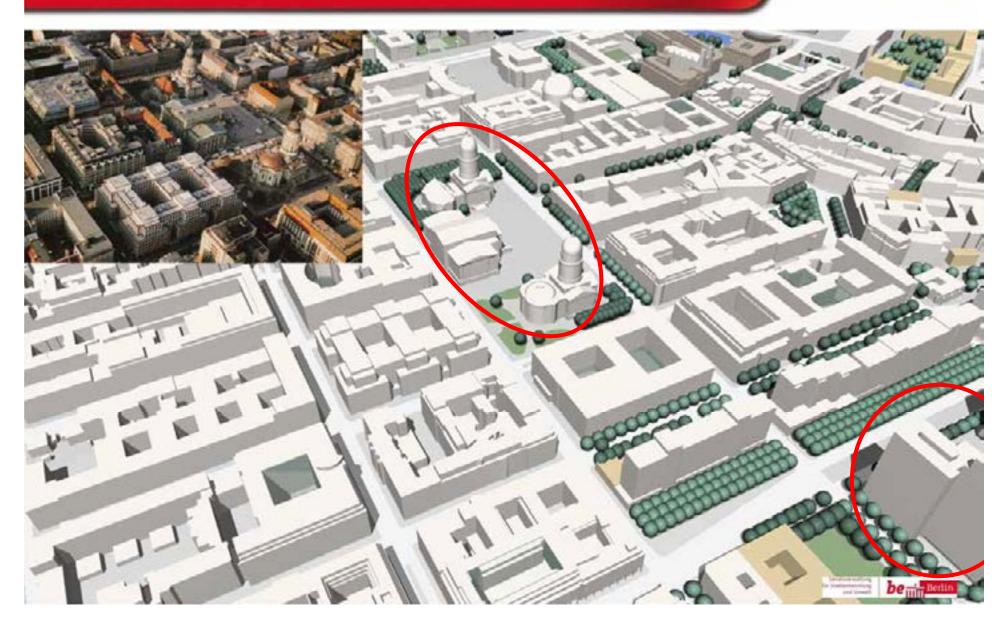
BERLIN CAPITAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT BASED ON THE HISTORICAL URBAN STRUCTURE VIEW FROM BRANDENBURG GATE





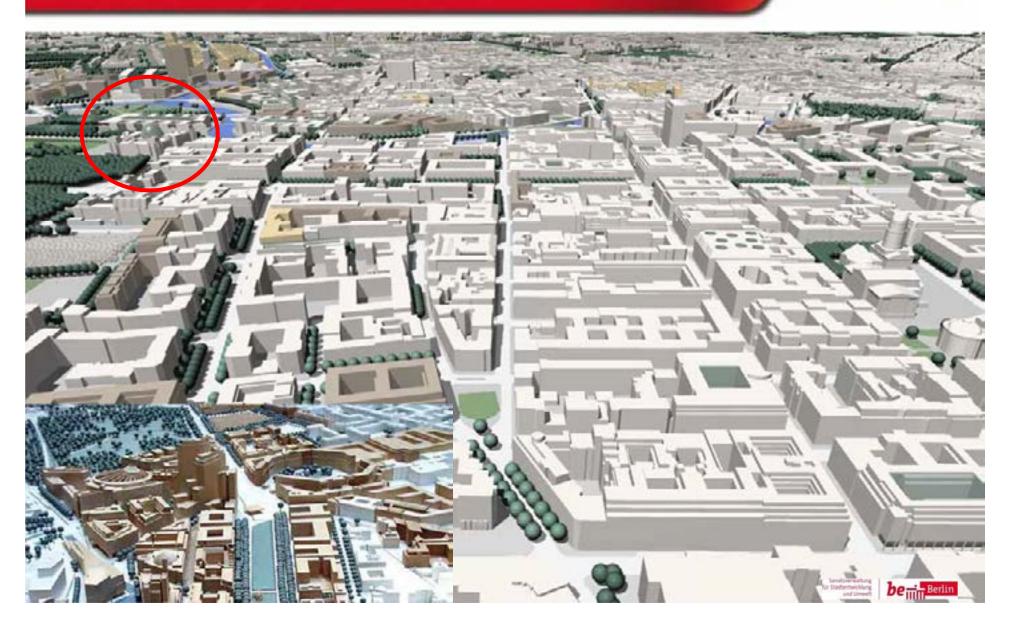
BERLIN CAPITAL CITY REDEVELOPMENT BASED ON THE HISTORICAL URBAN STRUCTURE THE EXCEPTION OF CHURCHES AND CULTURAL BUILDINGS





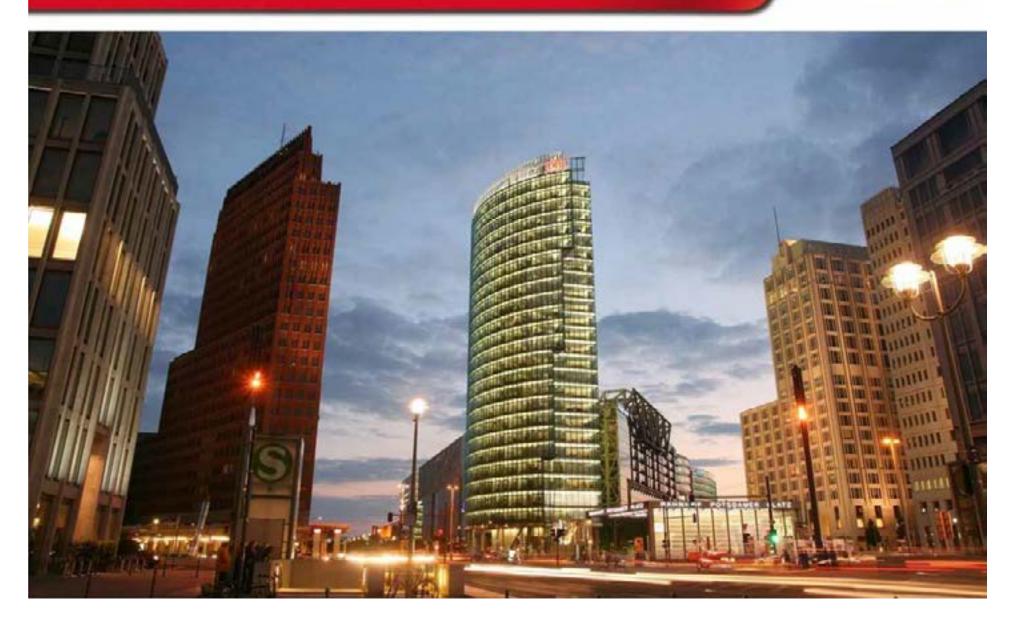
BERLIN CAPITAL CITY REICHSTAG (47 m, app. 154 feet) AND THE PERIPHERY OF THE HISTORICAL CENTRE





COMMERCIAL REDEVELOPMENT OF THE NEW POTSDAMER PLATZ AT THE PERIPHERY OF THE HISTORICAL CENTRE (106 m, app. 347 feet)





HAMBURG MERCHANT CITY EXPANDING THE CITY CORE BY 40% INTO THE FORMER HARBOR AREA





HAMBURG HORIZONTAL SKYLINE DOMINATED BY CHURCHES



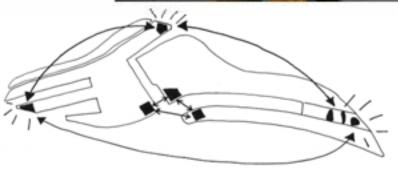


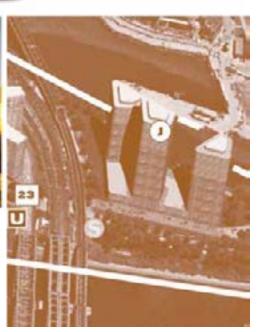
HAMBURG HAFENCITY ORGANIZING A NEW SKYLINE







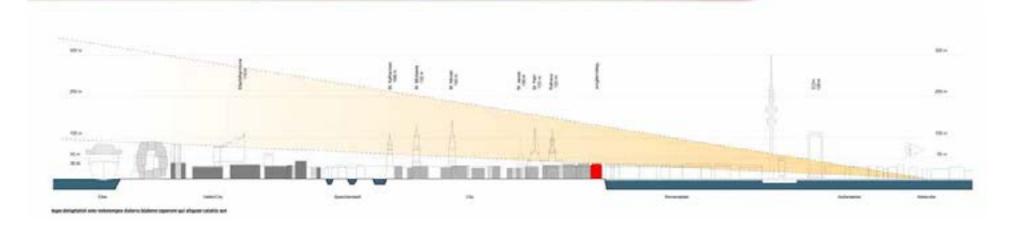






CENTRAL CITY BUILDING HEIGHTS FROM ALSTER TO HAFENCITY REFERENCE LOCATION ALSTER LAKE'S VIEW

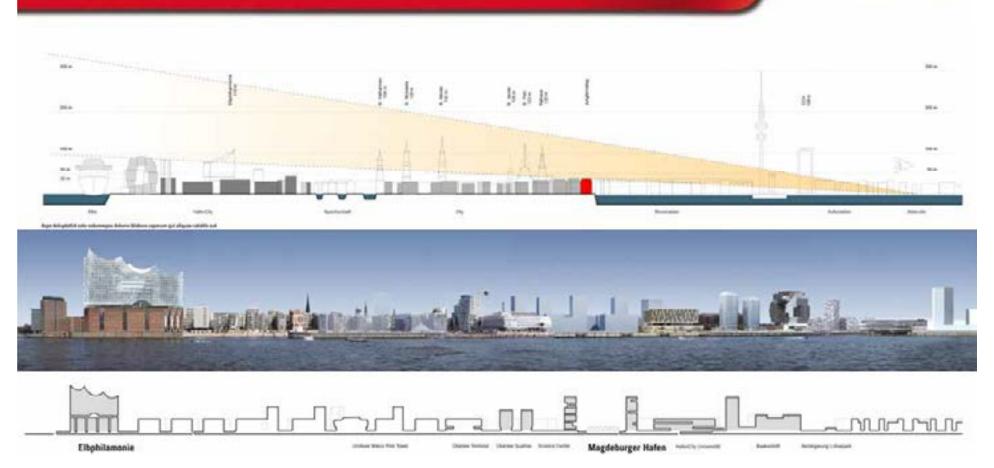






NEW HAFENCITY AND HAMBURG SKYLINE REFERENCE LOCATION INNER LAKE (ALSTER) AND RIVER (ELBE)

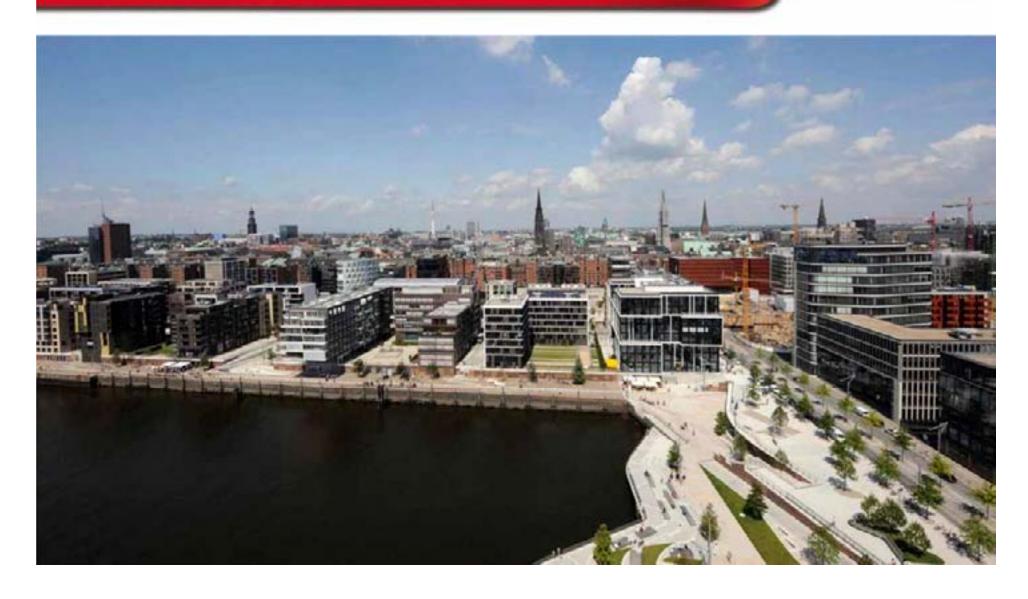






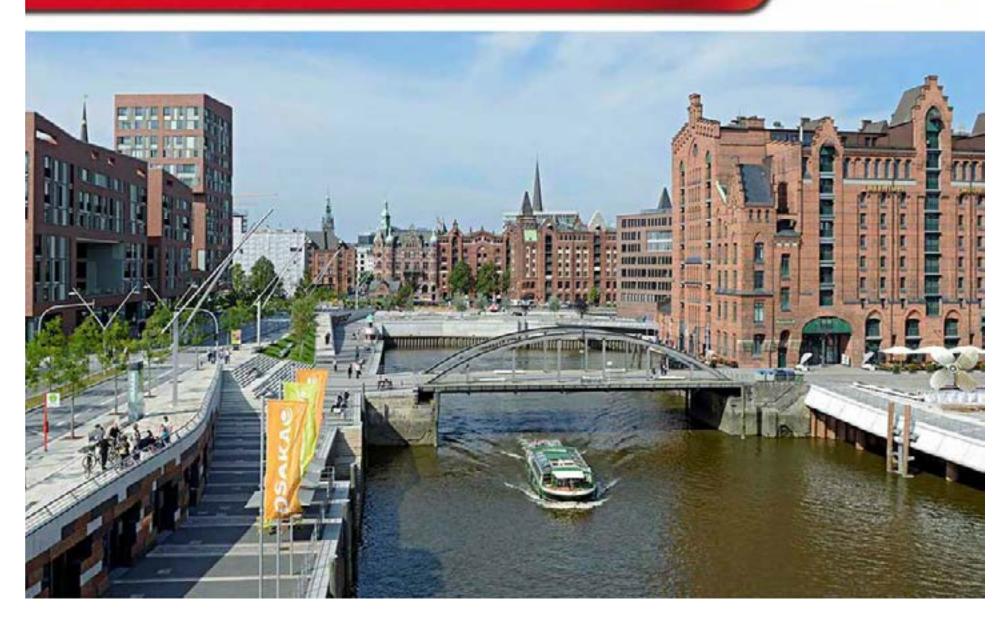
HAFENCITY HORIZONTALITY IN ITS CORE





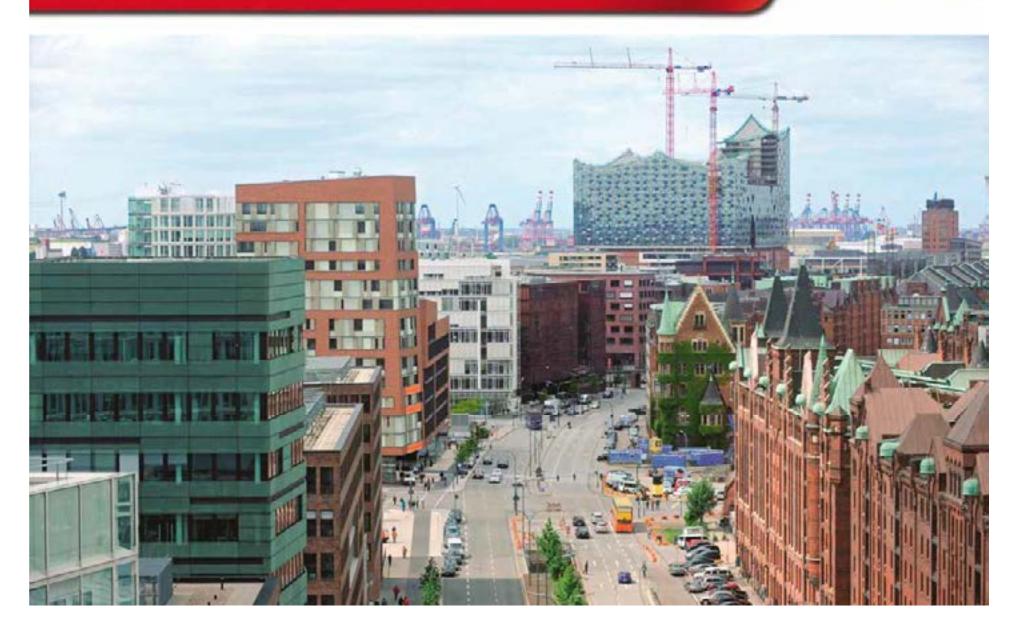
CENTRAL HAFENCITY: INTEGRATING NEW BUILDINGS' HORIZONTALITY WITH LOCAL LANDMARKS





MINOR HORIZONTAL LANDMARKS BETWEEN OLD CITY BOUNDARY AND HAFENCITY (BACKGROUND CONCERT HALL: 110 m, app. 361 feet)





CONCLUSIONS FOR (RE-) BUILDING A HORIZONTAL CITY (I) FROM HAMBURG AND BERLIN



- An appreciation of the great value of the horizontality of the historical city, even under growth conditions.
- Urban design and architectural qualities
 - are not achieved sufficiently by determining uniform height benchmarks for the city as a whole or along certain street views,
 - but require spatial sectors and the definition of view points for the core of the city.

CONCLUSIONS FOR (RE-) BUILDING A HORIZONTAL CITY (II)



Achieving high urban design and architectural qualities under growth conditions furthermore necessitate differentiated height regulations

- public (or private) potential landmark locations at city (core) scale,
- micro-landmark locations within the city core (neighborhood level) in order to create
 - an appropriate horizontal visual integration,
 - an appropriate distance perception and a rhythm,
 - micro-scale distinctions in front of a "calm" city background,
 - And thus avoiding "boring" horizontality.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!





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