## Master Planning Training Workshop

#### **After-Action Report**

January 23, 2020 • 401 9th Street, NW, Suite 500, Washington, DC 20004



Workshop Instructional Support and After-Action Report by: The Urban Collaborative, LLC Eugene, Oregon www.urbancollaborative.com

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Cover Image: Rendering provided by The Urban Collaborative



NCPC

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#### **Workshop Description**

In this one-day training workshop, participants learned about best practices in preparing Federal Master Plans through practical, hands-on exercises, small group discussion, and short lectures. Attendees gained an understanding of Federal master planning policies and the master planning process and products used by the Department of Defense (DoD) and other Federal agencies. Through interactive sessions, participants helped to develop a clear and concise planning vision statement and apply it to the development of an Area Development Plan (ADP). Participants learned by doing and gained knowledge of workshop techniques and methods, including how to prepare and draw an Illustrative and Regulating Plan consistent with their planning vision.

Key topics included: The National Capital Planning Commission's (NCPC) role in installation planning and collaboration with the DoD; Processes and products of Unified Facilities Criteria 2-100-01 on Installation Master Planning; The future of planning in the DoD; Creating Master Plans with limited resources; Developing a vision; Assessing existing conditions; Evaluating plan proposals; and creating a useful regulating plan.

This course is accredited by the American Institute of Certified Planners and the American Institute of Architects.

#### **Course Instructors**

**Dr. Mark Gillem**, PhD, FAIA, FAICP, Principal, The Urban Collaborative, LLC & Professor, The University of Oregon

**Ms. Holly Workman**, AICP, Planner, Director of Training, The Urban Collaborative, LLC

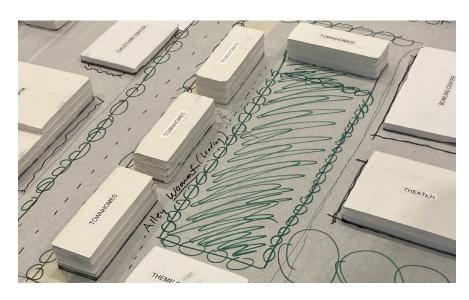
**Dr. Paula Loomis**, PhD, FAIA, FSAME, AICP, LEED AP, GGP, Director of Research, Senior Architect, Senior Planner, The Urban Collaborative, LLC

**Ms. Charlene Dwin Vaughn**, AICP, Planner, The Urban Collaborative, LLC

**Ms. Virginia Bailey**, CPHC, Architectural Designer, Junior Planner, The Urban Collaborative, LLC

#### **Workshop Schedule**

		THURSDAY 23 JANUARY 2020
Time	Agenda	Speaker(s)
0800 - 0830	Welcome & Registration	All
0830 - 0840	Welcome & Introductions	Marcel Acosta, Executive Director, NCPC & Dr. Mark Gillem
	Part I NCPC's Role in Installation Planning	
0840 - 0855	NCPC Background	Michael Weil, Urban Planner, NCPC
0855 - 0900	Working Collaboratively (Part I)	Group Exercise
	Part II The DoD's Planning Model	
0900 - 1000	DoD's Process & Products The Problems The Costs The Solution 10 UFC Planning Strategies Visual Preference Survey	Dr. Mark Gillem
1000 - 1015	Break	-
1015 - 1115	Various Perspectives of DoD Branch Planning	Services
1115 - 1145	Planning's Future in the DoD	Dr. Mark Gillem
1145 - 1200	Working Collaboratively (Part II)	Dr. Paula Loomis & Charlene Dwin Vaughn
1200 - 1300	Lunch	-
	Part III Making Good Plans	
1300 - 1315	NCPC Review	Michael Weil, Urban Planner, NCPC
1315 - 1330	Learning from Regional Case Studies	Dr. Mark Gillem
1330 - 1345	Preparing IDPs/ADPs with Limited Resources	Dr. Mark Gillem
1345 - 1400	Developing a Clear Vision	Dr. Mark Gillem
1400 - 1445	Assessing Existing Conditions	Group Exercise
1445 - 1500	Break	-
1500 - 1600	Making Better Bases	Group Exercise
1600 - 1630	Evaluating Plan Proposals	Group Exercise
1630 - 1715	Creating a Useful Regulating Plan	Group Exercise
1715 - 1730	Conclusion	All
1730	End	





#### **Workshop Attendees**

54 representatives from numerous installations and design agents within the National Capital Region attended the workshop. Their names, organization, and email are listed below alphabetically by last name.

Last Name	First Name	Organization	Email
Behbahany	Natasha	Navy	natasha.behbahany@navy.mil
Blair	Tim	Marine Corps Base Quantico	timothy.blair@usmc.mil
Cleven	Brian	NAVFAC Washington	brian.cleven@navy.mil
Close	Aaron	Joint Force Headquarters - National Capital Region / Military District of Washington (JF- HQ-NCR/MDW)	aaron.p.close.civ@mail.mil
Crespo	Jennybelle	Marine Corps University	Jennybelle.Crespo@usmcu.edu
D'Ornellas	Paul	NAVFAC Washington	paul.dornellas@navy.mil
DeLancey	Cameron	WHS	cameron.d.delancey.civ@mail.mil
Dindyal	Roger	DoD: NavFac PWD Washington	roger.t.dindyal@navy.mil
Dunn	Charlton	Virginia Army National Guard / Department of Military Affairs	charlton.t.dunn.civ@mail.mil
Dunn	Clifton	AFCEC/CPPD	clifton.dunn.l@us.af.mil
Eidsmore	Alan	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District	-
Ford	Rhonda	NAVFAC Washington PWD	rhonda.a.ford@navy.mil
Griffin	Darryl	United Stated Marine Corps (MCICOM)	darryl.r.griffin@usmc.mil
Hall	Derrick	Department of Military Affairs	derrick.s.hall3.nfg@mail.mil
Harris	Curtis	NAVFAC Washington	curtis.e.harris@navy.mil
Haught	Kathryn	Army, G-9	Kathryn.j.haught.civ@mail.mil
Hogan	Chelsea	DoD WHS	chelsea.r.hogan.ctr@mail.mil
Humphreys	David	Joint Base Andrews	david.k.humphreys2.civ@mail.mil
Jordan	Malik	Aberdeen Proving Ground Master Planning and Real Property	malik.m.jordan3.ctr@mail.mil
Keller-Kratzer	Kat	NAVFAC Washington - PWD JBAB	katherine.kellerkrat@navy.mil
King	Brian	DOD Washington Headquarters Services	brian.r.king.civ@mail.mil
Kuriger	Jarrod	Military District of Washington G4	jarrod.c.kuriger.civ@mail.mil
Lewis	Alex	Joint Base Andrews	daniel.a.lewis66.civ@mail.mil
Lipscomb	Gregory	NAVFAC Washington - Joint Base Anacos- tia-Bolling	Gregory.Lipscomb@navy.mil
Mercado	Robert	Aberdeen Proving Ground DPW Master Planning	robert.j.mercado1.civ@mail.mil

Nunez	Jennifer	NAVFAC Washington - PWD Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	jennifer.l.nunez@navy.mil
Osborne	Nathan	Department of the Army	nicco.osborne.civ@mail.mil
Palmore	Wilson	Virginia Army National Guard	robert.w.palmore2.nfg@mail.mil
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Pipe	Jennifer	NAVFAC Washington	Jennifer.l.pipe@navy.mil
Price	Vanessa	NAVFAC Washington	vanessa.price@navy.mil
Rovira	Emilio	MCB Quantico / Planning	emilio.rovira@usmc.mil
Ruegger	Emily	Joint Base Myer - Henderson Hall - DPW	emily.ruegger@gmail.com
Saldana	Rosil	NAVFAC	rosil.saldana@navy.mil
Santos	Elizabeth	IMCOM Aberdeen Proving Ground	elizabeth.m.santos.civ@mail.mil
Sellers	Kimisha	NAVFAC	kimisha.sellers@navy.mil
Snyder	Jeff	Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District	jeff.snyder@usace.army.mil
Sperber	Samantha	Navy JBAB	samantha.sperber@navy.mil
Springer, PE, AICP	Jeff	Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Sustainment	jeffery.c.springer.ctr@mail.mil
Stephenson	Chris	Gordon	cstephenson@gordon.us.com
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Swan	Takira	DPW- Master Planning & Real Property Division	takiraswan@gmail.com
Tomp- kins-Flagg	Nik	NAVFAC Washington	nicole.tompkins-flag@navy.mil
Vandeveer	Amy	Air Force Civil Engineer Center	amy.vandeveer.2@us.af.mil
Walker	Rebecca	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District	-
Ward	Joan	APG Directorate of Public Works, Master Plan- ning & Real Property Division	joan.m.ward13.ctr@mail.mil
Weil	Michael	NCPC	michael.weil@ncpc.gov
Welton	Katherine	USACE Baltimore District	katherine.welton@usace.army.mil
Winterer	Joseph	MCB Quantico	joseph.winterer@usmc.mil
Whitton	Kelly	Joint Base Myer-Henderson Hall/Fort McNair	kelly.a.whitton2.civ@mail.mil
Wise	Jennifer	NAVFAC Washington	jennifer.h.wise@navy.mil
Yates	Laura	AF/A4CP	laura.e.yates4.civ@mail.mil
Yesmant	Christopher	US Army Garrison Fort Belvoir	christopher.k.yesmant.civ@mail.mil
Young	Frances	United States Army Corps of Engineers	frances.l.young@verizon.net

#### Workshop Images



The morning session included a brief powerpoint presentation from NCPC and The Urban Collaborative. After a short Concept Map Exercise, called Working Collaboratively Part I & II, participants spent the afternoon creating an ADP using foamcore models and detailing a Regulating Plan.







#### **Concept Maps**

Using a technique called the Crawford Slip Method, participants responded to a series of questions to help NCPC and DoD Stakeholders understand respective roles, responsibilities, and opportunities for collaboration. Stakeholders responded to these six questions:

What are the benefits of DoD and NCPC collaboration?

What are the challenges to DoD and NCPC collaboration currently?

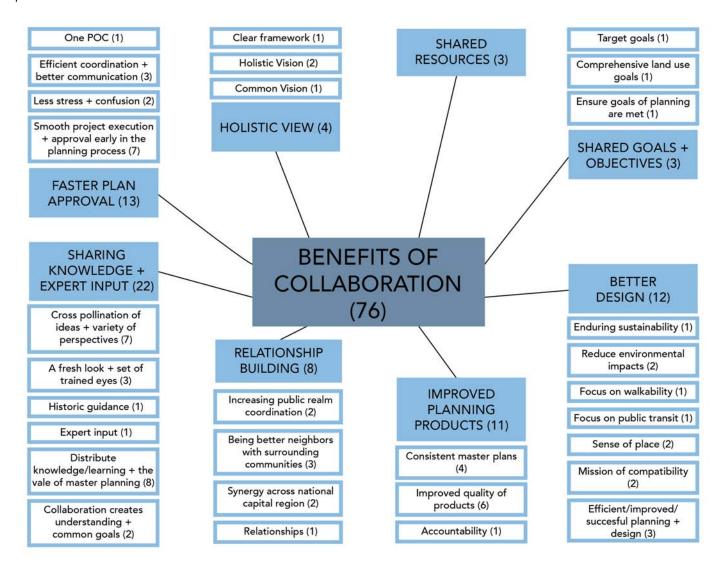
How do we improve DoD and NCPC collaboration?

How can NCPC's mission be institutionalized amongst new base commanders?

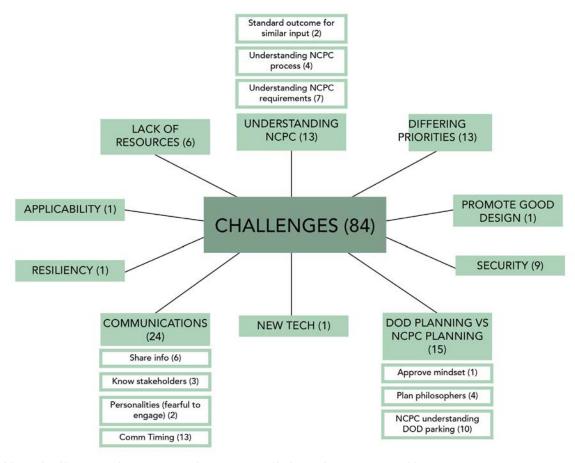
How can national planning function(s) be made aware of NCPC?

How can DoD master plans be developed to enable easier exclusion of FOUO information during NCPC's review process?

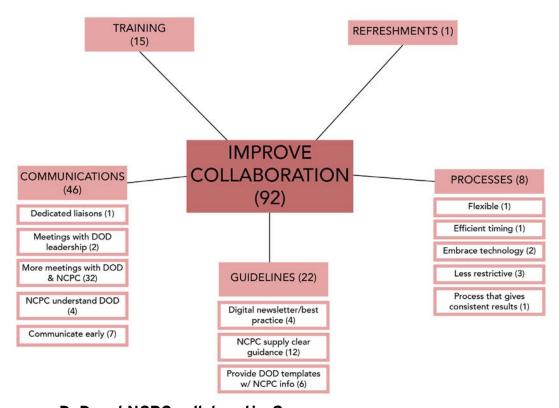
Participants had three minutes for each question to come up with as many answers as possible, each written on separate pieces of paper called Crawford Slips. Responses to each question were collected and then compiled, later to be assembled in concept maps. Numbers in parenthesis indicate how many times each idea appeared. This qualitative analysis shows the collective importance of the category. The Crawford Slip method allows for anonymous and equal input.



#### What are the benefits of DoD and NCPC Collaboration?



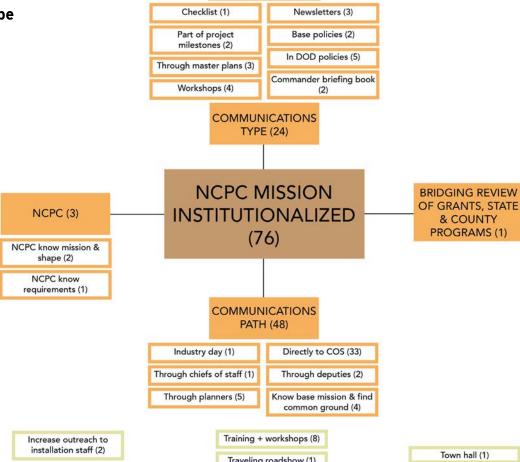
#### What are the challenges to DoD and NCPC collaboration currently?



How do we improve DoD and NCPC collaboration?

#### **Concept Maps**

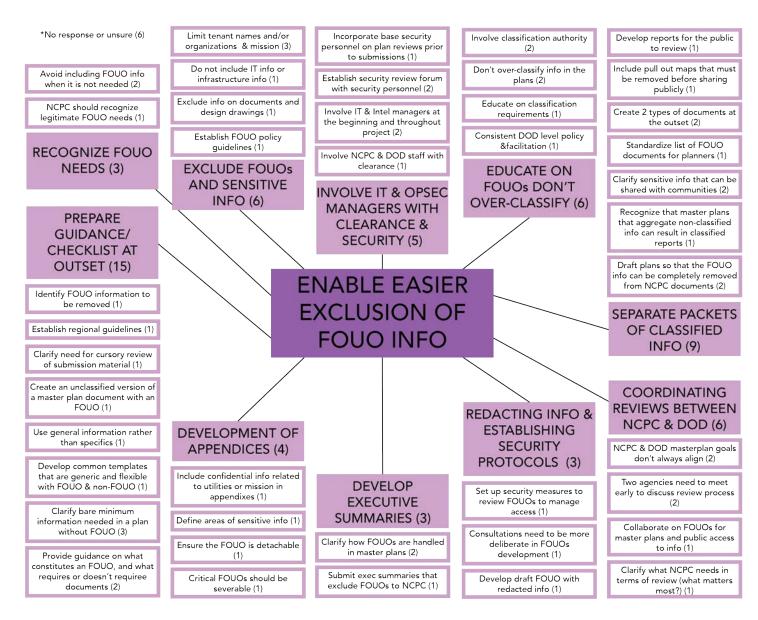
How can NCPC's mission be institutionalized amongst new base commanders?



Professional education (1)

How can national planning function(s) be made aware of NCPC?



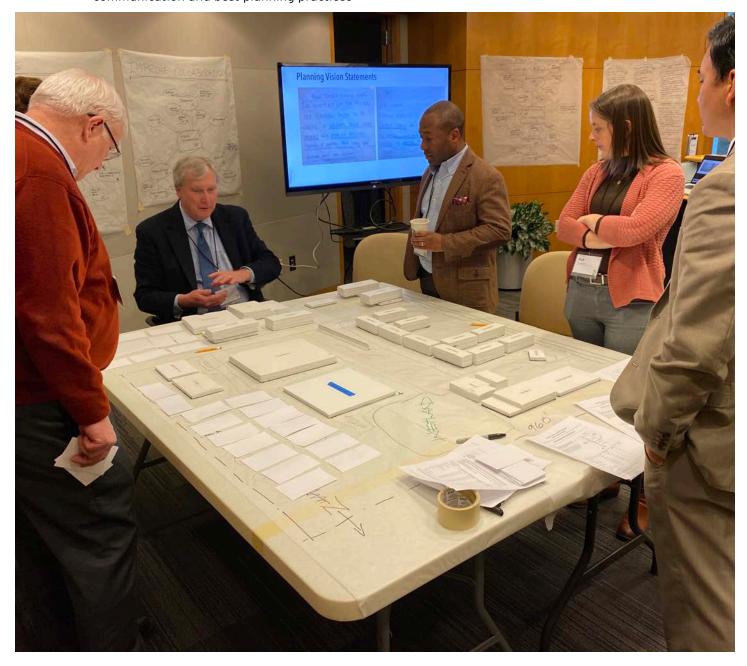


How can DoD master plans be developed to enable easier exclusion of FOUO information during NCPC's review process?

#### **Next Steps**

NCPC will continue to work with federal agencies as it seeks to preserve and enhance the extraordinary historical, cultural, and natural resources and federal assets of the National Capital Region. In order to better current and future collaboration with DoD agencies, next steps for NCPC and the DoD include:

- Streamline communication by dedicating a DoD and NCPC liaison(s)
- Clarify information by providing a packet of critical master planning documents/maps for review
- Understand local challenges by conducting annual or biannual on-site visits with all Federal locations in the Capital Region
- · Create awareness and share information by publishing a quarterly or annual newsletter
- Conduct an independent gap analysis of master plans in NCPCs AOR to determine informants to UFC 2-100-01
- Increase education by hosting annual or biannual training workshop focused on improving communication and best planning practices



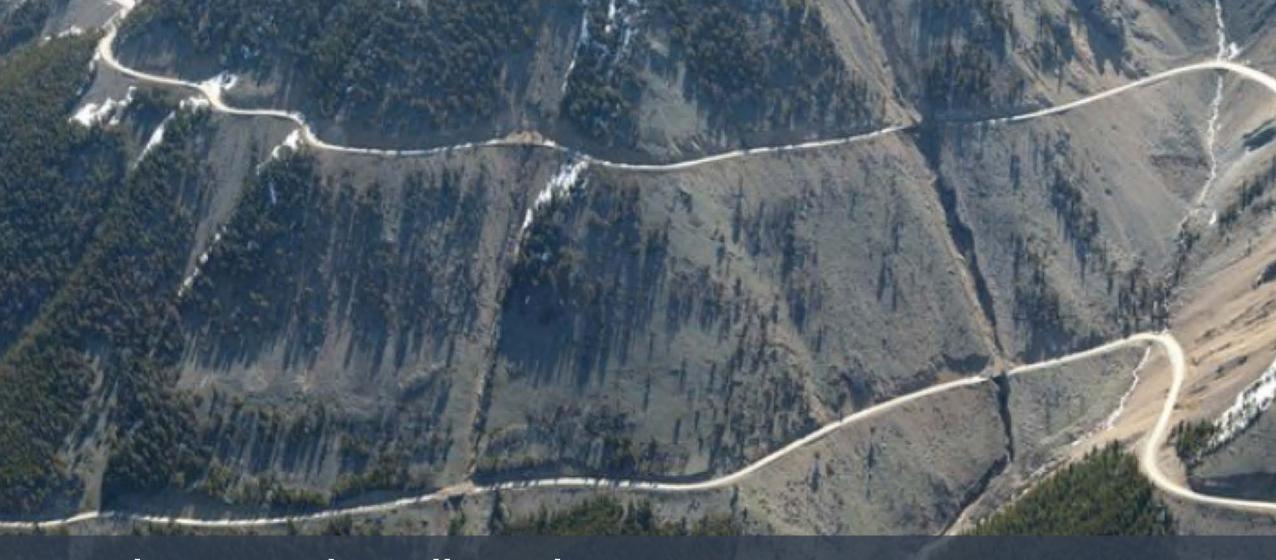
#### **Workshop Slides**

The following slides were prepared by The Urban Collaborative and its content should not be reused or reformatted for any presentation purpose.

## NCPC Master Planning Training



The Urban Collaborative, LLC



#### Facilitator: Mark L. Gillem, PhD, FAIA, FAICP

Principal, The Urban Collaborative, LLC
Professor of Architecture and Landscape Architecture, The University of Oregon
LtCol (ret), USAF Reserves

Objective: Help NCPC and DoD Stakeholders understand respective roles, responsibilities, and opportunities for collaboration.



## Agenda

0800-0830 0830-0840	Coffee & Registration Welcome & Introductions
0040 0055	Part I NCPC's Role in Installation Planning
0840-0855 0855-0900	NCPC Background Working Collaboratively (Part I)
	Part II The DoD's Planning Model
0900-1000 1000-1015	DoD's Process & Products Break
1015-1115	Various Perspectives of DoD Branch Planning
1115-1145	Planning's Future in the DoD
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1345-1400	Developing a Clear Vision
1400-1445	Assessing Existing Conditions
1445-1500	Break
1500-1600	Making Better Bases
1600-1630	Evaluating Plan Proposals
1630-1715	Creating a Useful Regulating Plan
1715-1730	Conclusion 4



# PARTINCPC's Role in Installation Planning

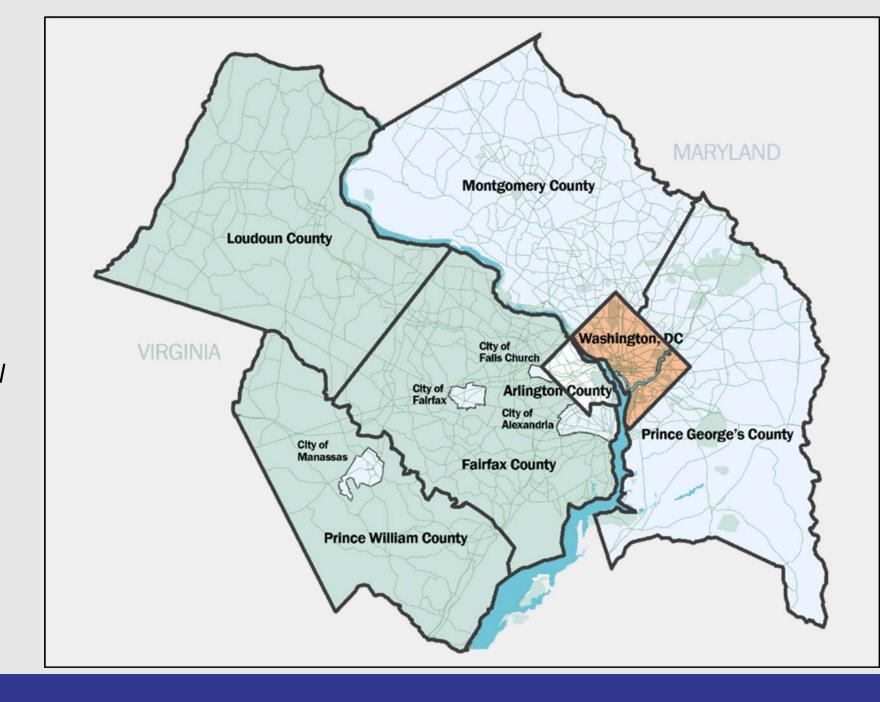


## NCPC Background



#### NCPC's Mission

....to preserve and enhance the extraordinary historical, cultural, and natural resources and federal assets of the National Capital Region; to support the needs of the federal government; and enrich the lives of the region's visitors, workers, and residents.



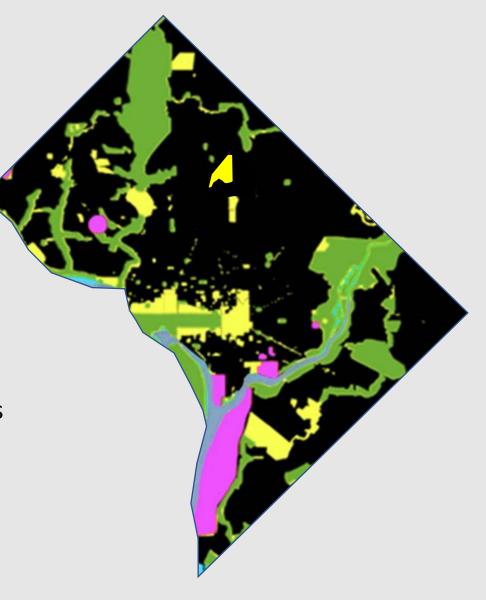
### Washington, DC

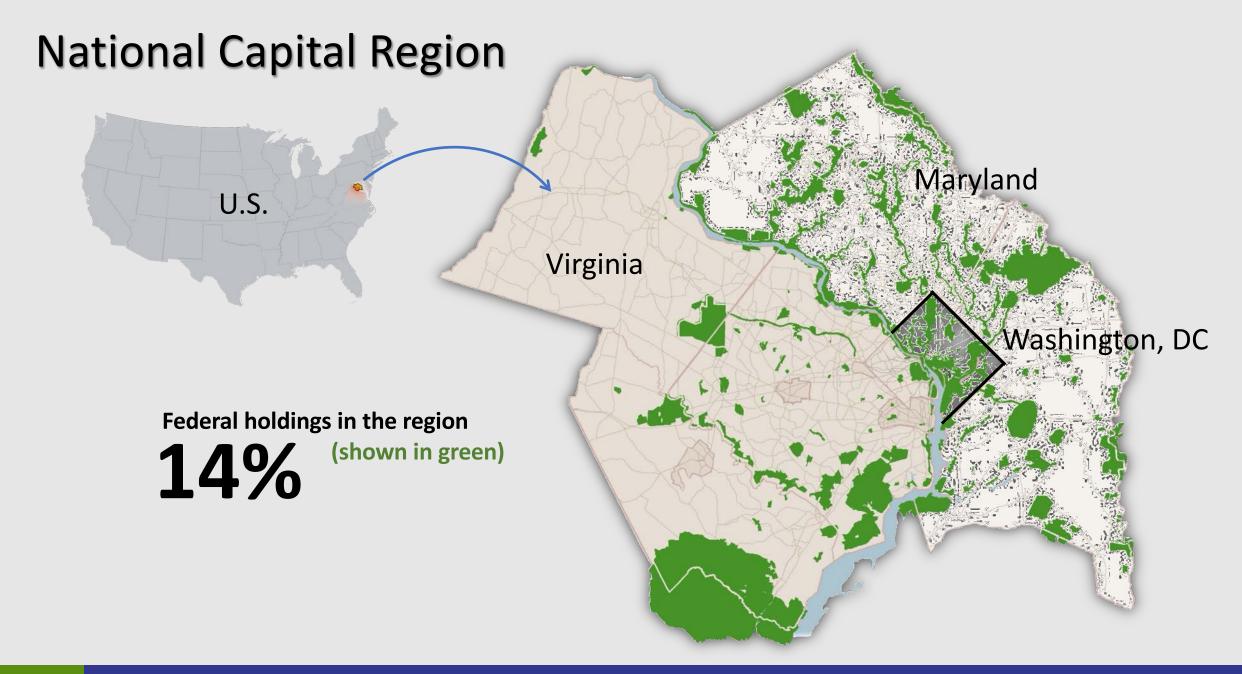
Federal presence in Washington, DC:

29%

#### **Federal holdings**

- Open Space + Parkland
- Department of Defense Facilities
- Federal Buildings and Land





#### National Capital Planning Commission

Meets monthly to adopt, approve, or provide advice on plans and projects.

#### Federal Representatives





**Appointee** (Maryland)



Presidential **Appointee** (Virginia)





U.S. Department of Defense



U.S. Department of Interior



**General Services** Administration

#### District Representatives



U.S. Senate





U.S. House of Representatives



Mayor, District of Columbia



Council of the District of Columbia



Mayoral **Appointee** 



Mayoral Appointee

#### National Capital Planning Commission

#### **Authorities**

- National Capital Planning Act
- Other Congressional legislation (such as the Commemorative Works Act)

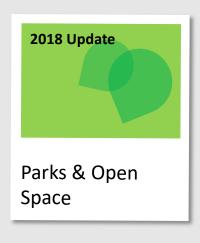
#### Responsibilities

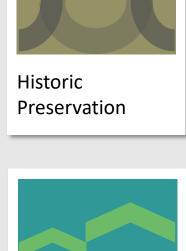
- National Environmental Policy Act
- Section 106 National Historic Preservation Act
- EISA, Section 438



#### Comprehensive Plan for the National Capital: Federal Elements

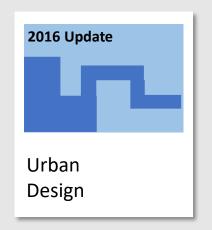
















#### **Urban Design & Plan Review**

Multi-step review of federal development projects, master plans, and commemorative works.

**Concept** Preliminary Final



National Museum of African American History and Culture

#### **Master Plan Review**

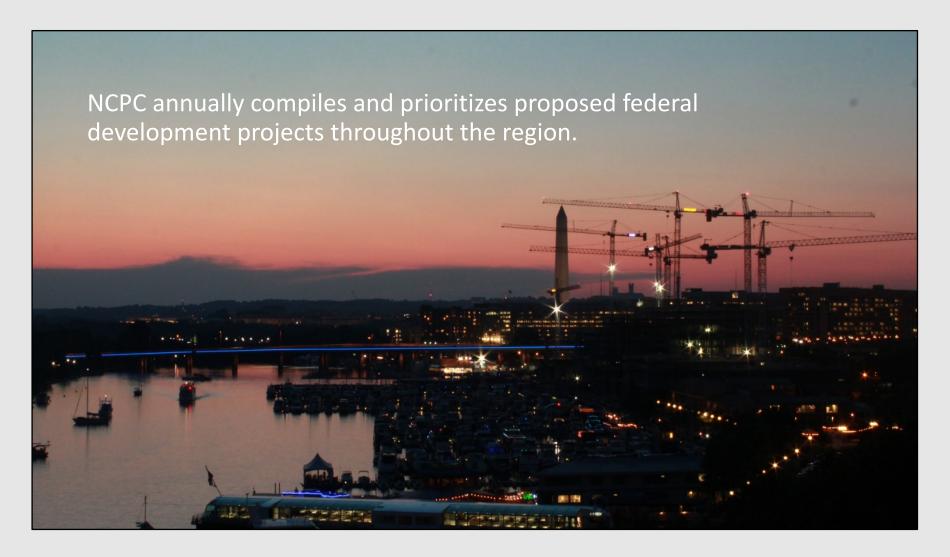
#### **The Pentagon**

- Originally completed in 1943
- 238 acres
- 23,000 employees
- 8,494 employee parking spaces





#### **Federal Capital Improvements Program**



#### **Outreach**





www.ncpc.gov



## Working Collaboratively (Part I)

# What are the challenges to DoD and NCPC collaboration currently?

## What are the benefits of DoD and NCPC collaboration?

### How do we improve DoD and NCPC collaboration?

## How can national planning function(s) be made aware of NCPC?

## How can NCPC's mission be institutionalized amongst new base commanders?

How can DoD master plans be developed to enable easier exclusion of FOUO information during NCPC's review process?



# PARTII The DoD's Planning Model



## The DoD's Process & Products

#### THE PROBLEMS

INEFFICIENT DEVELOPMENT

#### **Auto-focused**



#### **Abundantly Paved**



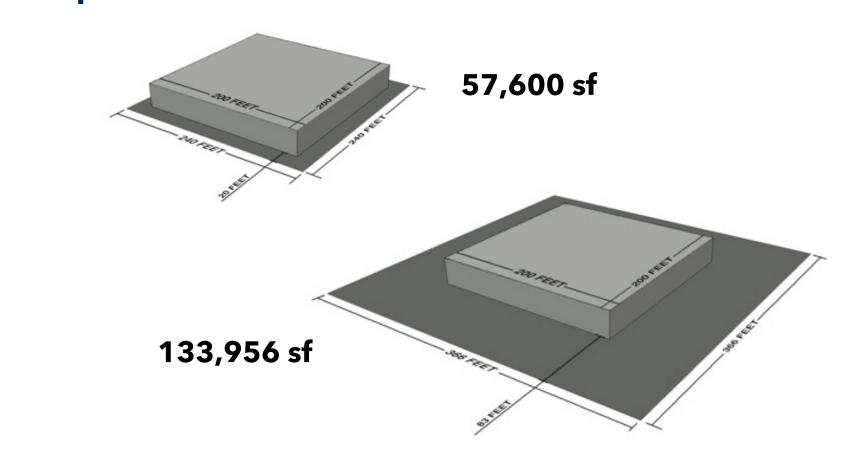
#### Widely Spaced



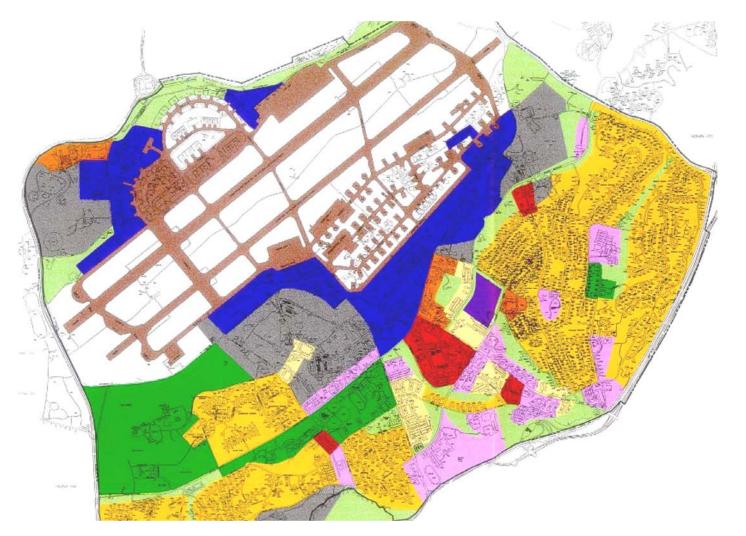
#### **Increasingly Franchised**



#### Impacts of AT/FP Setbacks



#### **Clearly Segregated**



Just look at any base and you'll see the same land use pattern.

- Military Planner

#### **Energy Inefficient**



#### THE COSTS

INEFFICIENT DEVELOPMENT

#### **Excess Costs to the Installation**



Source: Economic and Fiscal Impacts of Alternative Land Use Patterns, by Robert Burchell, Rutgers University

#### **Increased Pollution**



Driving a car is probably a typical citizen's most polluting daily activity.

- EPA

#### **Personal Economics**



#### Land-use



#### THE SOLUTION

IMPLEMENTING UFC 2-100-01 INSTALLATION MASTER PLANNING

#### Overarching Guidance

#### Unified Facilities Criteria 2-100-01: Installation Master Planning (15 May 2012)

- Created with active input from all services
- Establishes 10 key strategies
- Outlines common process and set of products
- Describes evaluation and training approach

#### **FY 2014 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA)**

- Compact and infill development
- Horizontal and vertical mixed-use development
- Full lifecycle costs of planning decisions
- Capacity planning
- Growth boundaries

#### **Installation Energy Plans OSD Memorandum (31 March 2016)**

The Installation Energy Plan should be an integral part of the planning effort

#### **Clear DOD Guidance**

UFC 2-100-01 15 May 2012

#### UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC)

#### **INSTALLATION MASTER PLANNING**



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

#### 10 UFC PLANNING STRATEGIES

#### 1. Sustainable Planning



#### 8 UFC SUSTAINABLE PLANNING TACTICS

#### **Compact Development.**

Installations must conserve their land resources. This can be achieved through...patterns that support an appropriate mix of uses, encourage **walking** and other alternative modes of transportation, accommodate appropriate...densities, and incorporate a more integrated grid network of streets and sidewalks. Installations may have to reconfigure current land use patterns and transportation systems...to create opportunities for future development.



**NSA Monterey** 

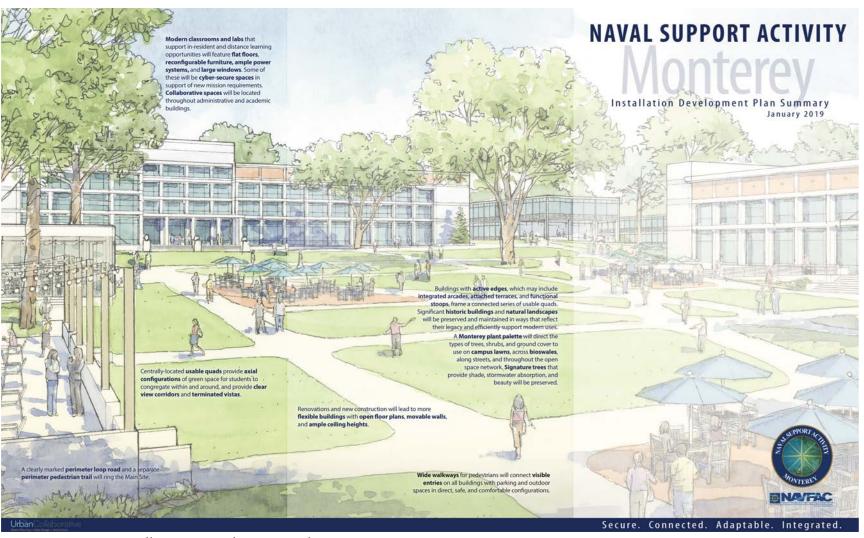


**Infill Development.** To conserve limited land resources, planners will, to the maximum extent possible, **plan development within the installation core** (existing cantonment area) and on previously developed land. **Place buildings or designated open spaces in gaps** between existing developed areas and buildings, while taking care to ensure preservation or addition of greenspace.



#### Low Impact Development.

Required by law and include bioswales, car parks, and on-street parking.



**Transit-Oriented Development.** Development intensity and **density shall be greatest along transit corridors and around the transit stops**. On military bases, such development will typically take the form of **3-5 story buildings for administrative**, commercial, and residential uses.



Buckley AFB Mission Campus Plan

**Horizontal Mixed Use Development.** Planners should consider integrating uses into horizontal mixed-use districts so that people can **walk or bike** from one use to another. Ideally, uses within these districts will be within a **10-minute walking radius** (roughly 2,500 feet). Where appropriate, planners should also **create a campus** or town-like **atmosphere** since these places are tested examples of horizontal mixed-use districts.

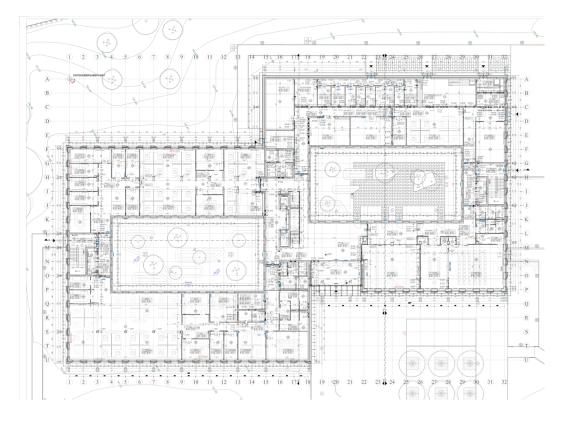


**Multi-Story Buildings.** Planners will specify and designers will plan for multi-story buildings whenever possible. Land efficiency improves with multi-story construction and can be justified, even with progressive collapse requirements, when balanced against the cost of land and utilities required to serve multiple buildings. If needed, planners and programmers should **combine multiple users into multi-story buildings**.



Joint Base Langley-Eustis ISR Campus

**Building Orientation and Configuration.** Buildings...with footprint elements of approximately 50 feet or less (wings, central courtyards, etc.) can allow natural light deep into the building, which...reduces energy consumption. Narrow buildings with operable windows also allow natural ventilation to effectively flow through the interiors, which can reduce energy costs associated with air conditioning. When laying out building footprints on Illustrative Plans, planners should generally use **building footprints no wider than 50 feet.** 







USAG Weisbaden USACE Building

**Sustainable Landscape Elements.** Planners will ensure that plans incorporate appropriate use of **street trees, shrubs and ground cover**. Regularly spaced street trees shall be incorporated (25′-30′ on center) on roadways to improve pedestrian safety by slowing vehicle traffic; provide shade for paving, vehicles, and pedestrians; and shade buildings, which can reduce energy consumption.



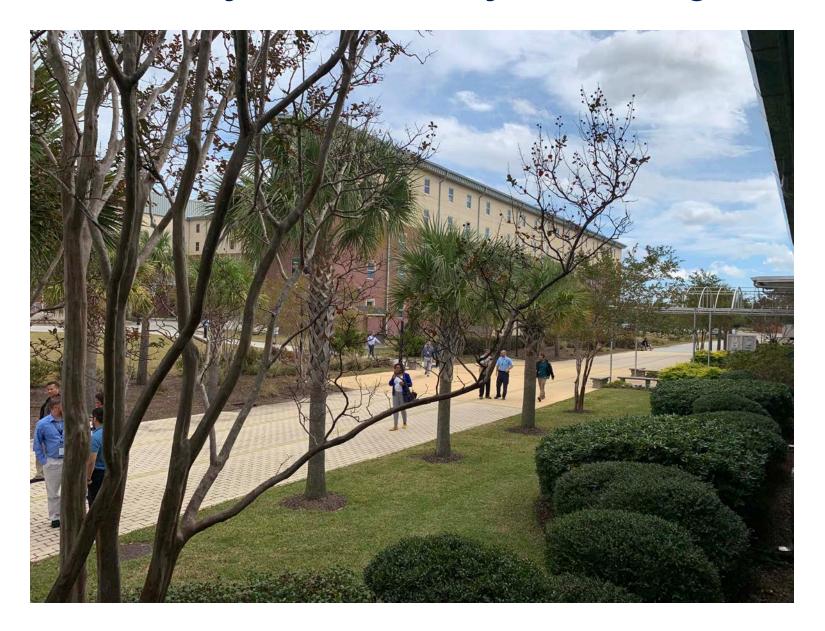
#### 2. Resource Preservation



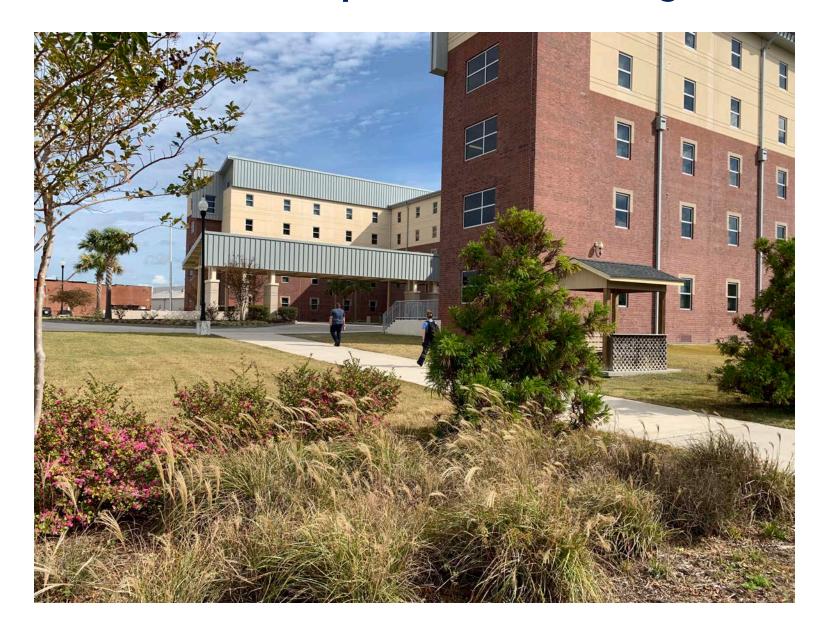
#### 3. Defensible Planning



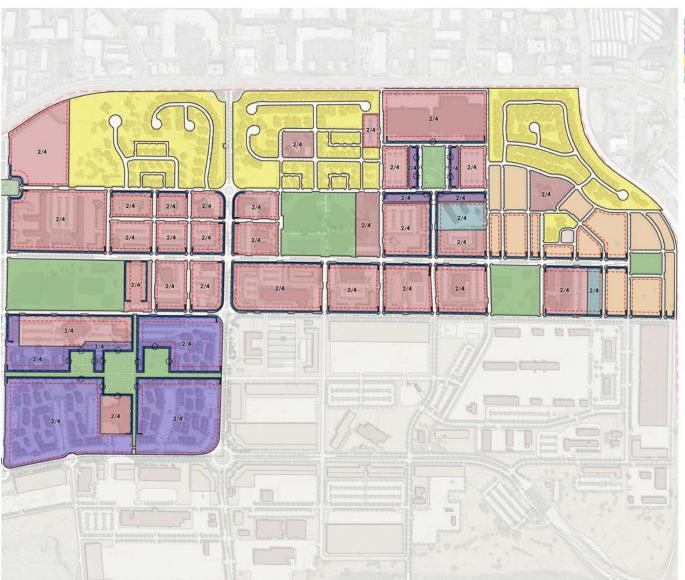
#### 4. Healthy Community Planning



# 5. Area Development Planning



# 6. Form-Based Planning



Legend
Industrial Building Standard Campus Building Standard Mixed-Use Building Standard Barracks Standard Family Housing Standard Flexible Use Standard Parks / Open Space Areas **Buildable Area Boundary** Required Build-To Line (RBL) Parking Zone

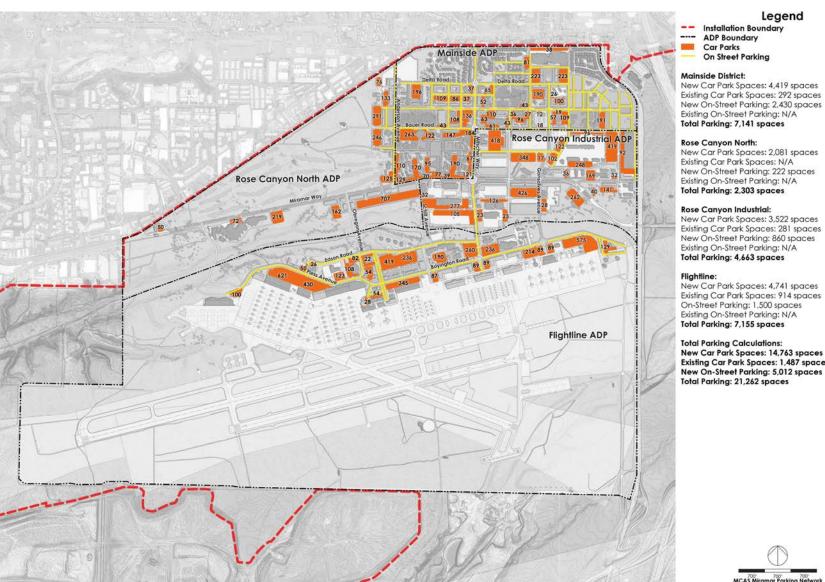
--- Required Entry Zone Required Entry Location

1/2 Minimum/Maximum Building Heights

- 1. Refer to the Street Standards for detailed street information. (Reference Area Development Plans.)
- 2. Refer to the Building Standards for detailed building information. (Reference Area Development Plans.)
- 3. Recreation areas shall be used solely for programmed recreation activities, shared quads, or parks.
- 4. Unregulated areas shall be permanently designated as open space.
- 5. Numerical designation in each buildable area refers to minimum and maximum allowable number of floors.
- 6. Building heights must comply with regulation for airfield Imaginary surfaces.
- 7. Flex use standards will be 2-4 levels.



## 7. Network Planning



New Car Park Spaces: 4,419 spaces Existing Car Park Spaces: 292 spaces New On-Street Parking: 2,430 spaces

New Car Park Spaces: 2,081 spaces New On-Street Parking: 222 spaces

New Car Park Spaces: 3,522 spaces Existing Car Park Spaces: 281 spaces New On-Street Parking: 860 spaces

New Car Park Spaces: 4,741 spaces Existing Car Park Spaces: 914 spaces

Existing Car Park Spaces: 1,487 spaces New On-Street Parking: 5,012 spaces



# 8. Capacity Planning



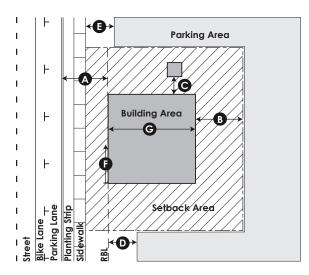
### Envisioning a Pedestrian Oriented Lifestyle Center:

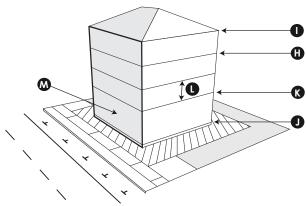
Replace parking with a lifestyle center green surrounded by nearby housing and mixeduse buildings lays the foundation for a new lifestyle center. The introduction of trees, shade trees and community amenities will support a variety activities within the lifestyle center.



**Existing Conditions** 

### 9. Facility Standardization





### Parking

Max. 3 spaces per 1,000sf of floor space

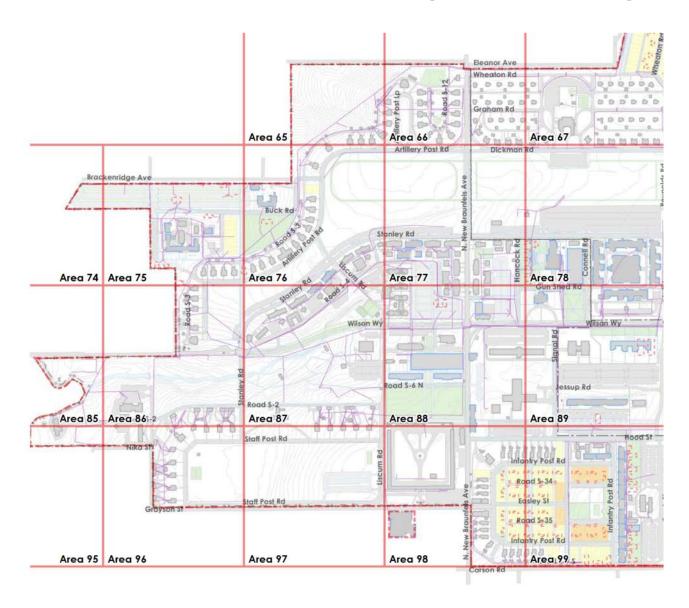
Trees shall be planted such that 70% of parking area will be shaded within 15 years If access is controlled, government vehicle parking is not subject to setbacks

Parking drive width shall be a maximum of 15' per lane

Use		
Ground Floor	Admin, Laboratory, Commercial	
Upper Floor(s)	Admin, Laboratory, Commercial	
Placement	_	
RBL setback from roads/parking	11 m	A
Setback from roads/parking	11 m	В
Setback from other buildings	any	G
Parking setback from RBL	15 m	O
Parking setback no RBL	7 m	G
Shape		
Primary street built to RBL	70% min.	G
Building width	50' max.	G
Height		
Minimum number of floors	Refer to regulating plan	0
Maximum number of floors	Refer to regulating plan	0
Finish ground floor level	18" min. above sidewalk	0
First floor ceiling height	12' min. clear, 20' max.	K
Floor-to-floor height	14' max.	Q
Fenestration		
Percent of facade area	40%-90%	M
Notes		

- Corner lot street facades must be built to RBL within 30' of street corner
- Setback from roadways and other buildings must conform to minimum current anti-terrorism/force protection guidance
- Where no RBL is designated, a building may occupy any portion of the site within the buildable area boundary
- Primary entries must occur where designated on the regulating plan
- Loading docks, overhead doors, and other service entries may not be located on RBLs
- Buildings shall be divided into bays not exceeding 50' in length: bays may be articulated using plane changes (+/-6" min.), material changes, window rhythm, etc.
- Double-loaded corridors shall not exceed 200' in length
- Blank lengths of wall exceeding 15' are prohibited on RBLs
- All windows shall be operable, with the exception of clerestory and storefront
- Balconies, bay windows, arcades, etc. can encroach up to 2' beyond RBL
- Roof pitches of 4:12 to 8:12 are allowable
- South-facing windows shall be shaded from summer sun (overhangs, recesses, etc.)
- Designer shall incorporate sustainability strategies to include light shelves, clerestory windows, and maximum glazing areas

# 10. Plan-Based Programming





# Visual Preference Survey

Rate each image on a scale of +10 (something to emulate) to -10 (something to avoid)











































# Various Perspectives of DoD Branch Planning



# **Kathryn Haught**

Army, Deputy Chief of Staff Installations, G-9

# Master Planning Policy for the Army

Kathryn Haught
Office of the DCS, G-9



### 10 U.S. CODE § 2864 – MASTER PLANS FOR MILITARY INSTALLATIONS

- The 2013 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) required that major military installations maintain an installation Master Plan that addresses:
  - > environmental planning,
  - > sustainable design and development,
  - > sustainable range planning,
  - > real property master planning,
  - > and transportation planning including a transportation component.
- The 2014 NDAA amended this language to require that installations address UFC 2-100-01 planning strategies, including:
  - planning for compact and infill development;
  - horizontal and vertical mixed-use development
  - > the full lifecycle costs of real property planning decisions
  - > capacity planning through the establishment of growth boundaries around cantonment
- The 2018 NDAA amended the language to include consideration for climate effects.

### Other Federal Level Statutes and Guidance

10 USC 2802, Flood Risk Disclosure for Military Construction

**National Environmental Policy Act** 

**National Capital Planning Act** 

**32 Code of Federal Regulations 651** 

**Energy and Information Security Act (EISA), 2007** 

**EO 11988, Floodplain Management** 



### **OSD** Guidance

### Memorandum, 28 May 13, OSD states:

- Incorporate sustainability, resource management, transportation alternatives, defensibility, area and network planning, form based planning and local and regional coordination.
- All land use, development and real estate actions on an installation shall conform to its master plan
- Establish installation planning boards to review and endorse master plans, which shall be approved by a command above the installation level no less frequently than every 5 years.
- Maintain a comprehensive list of all installation master plans and completion dates.
- Key personnel should have 32 hours of training biannally and installation commanders should have at least 4 hours.
- All master plans should be IAW this policy NLT 1 Oct 18
- DUSD I&E shall establish metrics.



### **Army Facility Investment Strategy**

Provide sufficient facilities to meet mission requirements at the least cost with acceptable quality and quantity

- Sustain Required Facilities
- Dispose of Excess Facilities
- Improve Existing Facility Quality
- ➤ Build-out Critical Facility Shortfalls
- Must adjust the mindset:
  - Contraction rather than expansion
  - Fix existing rather than build new



### Facility Investment Objectives

- •Effect more efficient space management to Army standards
- •Fix worst enduring facilities first as priority O&M R&M projects
- •Maximize facility sustainment funding with a focus on preventive maintenance
- Dispose/mothball excess facilities and infrastructure
- Improve reliability and reduce costs of energy/utilities systems
- Eliminate World War II wood facilities
- Reduce costly property, facility, and housing leases
- Reduce temporary and relocatable facilities
- Build out only the most critical facility shortfalls as MILCON projects
- Update analysis to reflect importance of optimizing installation real property resources and capabilities.
- Use Master Planning process (including NEPA compliance) to assess possible impact from Army force management actions.
- Analyze existing capacity on installations to determine true excess and identify repurposing opportunities.



### **Contact Information**

### **Kathryn Haught**

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Management

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Washington, DC 20310

Phone: 571-256-1183

Email: Kathryn.j.haught.civ@mail.mil



# **Amy Vandeveer**

Air Force Civil Engineer Center

## Headquarters U.S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellence

# NCPC and DoD Master Planning Workshop AF Update

23 Jan 19



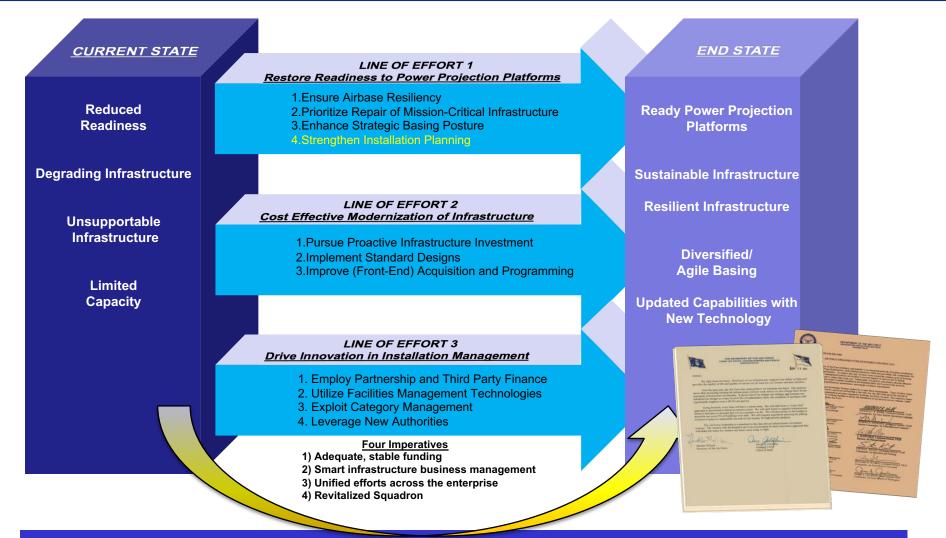


## **Overview**

- *I2S* and *Integrated Installation Planning* AFI Update
- Comprehensive Planning Platform
  - District Plans
  - Installation Energy Plans
- Interim Severe Weather and Climate Hazard Screening and Risk Assessment Playbook
- Career Field Education and Training Plan for 0020s



## Infrastructure Investment Strategy (I2S)



"The Air Force leadership is committed to this data driven infrastructure investment strategy" which drives changes in approach to leverage the required increase in resourcing

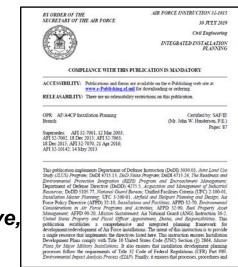


## AFI 32-1015

### Integrated Installation Planning

<u>SecAF Publications Reduction Initiative</u>: Planning AFIs combined into AFI 32-1015 (published Jul 19):

- AFI 32-7061, Environmental Impact Analysis Process
- AFI 32-7062, Comprehensive Planning
- AFI 32-7063, Air Installation Compatible Use Zone Program
- AFI 32-7070, Air Force Noise Program
- AFI 32-10142, Facilities Board
- Vision: "Adaptive, resilient, right-sized and fiscally sustainable installations that are defensible, sustainable, healthy, innovative, cost-effective, and provide world-class warfighting capability"
- Updates roles and responsibilities for AF planners to include previously "invisible tasks"
- Updates AF IDP requirements for consistency with current law and clarifies requirements – updates in CPP for consistency pending
  - Comprehensive Planning Platform is host for the AF's future "living" IDPs





## Comprehensive Planning Platform

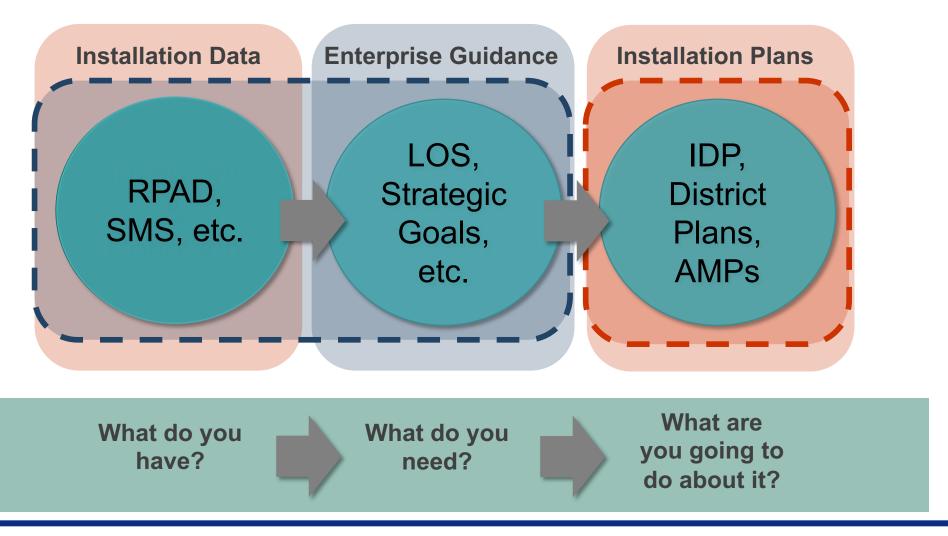
Vision: Bridge the gap between the plan and execution

**Mission:** The CPP is a CE Enterprise solution that enables installations to make investment decisions based on asset management principles, strategic guidance, and data through a repeatable planning process

- Digitally integrates the IDP, Component Plans, & AMPs strengthens installation planning & operationalizes asset management
- Responsive to changes at the installation and enterprise by allowing for continuous update - strengthens installation planning

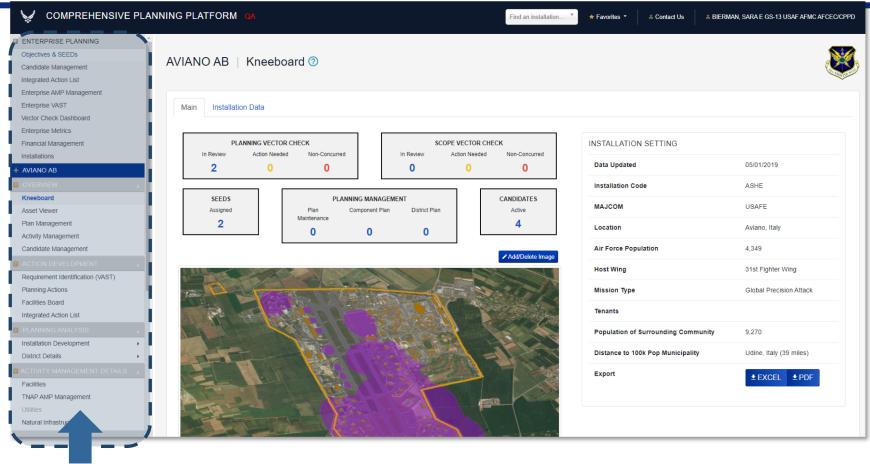


## Planning and Asset Management





## Digitally Integrated Plans



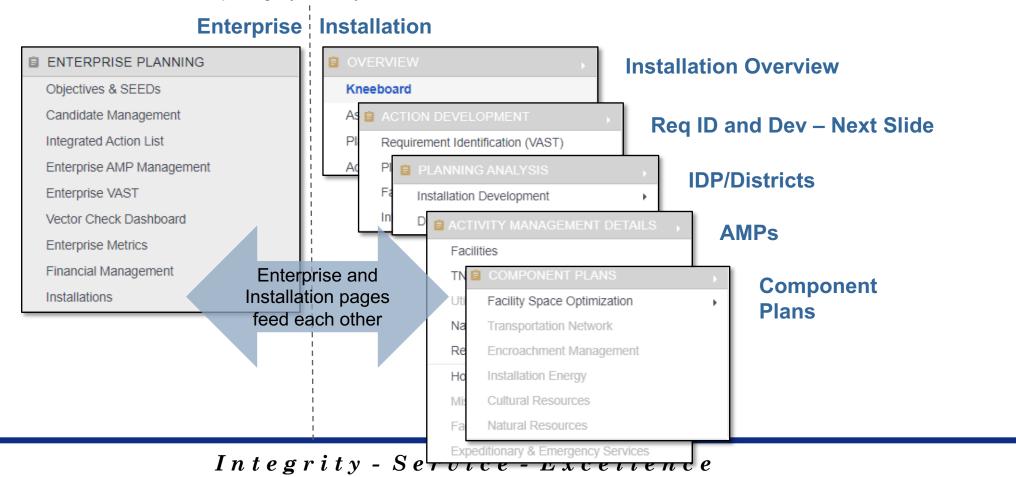
Includes Enterprise and Installation-specific pages



## Digitally Integrated Plans

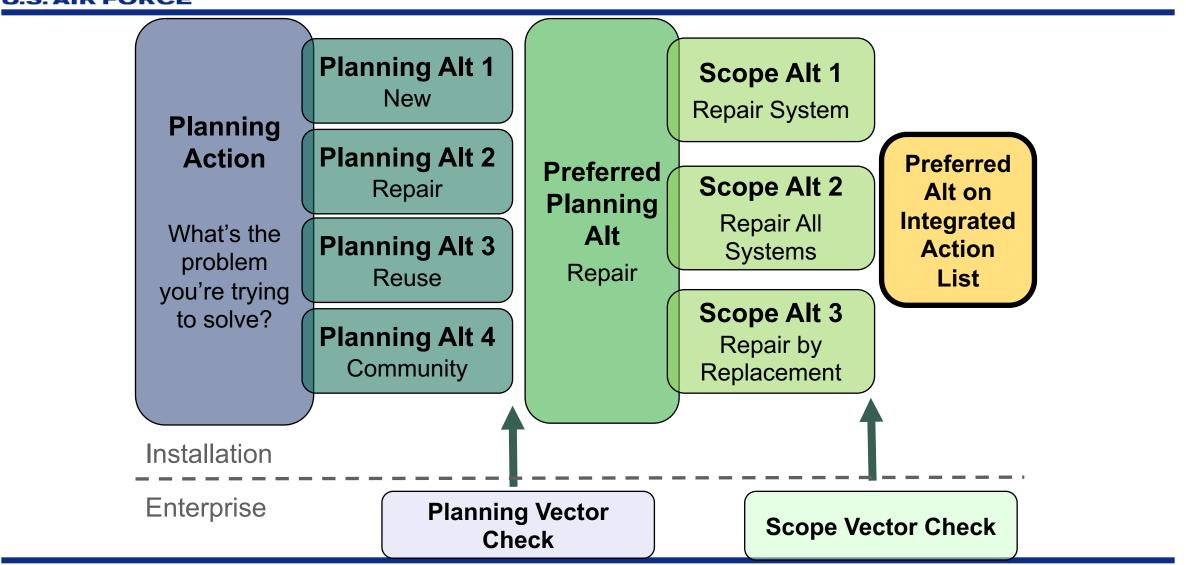
#### Organization

- One set of Enterprise pages
- Each installation has same set of pages updated with their unique info/plan
- Black text is developed; grey is not yet built in the CPP





## Repeatable Planning Process



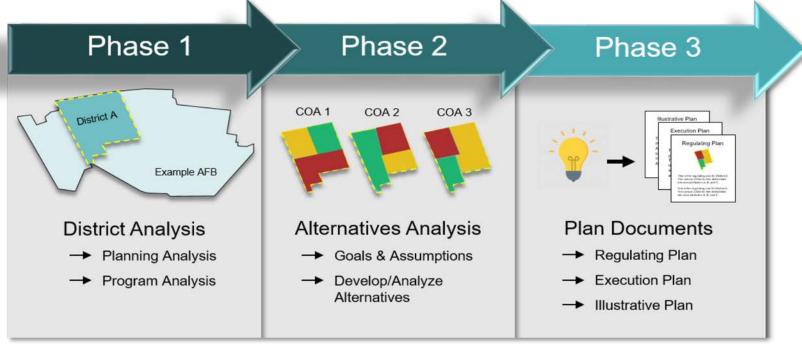


## **District Plans**

- Installation Development planning foundation
  - Planning in detail at a manageable scale
  - Detail not repeated in installation-level plan
- Starts with Asset Management and validated customer requirements
  - Leverages existing inventory for best life-cycle decisions
- Develops framework for continued plan implementation
  - Recognition of continuous requirement identification
  - Strengthens review of alternatives for NEPA/Econ Analysis
- Incorporated into to Comprehensive Planning Platform
  - Planning Actions: Bridge gap from plan to reality
  - Leverage information in Component Plans; no double tap



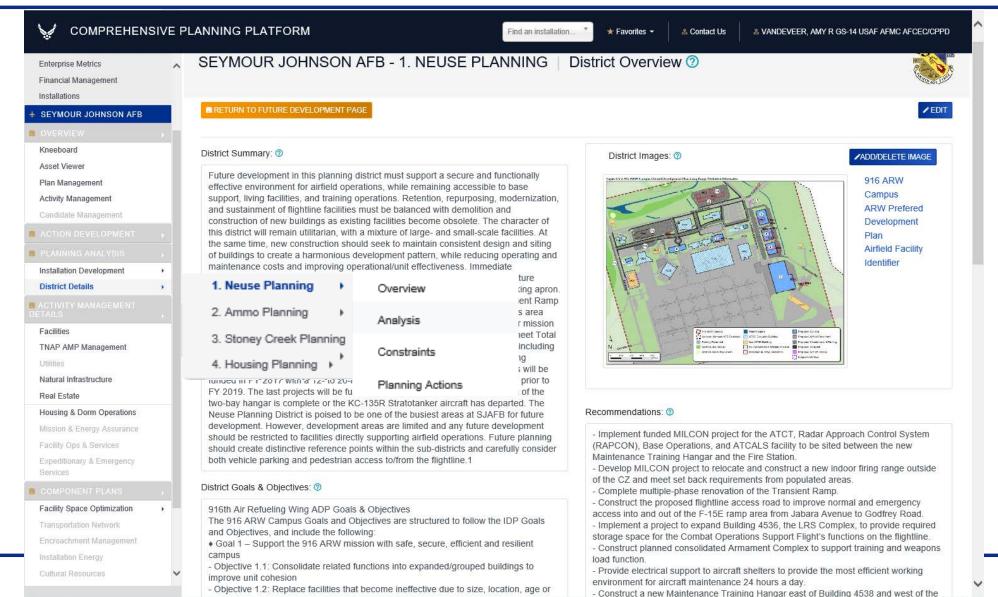
### District Plan



- Planning Analysis: Collect, analyze, & document data into a complete framework to control & future development within the District
- Program Analysis: Mission owners & asset managers identify & prioritize facility requirements for future investments
- Alternatives Analysis: Includes analysis of Status Quo



## District Plan



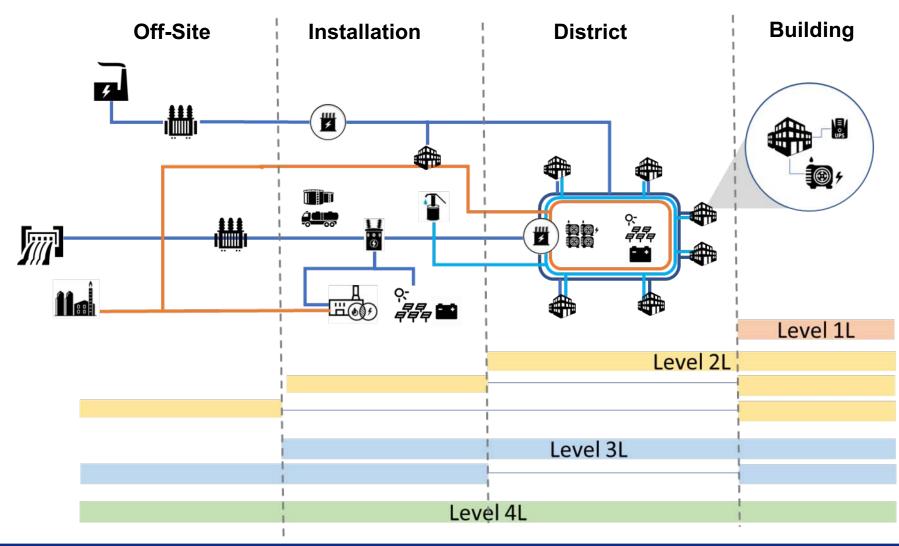


## Installation Energy Plans

- Develop a standardized framework for all AF installations
  - 7 pilot installations
- Goal: Meet current & future demands to achieve mission assurance through energy assurance while integrating cybersecurity requirements into planning strategies by asking the following:
  - Where are you now? (Baseline)
  - What do you need to protect? (Requirements)
  - How do you protect the mission? (Strategies)
  - What are alternatives? (scenario development)
  - How to make that happen? (the road map)
  - How do you communicate the plan? integration with the Installation Development Plan (IDP)
- Priority installations for Mission Assurance completed first FY22
- IEPs for all bases FY24



## Layers of Resiliency





## Installation Energy

## Resiliency Dashboard

#### **INSTALLATION ENERGY RESILIENCY DASHBOARD**

#### **EXAMPLE AIR FORCE INSTALLATION Existing Conditions** Installation Threat Probability R5A R1A Cyber-Attack R<sub>5</sub>B R1B Flood In Hurricane R2A R4A Earthquake RESPONSE R4B R<sub>2</sub>B Utility Blackout R<sub>3</sub>B R3A Low Medium RESOURCEFULNESS Rating Scale Weak Strong 100

#### RESILIENT ENERGY + WATER PERFORMANCE

#### **R1 ROBUSTNESS**

How robust are the energy+water systems on installation?
R1A Cybersecurity of Energy Systems
R1B Physical Hardening / Protection of Critical Assets

#### R2 REDUNDANCY

Are there redundant systems and alternate sources to avoid single points of failure?

R2A Single Points of Failure in Energy + Water Systems

R2B Energy & Water Source Diversity

#### R3 RESOURCEFULNESS

Is energy efficiently managed and delivered?
R3A Energy & Water Intensity (Demand) Reduction
R3B Energy & Water O&M Manpower & Skillsets

#### **R4 RESPONSE**

Is the Installation prepared to respond to emergency/disruptive event?

R4A Emergency Management Protocols for Energy+Water Systems

R4B Critical Loads with Island / Backup Mode Operations

#### **R5 RECOVERY**

How long can critical mission functions be sustained in emergency mode?

R5A Critical Loads Sustainment Capacity (Fuel/Energy+Water Storage)

R5B Reliability of Emergency Energy & Water Systems & Operations



# Interim Severe Weather and Climate Hazard Screening and Risk Assessment Playbook

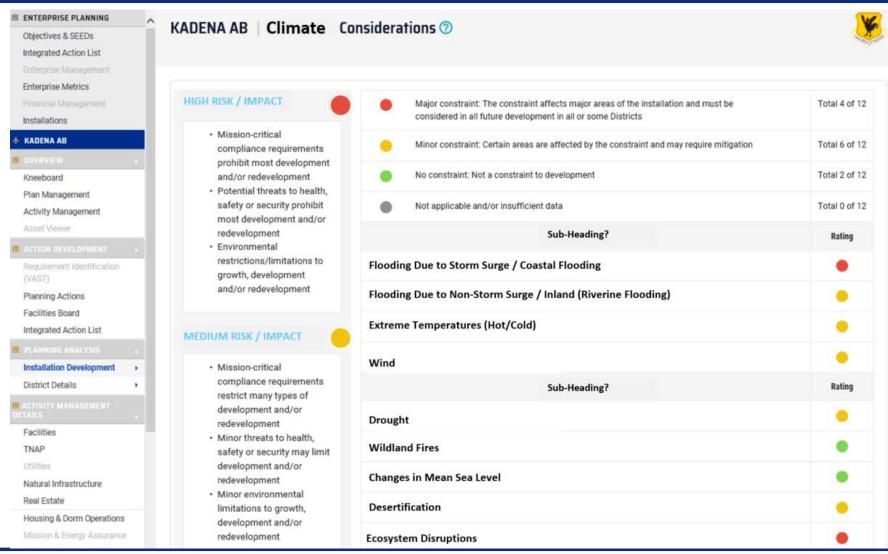
- FY20 NDAA language requires Military Installation Resilience Plans
- Developing interim guidance for bases to screen for/assess current and future risk
  - Weather/Climate Phenomenon: Storm/non-storm surge flooding,
     Hurricane/Typhoons, High Winds/Tornados, Extreme cold/heat, wildfires etc.
  - Climate Projections: Sea level, precipitation, temperature change projections
- Interim Playbook will explain "how to" complete the screening/assessments, using the existing AF Risk Matrix, and suggest follow-on actions
- Longer term action needed for full implementation: build on IEPs or separate Installation Resiliency Component Plan?



#### AFI 90-802 Risk Matrix Probability Risk Assessment Frequency of Occurrence Over Time Occasional Matrix (Will occur several (Unlikely; can be Catastrophic (Death Loss of Asset Missio Capability, or Unit Readiness) (Severe Injury or Damage, (Minor Injury or Damage, Negligible (Minimal Injury or Damage, **Risk Assessment Levels:** L-Low

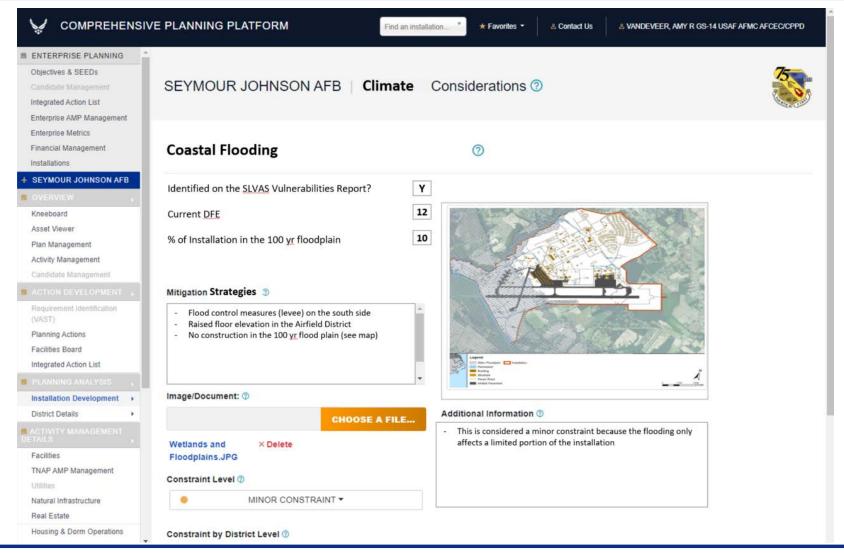


# Interim Severe Weather and Climate Hazard Screening and Risk Assessment Playbook





# Interim Severe Weather and Climate Hazard Screening and Risk Assessment Playbook





## Career Field Education and Training Plan

- Master Planning Training Memo signed by A4C-2 Feb 2019
- Why: In 2018 OSD directed the USAF to report on AF planner competency (32 hours of training biennially) at annual Program Objective Memorandum briefing
- Infrastructure Investment Strategy Objective to "Strengthen Installation Planning"
  - Properly trained planners "foundational to successful implementation of Installation **Development Plans**"
  - Planners report training 2x a year on sharepoint site
- Goal to publish Career Field Education and Training Plan for 0020s in Feb 20
  - Clearly defined career development plan for 0020s competencies and job opportunities
  - Defines education and training opportunities



HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES AIR FUNCE. WASHINGTON, DC

MEMORANDUM FOR ALMAJCOM/A40 ANG/A4A

1260 Air Force Pentagor Washington DC 20330

SUBJECT: Interim Master Planning Training Memorandum

The Air Force Infrastructure Investment Strategy includes an objective to Strengthen Installation Planning, to ensure that Installation Development Plans (IDP) align infrastructur requirements and investments with the National Defense Strategy. Requirements for IDPs are outlined in the Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC) 2-100-01, Installation Master Planning.

Properly trained planners are foundational to successful implementation of IDPs. Th Office of the Secretary of Defense has directed the United States Air Force (USAF) to provide training for planning personnel and develop a method to report on planner competency, defined as 32 hours of training biennially, during annual Program Objective Memorandum briefings. This Memorandum formally implements that direction for USAF personnel as described below

This memorandum applies to headquarters personnel serving in planning positions or supporting installation planning, and Community Planners, described in Air Force Instruction 32-7062, Comprehensive Planning (usually in the Civil Engineer career field, series 0020).

This memorandum does not apply to military personnel, interns, supervisors of planners those serving as community liaisons, planners in career broadening positions, or local national and contractor personnel when existing agreements or performance work statements don't require training. Local National and Base Operations Support contracted employees shall report training only if required in existing agreements or performance work statements.

No later than 31 Jan 19 AFIMSC, AFRC and ANG should develop interim procedures to track training (e.g. the CE DASH Sharepoint Tools Function or similar). Longer term, other tools will be considered to collect data (e.g. the Civilian Personnel website, Manage Control Toolset (MICT), etc.). Training shall be reported by 15 Jul 19 and 15 Jan 20.

Planners shall report at minimum their status as Active. Guard, or Reserve, the base and command name, trainee's name, and number of hours of training completed. Planners may report

currency of American Institute of Certified Planners accreditation in lieu of training hours. Note: planners should also track completed training in their individual training records

Training opportunities for master planning support personnel are attached. Questions regarding this memorandum may be directed to Laura Yates at laura.e.yates4.civ@mail.mil.

> Nancy Q. Lalkus NANCY LEALKUS, P.E., SES Deputy Director of Civil Engineer



## Questions?



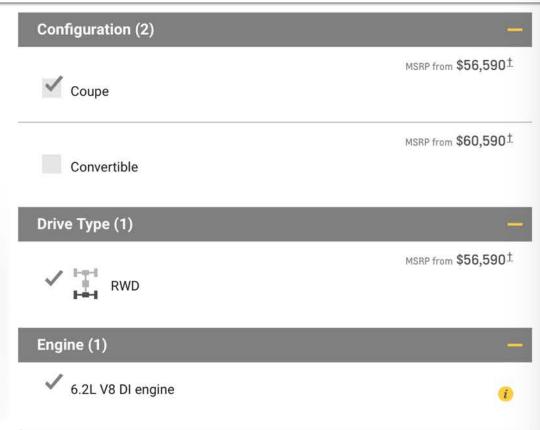
## 12S for Planners

- Strengthen Installation Planning
  - Align infrastructure requirements & investments with the National Defense Strategy (NDS)
  - Optimize use/re-use of existing facilities
  - Offset new construction growth
  - Divest failing & underutilized facilities
- Planning Adjacent
  - Ensure Airbase Resiliency Installations are able to protect, respond, and recover from disruptions that degrade operations – survivability, resiliency, and redundancy
- <u>End-state</u>: Adaptive, resilient, right-sized and fiscally sustainable infrastructure to assure combat readiness, lethality, and Airmen resilience



# Planning's Future in the DoD











The 3LT trim level provides the ultimate sport experience and luxury, featuring a leather-wrapped color-keyed interior. 3LT includes everything found in the 2LT plus:

- · Custom leather-wrapped interior (information panel, door panels, center console cover and seats)
- · Sueded microfiber upper interior trim
- Performance Data Recorder (optional on 1LT/2LT)
- · Napa leather seating surfaces

More



MSRP from \$71,335<sup>±</sup>



#### 3LT WITH Z51 PERFORMANCE PACKAGE

The Z51 3LT includes all the features of the 3LT plus the Z51 Performance Package:

- · Dry sump oil system
- · Electronic Limited-Slip Differential
- Larger front brakes (13.6 inch vs. 12.6 inch) with black calipers
- · Specific shocks, springs and stabilizer bars

More

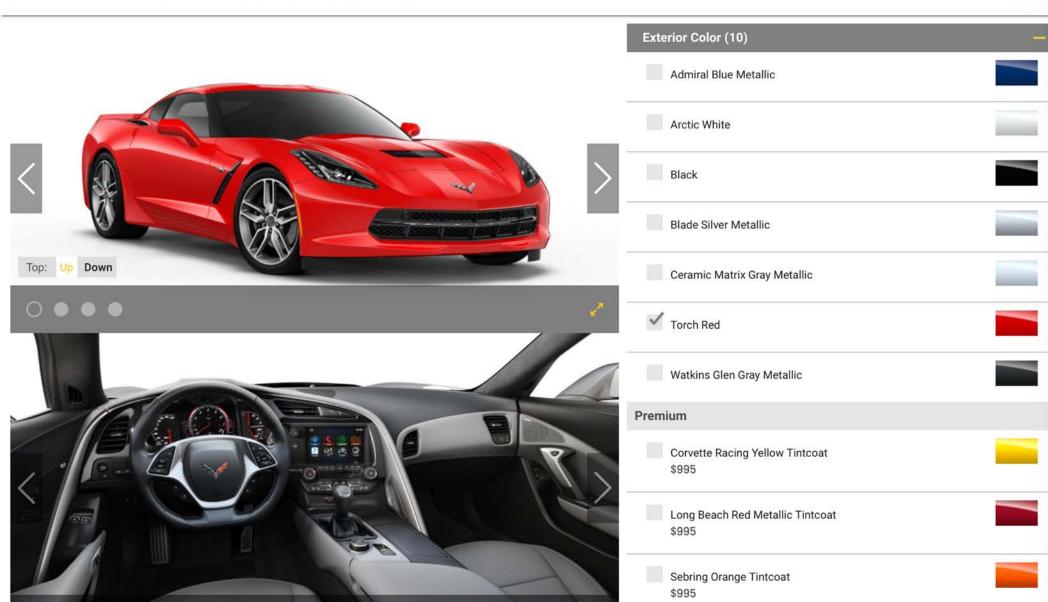


#### Compare Trims

**Next Step: Colors** 

©2018 General Motors

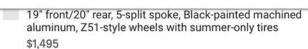
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Down

 $\circ \bullet \bullet \bullet$ 







19" front/20" rear, 5-split spoke, Black-painted with Yellow stripe, aluminum, Z51-style wheels with summeronly tires \$1,495



19" front/20" rear, 5-split spoke, Satin Black-painted with Red stripe, aluminum, Z51-style wheels with summeronly tires \$1,495



19" front/20" rear, Torque directional Silver-painted aluminum wheels with summer-only tires \$1,495



19" front/20" rear, Torque directional chrome aluminum wheels with summer-only tires \$2,495



19" front/20" rear, Motorsports polished aluminum wheels with summer-only tires \$1,995



19" front/20" rear, Motorsports Black-painted aluminum wheels with summer-only tires \$1,495



#### Mechanical Options (6)



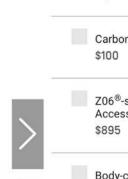
7-speed manual transmission with Active Rev Matching

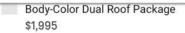




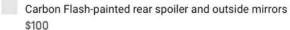


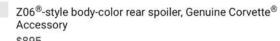














Body-color wing rear spoiler, Genuine Corvette® Accessory



Z06®-style Carbon Flash spoiler, Genuine Corvette® Accessory \$1,095



Wicker bill, Genuine Corvette® Accessory



Carbon Flash-Painted Ground Effects Package \$2,995



Body-Color Carbon Fiber Ground Effects, Genuine Corvette® Accessory \$3,295



Visible Carbon Fiber Ground Effects, Genuine Corvette® Accessory \$4,295







The future of planning, while hard to predict, will include a conflict between all that we need and want and what little we can afford.

So what do we **truly need**?

And what do we **ideally want**?

But what can we **realistically afford**?

## **Three Areas of Focus**

Visualization



Execution



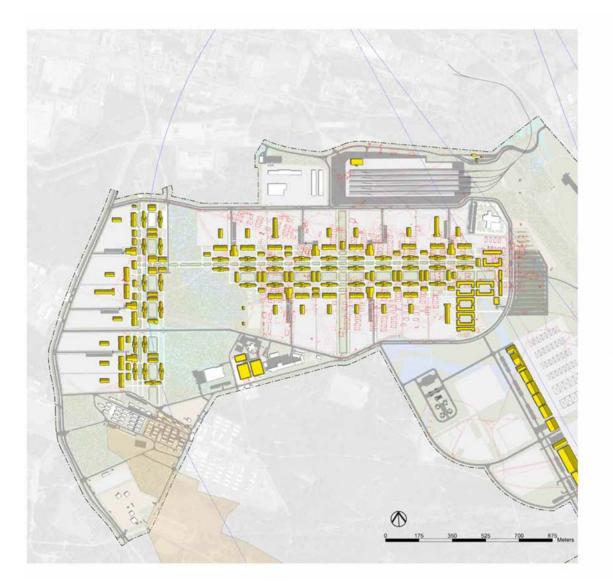
Management



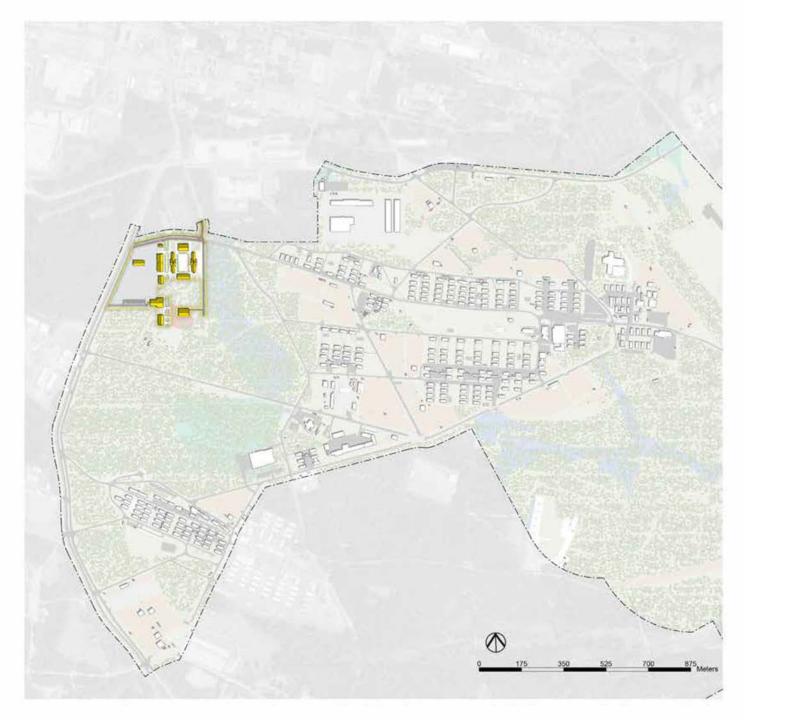




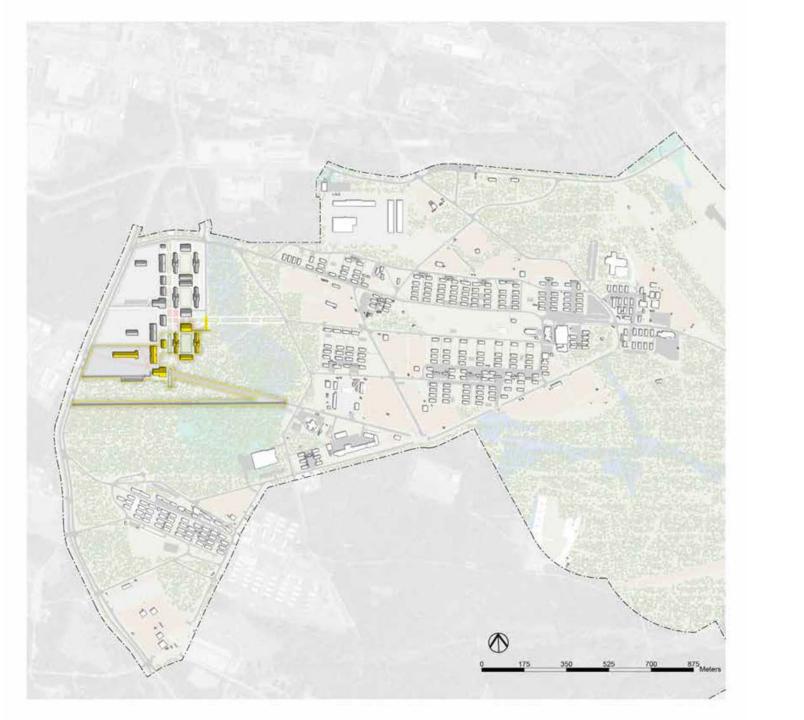
## **Area Development Execution Plans**



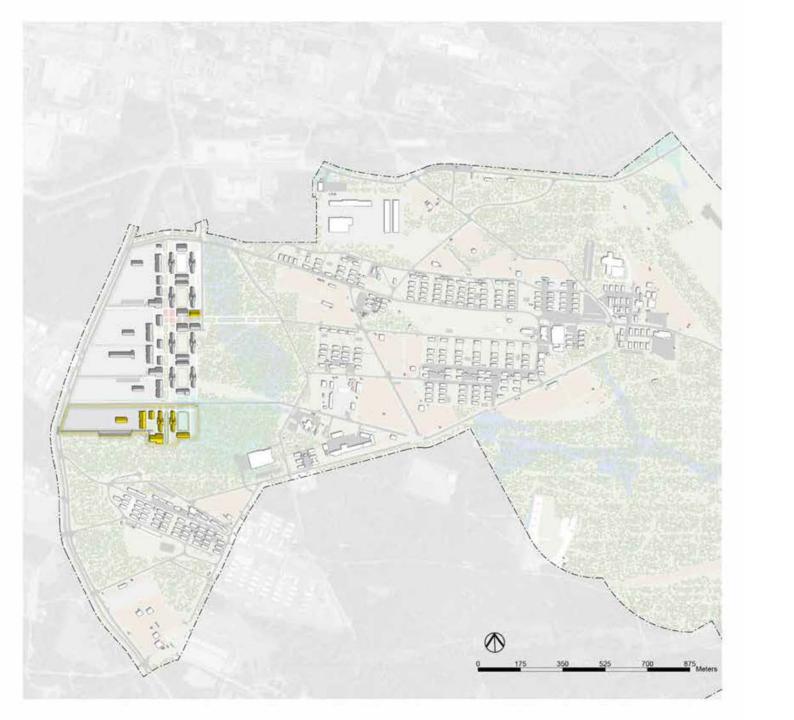


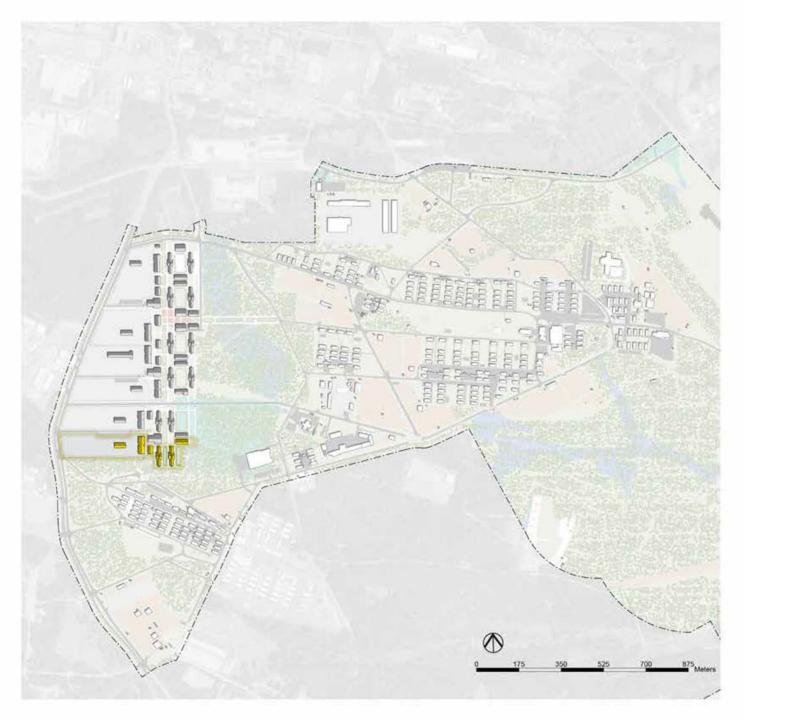


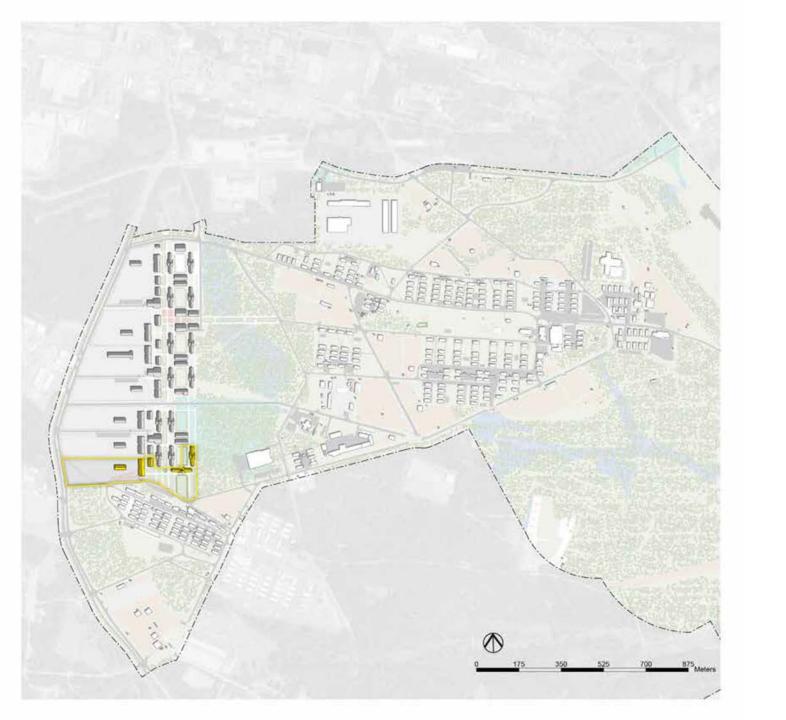












### **GRAPHIC LEGEND**

Step Boundary - ADP
Step Boundary
Active AT/FP Barrier
- 25m AT/FP Setback
Demolition
Proposed Building
Building in Previous Phase
Existing Building
Demolished Building
Asphalt
Concrete
Gravel
Sidewalk
Contaminated Soil

### PROJECT LOCATOR

· · Fence



Floodplain Wetlands

Proposed Tree Location

### **GRAPHIC LEGEND**

Utility - Communications
Utility - Electrical
Utility - Heat
Utility - Potable Water / Fire Suppression
Utility - Wastewater

Utility - Stormwater
Utility - Gas

Thin, solid lines represent existing utilities/utilities installed in a previous step. Thick, solid lines represent utilities proposed in this step. Broken lines represent utilities to be demolished in this step.

### PROJECT LOCATOR



### IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

STEP 1.1 - QUANTITIES

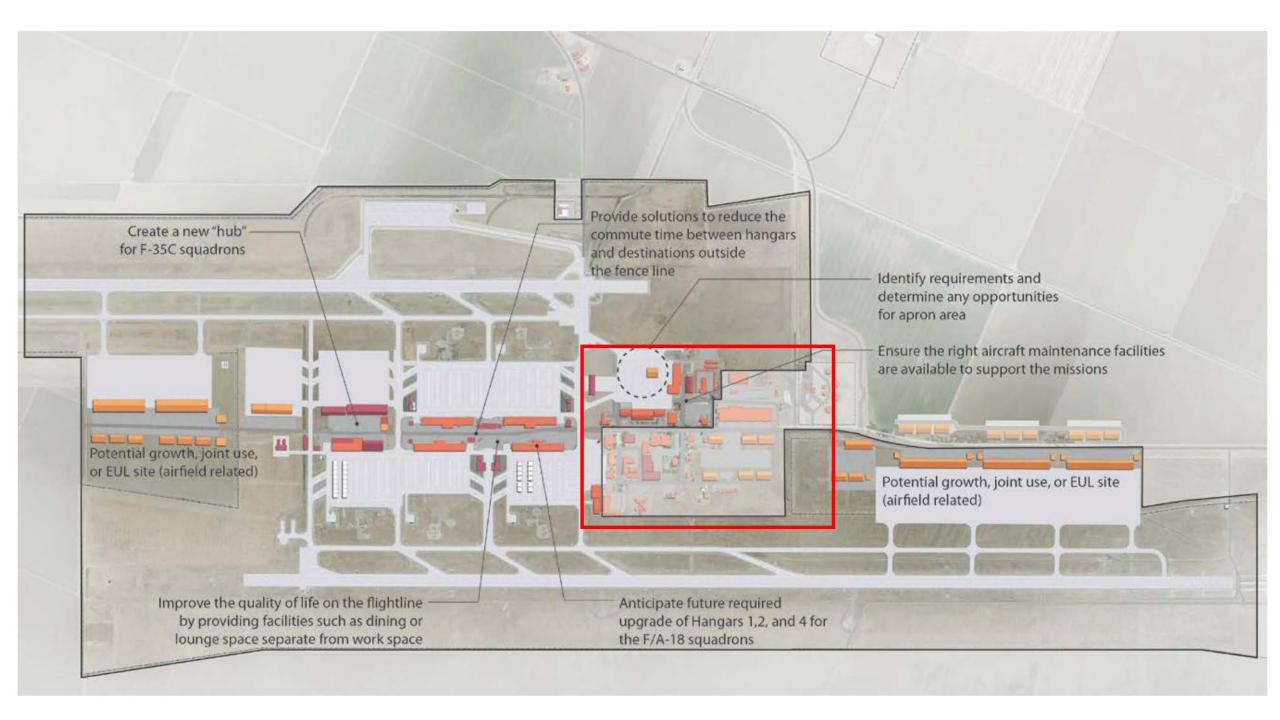
							BU	ILDINGS		SUPPORTING FACILITIES							DEMOLIT	ION	
PHASE FY M-P FUNDING			CATCODE PROJECT TITLE					20.5	FOOTPRINT		- 4	1,02	12.5				SF		
	) - 23.1 acres (93,5		PROJECT	TITLE	QTY	STORIES	GSF	G m2	(SQ FT)	SY	m2	LF	EA	m	LF	m	SF	SY	-
molition	1 - 23.1 acres (35,3	zo sqm)																	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 FSRM	93310	Asphalt														36,874	4,097	
1.1 FY2			Dirt (Contaminated)						t								33,411	3,712	$\neg$
1.1 FY2			Gravel														4,268	474	
		1, 3,000								1.						-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		_
mary Facil	lities																		
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		UXO (Cost Allowance)																
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	82130	Heating Plant (Heating Plant Building, 89121)			1	12,486	1,160	12,486									7	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	13252	ADN			1	2,658	247	2,658	2								9	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	72212	Dining Facility - Large			1	19,620	1,823	19,620									6	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	72114	Barracks 1			4	61,328	5,697	15,332										
1.1 FY2		72114	Barracks 2			4	61,328	5,697	15,332										
1.1 FY2			Company Operations Facility 1			1	19,193	1,783	19,193										_
1.1 FY2			Officers Quarters 1			2	22,189	2,061	11,095										
1.1 FY2			Battalion Headquarters 1			1	7,092	659	7,092										
1.1 FY2			Brigade Headquarters 1			1	10,193	947	10,193						_				_
1.1 FY2			Physical Fitness			1	14,910	1,385	14,910	1			_						_
1.1 FY2			Vehicle Maintenance Shop - Small 1			1	10,032	932	10,032										_
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	85210	Organizational Parking 1							35,730	29,875								
			WAS DON'T							- 19									
porting F	acilities	4354	lo la									1616		493					_
1.1 FY2 1.1 FY2			Communication - Branch Communication - Concrete Duct and Cable Mair		_	-			-	_		5250	-	1,600	_	-			-
1.1 FY2			Gas	1		7			+			2342	_	1,000	-	1		ř.	_
1.1 FY2			Electrical - Branch						1			1652		504					_
1.1 FY2			Electrical - Underground Concrete Duct Bank 4	way, 4" RGS and Cable Main		8 3						2920		890				ŝ .	$\neg$
1.1 FY2			Water - (Fire Protection) - Branch	,								1380		421					
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	84330	Water - 8" DIP (Fire Protection) - Main									3929		1,198				Ĭ.	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	82210	Heat (Return) - Branch									1442		440					$\Box$
1.1 FY2			Heat (Supply) - Branch									1442		440	-				
1.1 FY2			Heat - 6" Stainless Pipe (Return) - Main	-		0 1						2304		702				d.	4
1.1 FY2			Heat - 6" Stainless Pipe (Supply) - Main							-		2304	_	702					4
1.1 FY2			Water (Potable) - Branch Water - 8" DIP (Potable) - Main		_				-		-	1380 3929	-	1,198	-	-		-	$\rightarrow$
1.1 FY2 1.1 FY2			Wastewater - Branch						+			1794	-	1,198	_				$\rightarrow$
1.1 FY2			Wastewater - 8" CMP - Main			2 1						4298		1,310		1		i i	$\rightarrow$
1.1 FY2			Stormwater Detention Source Area (Buildings)						1	15,327	12,815	4230		1,310					-
1.1 FY2			Stormwater Detention Source Area (Hardstand)						1	35,730	29,875		_						-
1.1 FY2			Stormwater Detention Source Area (Pavers)							13,515	11,300								$\neg$
1.1 FY2			Stormwater Detention Source Area (Parking)							2,060	1,722				-				$\neg$
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		Communication Manholes			9							15						
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		Wastewater Manholes			\$ 8			1				22					S.	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		Pavers							13,515	11,300							i.	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	85215	Car Park							2,060	1,722								
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI	85110	Access Road			J.						1,804		550	3 .			Į.	
1.1 FY2			Construct POV and Tank Road Assembly (69' wi	de)		J. J						1,017		310					
1.1 FY2			Car Park Lighting (25m on center)										2						
1.1 FY2			Street Lighting (30m on center)										29						[
1.1 FY2			Organizational Parking Lighting										20						
1.1 FY2		81230	Pedestrian Lighting (25m on center)										24						
1.1 FY2			Trees										29						
1.1 FY2		87210	Fencing (2.5m high, anti-climb, welded wire m									2,443		745					_
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		Removable Bollards (or similar Active AT/FP Ba	errier)								75	19	23					
	2					Ç												0	
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		Miscellaneous Supporting Facilities not include	d above (5% of Primary Facilities)														1	
1.1 FY2		_	AT/FP (1% of total costs above)						-						-			-	_
1.1 FY2			Environmental Compensation (Based on Data P	rovided by USACE)															_
1.1 FY2			Sustainability (2% of total costs above)																_
1.1 FY2	2 2024 EDI		CyberSecurity (ESS, LFS, UMCS \$250K x 3)																

### IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

STEP 1.1 - COSTS

	UNIT COST (per SF) (Avg from 1391, EA and PAX Historical Costs)	Primary Facilities	upporting Facilities Ste Infrastructure)	Subtotal Primary and Supp. Facilities	Estmate / Design Contingency @ 10%	ubtotal Primary and iupp. Facilities incl.	Germany Factor @ 20%	Subtotal incl. Germany Factor	Project Contingency @ 5%	otal Contract Cost	HOH @ 6.5%	Design-Build Design Cost @ 4%	OTAL ESTIMATE	Escalation @ 2.0% per Year to Estimated Mid Point of Construction	TOTAL ESTIMATE (ESCALATED) Rounded, in 000's
PHASE 1.1 (1) - 23.1 acres (93,526 sqm)	33.60	\$ 74,898,109	\$ 18,429,316	\$ 98,970,247	\$ 9,822,025	\$ 108,042,272	\$ 21,608,454	\$ 129,650,726	\$ 6,482,536	\$ 136,133,262	\$ 8,848,662	\$ 5,445,330	\$ 150,427,255	\$ 9,207,351	\$ 161,662
Demolition .		V 1-4,050,105	V 10/10/010	y 30,310,E41	y Spicepers	2 200,0 12,212	y Eljoody154	V 115,030,120	y 0,102,330	V 130,133,EUE	y 0,040,002	3,413,230	¥ 130,121,233	y 5µ.01,551	7 101,001
Asphalt	\$ 6.90	\$ 28,267		\$ 28,267	\$ 2,827	\$ 31,094	\$ 6,219	\$ 37,313	\$ 1,866	\$ 39,178	\$ 2,547	\$ 1,567	\$ 43,292	\$ 2,650	\$ 46
Dirt (Contaminated)	\$ 203.50			\$ 755,384	\$ 75,538	\$ 830,923	\$ 166,185	\$ 997,107	\$ 49,855	\$ 1,046,963	\$ 68,053		\$ 1,156,894	\$ 70,811	\$ 1,228
Gravel	\$ 5.50	\$ 2,608		\$ 2,608	\$ 261	\$ 2,869	\$ 574	\$ 3,443	\$ 172	\$ 3,615	\$ 235	\$ 145	\$ 3,994	\$ 244	\$ 4
Primary Facilities														Total Demolition	\$ 1,278
Primary Facilities UXO (Cost Allowance)				\$ 100,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 110,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 132,000	\$ 6,600	\$ 138,600	\$ 9,009	\$ 5,544	\$ 153,153	\$ 9,374	\$ 163
Heating Plant (Heating Plant Building, 89121)	\$ 880.30	\$ 10,991,376		\$ 10,991,376		\$ 12,090,513	\$ 2,418,103	\$ 14,508,616	\$ 725,431	\$ 15,234,047	\$ 990,213	\$ 609,362	\$ 16,833,622	\$ 1,030,352	\$ 17,864
ADN	\$ 280.00	\$ 744,240	\$ 148,848	\$ 893,088	\$ 89,309	\$ 982,397	\$ 196,479	\$ 1,178,876	\$ 58,944	\$ 1,237,820	\$ 80,458	\$ 49,513	\$ 1,367,791	\$ 83,720	\$ 1,452
Dining Facility - Large	\$ 427.74	\$ 8,392,201		\$ 8,392,201	\$ 839,220	\$ 9,231,421	\$ 1,846,284	\$ 11,077,705	\$ 553,885	\$ 11,631,590	\$ 756,053	\$ 465,264	\$ 12,852,907	\$ 786,701	\$ 13,640
Barracks 1	\$ 222.11	\$ 13,621,614		\$ 13,621,614	\$ 1,362,161	\$ 14,983,776	\$ 2,996,755	\$ 17,980,531	\$ 899,027	\$ 18,879,558	\$ 1,227,171	\$ 755,182	\$ 20,861,911	\$ 1,276,916	\$ 22,139
Barracks 2		\$ 13,621,614		\$ 13,621,614	\$ 1,362,161		\$ 2,996,755	\$ 17,980,531	\$ 899,027	\$ 18,879,558	\$ 1,227,171	\$ 755,182	\$ 20,861,911	\$ 1,276,916	\$ 22,139
Company Operations Facility 1	\$ 246.27	\$ 4,726,640		\$ 4,726,640	\$ 472,664	y 5,255,557	\$ 1,039,861	\$ 6,239,165	\$ 311,958	\$ 6,551,123	\$ 425,823	\$ 262,045	\$ 7,238,991	\$ 443,084	\$ 7,682
Officers Quarters 1	\$ 321.13	\$ 7,125,636		\$ 7,125,636	\$ 712,564	7 770301233	\$ 1,567,640	\$ 9,405,839	\$ 470,292	\$ 9,876,131	\$ 641,949	\$ 395,045	\$ 10,913,125	\$ 667,971	\$ 11,581
Battalion Headquarters 1	\$ 274.43 \$ 271.59	\$ 1,946,266		\$ 1,946,266 \$ 2,768,273	\$ 194,627	\$ 2,140,893	\$ 428,179	\$ 2,569,071	\$ 128,454	\$ 2,697,525	\$ 175,339	\$ 107,901	\$ 2,980,765	\$ 182,447	\$ 3,163
Brigade Headquarters 1 Physical Fitness	\$ 271.59 \$ 271.21	\$ 2,768,273		\$ 2,768,273 \$ 4,043,791	\$ 276,827 \$ 404,379	\$ 3,045,101 \$ 4,448,170	\$ 609,020 \$ 889,634	\$ 3,654,121 \$ 5,337,804	\$ 182,706 \$ 266,890	\$ 3,836,827 \$ 5,604,694	\$ 249,394 \$ 364,305	\$ 153,473 \$ 224,188	\$ 4,239,694 \$ 6,193,187	\$ 259,503 \$ 379,073	\$ 4,499 \$ 6,572
Vehicle Maintenance Shop - Small 1	\$ 342.39	\$ 3,434,812		\$ 3,434,812	\$ 343,481	\$ 3,778,293	\$ 755,659	\$ 4,533,952	\$ 226,698	\$ 4,760,649	\$ 309,442	\$ 190,426	\$ 5,260,518	\$ 321,986	\$ 5,583
Organizational Parking 1		\$ 3,481,645		\$ 3,481,645		\$ 3,829,810	\$ 765,962	\$ 4,595,772		\$ 4,825,560	\$ 313,661		\$ 5,332,244		\$ 5,659
	-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200000000000000000000000000000000000000				25.500				rimary Facilities	\$ 122,134
Supporting Facilities	200			-	50 Sc				Q 9	195	SUS.	v .		9	4
Communication - Branch	\$ 22.10		\$ 35,714	\$ 35,714	\$ 3,571	\$ 39,285	\$ 7,857	\$ 47,142		\$ 49,499	\$ 3,217	\$ 1,980	\$ 54,696	\$ 3,348	\$ 58
Communication - Concrete Duct and Cable Main	\$ 56.50		\$ 296,625	\$ 296,625	\$ 29,663	\$ 326,288	\$ 65,258	\$ 391,545	\$ 19,577	\$ 411,122	\$ 26,723	\$ 16,445	\$ 454,290	\$ 27,806	\$ 482
Flectrical - Branch	\$ 92.00		\$ 151,984	\$ 151,984	\$ 15,198	\$ 167,182	\$ 33,436	\$ 200,619	\$ 10,031	\$ 210,650	\$ 13,692	\$ 8,426	\$ 232,768	\$ 14,247	\$ 247
Electrical - Underground Concrete Duct Bank 4 way, 4" RGS and Cable Main	\$ 297.00		\$ 867,240	\$ 867,240	\$ 86,724	\$ 953,964	\$ 190,793	\$ 1,144,757	\$ 57,238	\$ 1,201,995	\$ 78,130	\$ 48,080	\$ 1,328,204	\$ 81,297	\$ 1,410
Water - (Fire Protection) - Branch	\$ 57.00		\$ 78,660	\$ 78,660	\$ 7,866	\$ 86,526	\$ 17,305	\$ 103,831	\$ 5,192	\$ 109,023	\$ 7,086	\$ 4,361	\$ 120,470	\$ 7,374	\$ 128
Water - 8" DIP (Fire Protection) - Main	\$ 75.00		\$ 294,675	\$ 294,675	\$ 29,468	\$ 324,143	\$ 64,829	\$ 388,971	\$ 19,449	\$ 408,420	\$ 26,547	\$ 16,337	\$ 451,304	\$ 27,623	\$ 479
Heat (Return) - Branch	\$ 153.00 \$ 153.00		\$ 220,626 \$ 220,626	\$ 220,626 \$ 220,626	\$ 22,063 \$ 22,063	\$ 242,689 \$ 242,689	\$ 48,538 \$ 48,538	\$ 291,226 \$ 291,226	\$ 14,561	\$ 305,788 \$ 305,788	\$ 19,876 \$ 19,876	\$ 12,232	\$ 337,895 \$ 337,895	\$ 20,682 \$ 20,682	\$ 359
Heat (Supply) - Branch Heat - 6" Stainless Pipe (Return) - Main	\$ 218.00		\$ 502,272	\$ 502,272	\$ 50,227	\$ 552,499	\$ 110,500	\$ 662,999	\$ 14,561 \$ 33,150	\$ 696,149	\$ 45,250	\$ 12,232 \$ 27,846	\$ 769,245	\$ 47,084	\$ 359 \$ 816
Heat - 6" Stainless Pipe (Supply) - Main	\$ 218.00		\$ 502,272	\$ 502,272	\$ 50,227	\$ 552,499	\$ 110,500	\$ 662,999	\$ 33,150	\$ 696,149	\$ 45,250	\$ 27,846	\$ 769,245	\$ 47,084	\$ 816
Water (Potable) - Branch	\$ 40.30		\$ 55,614	\$ 55,614	\$ 5,561	\$ 61,175	\$ 12,235	\$ 73,410	\$ 3,671	\$ 77,081	\$ 5,010	\$ 3,083	\$ 85,175	\$ 5,213	\$ 90
Water - 8" DIP (Potable) - Main	\$ 75.00		\$ 294,675	\$ 294,675	\$ 29,468	\$ 324,143	\$ 64,829	\$ 388,971	\$ 19,449	\$ 408,420	\$ 26,547	\$ 16,337	\$ 451,304	\$ 27,623	\$ 479
Wastewater - Branch	\$ 10.00		\$ 17,940	\$ 17,940	\$ 1,794	\$ 19,734	\$ 3,947	\$ 23,681	\$ 1,184	\$ 24,865	\$ 1,616	\$ 995	\$ 27,476	\$ 1,682	\$ 29
Wastewater - 8" CMP - Main Stormwater Detention Source Area (Buildings)	\$ 26.90 \$ 40.00		\$ 115,616 \$ 613,076	\$ 115,616 \$ 613,076	\$ 11,562 \$ 51,308	\$ 127,178 \$ 674,384	\$ 25,436 \$ 134,877	\$ 152,613 \$ 809,261	\$ 7,631 \$ 40,463	\$ 160,244 \$ 849,724	\$ 10,416 \$ 55,232	\$ 6,410 \$ 33,989	\$ 177,070 \$ 938,945	\$ 10,838 \$ 57,471	\$ 188 \$ 996
Stormwater Detention Source Area (Buildings) Stormwater Detention Source Area (Hardstand)	\$ 40.00		\$ 1,429,193	\$ 1,429,193	\$ 142,919	\$ 1,572,112	\$ 314,422	\$ 1,886,534	\$ 94,327	\$ 1,980,861	\$ 128,756	\$ 79,234	\$ 2,188,851	\$ 133,975	\$ 2,323
Stormwater Detention Source Area (Pavers)	\$ 40.00		\$ 540,600	\$ 540,600	\$ 54,060	\$ 594,660	\$ 118,932	\$ 713,592	\$ 35,680	\$ 749,272	\$ 48,703	\$ 29,971	\$ 827,945	\$ 50,677	\$ 879
Stormwater Detention Source Area (Parking)	\$ 40.00		\$ 82,400	\$ 82,400	\$ 8,240	\$ 90,640	\$ 18,128	\$ 108,768	\$ 5,438	\$ 114,206	\$ 7,423	\$ 4,568	\$ 126,198	\$ 7,724	\$ 134
Communication Manholes	\$ 12,790.00		\$ 191,850	\$ 191,850	\$ 19,185	\$ 211,035	\$ 42,207	\$ 253,242	\$ 12,662	\$ 265,904	\$ 17,284	\$ 10,636	\$ 293,824	\$ 17,984	\$ 312
Wastewater Manholes	\$ 10,150.00		\$ 225,249	\$ 225,249	\$ 22,525	\$ 247,774	\$ 49,555	\$ 297,328	\$ 14,866	\$ 312,195	\$ 20,293	\$ 12,488	\$ 344,975	\$ 21,115	\$ 366
Pavers	\$ 282.00		\$ 3,811,230	\$ 3,811,230	\$ 381,123 \$ 40,170	\$ 4,192,353 \$ 441,870	\$ 838,471 \$ 88,374	\$ 5,030,824	\$ 251,541	\$ 5,282,365	\$ 343,354	\$ 211,295	\$ 5,837,013	\$ 357,272	\$ 6,194
Car Park Access Road	\$ 195.00 \$ 709.00		\$ 401,700	\$ 401,700 \$ 1,279,036	\$ 40,170		\$ 88,374	\$ 530,244 \$ 1,688,328	\$ 26,512 \$ 84,416	\$ 556,756 \$ 1,772,744	\$ 36,189 \$ 115,228	\$ 22,270 \$ 70,910	\$ 615,216 \$ 1,958,882	\$ 37,656 \$ 119,899	\$ 653 \$ 2,079
Construct POV and Tank Road Assembly (69' wide)	\$ 873.00		\$ 887,666	\$ 1,279,036	\$ 88,767	\$ 976,433	\$ 195,287	\$ 1,088,328	\$ 58,586	\$ 1,772,744	\$ 79,970		\$ 1,359,488	\$ 83,212	\$ 1,443
Car Park Lighting (25m on center)	\$ 8,935.00		\$ 17,870	\$ 17,870	\$ 1,787	\$ 19,657	\$ 3,931	\$ 23,588		\$ 24,768	\$ 1,610		\$ 27,368		\$ 29
Street Lighting (30m on center)	\$ 8,935.00		\$ 256,137	\$ 256,137	\$ 25,614		\$ 56,350	\$ 338,100	\$ 16,905	\$ 355,005	\$ 23,075			\$ 24,011	\$ 416
Organizational Parking Lighting	\$ 8,935.00		\$ 178,700	\$ 178,700	\$ 17,870		\$ 39,314	\$ 235,884		\$ 247,678	\$ 16,099		\$ 273,684		\$ 290
Pedestrian Lighting (25m on center)	\$ 6,177.00		\$ 145,777	\$ 145,777	\$ 14,578	\$ 160,355	\$ 32,071	\$ 192,426	\$ 9,621	\$ 202,047	\$ 13,133		\$ 223,262		\$ 237
Trees	\$ 331.00		\$ 9,599	\$ 9,599	\$ 960		\$ 2,112	\$ 12,671	\$ 634	\$ 13,304	\$ 865	Y	\$ 14,701	\$ 900	\$ 16
Fencing (2.5m high, anti-climb, welded wire mesh, outriggers, barbed wire)	\$ 321.13		\$ 784,530	\$ 784,530	\$ 78,453	\$ 862,983	\$ 172,597	\$ 1,035,579	\$ 51,779	\$ 1,087,358	- rejera	The second second	\$ 1,201,531	\$ 73,543	\$ 1,275
Removable Bollards (or similar Active AT/FP Barrier)	\$ 1,400.00		\$ 26,411	\$ 26,411	\$ 2,641	\$ 29,052	\$ 5,810	\$ 34,862	\$ 1,743	\$ 36,605	\$ 2,379	\$ 1,464	\$ 40,449	\$ 2,476	\$ 43
Miscellaneous Supporting Facilities not included above (5% of Primary Facilities)			\$ 3,744,905	\$ 3,744,905	\$ 374,491	\$ 4,119,396	\$ 823,879	\$ 4,943,275	\$ 247,164	\$ 5,190,439	\$ 337,379	\$ 207,618	\$ 5,735,435	\$ 351,055	\$ 6,086
AT/FP (1% of total costs above)				\$ 933,274	\$ 93,327	\$ 1,026,602	\$ 205,320	\$ 1,231,922	\$ 61,596	\$ 1,293,518	\$ 84,079	\$ 51,741	\$ 1,429,338	\$ 87,487	\$ 1,517
Environmental Compensation (Based on Data Provided by USACE)				\$ 1,993,000	\$ 199,300		\$ 438,460	\$ 2,630,760	\$ 131,538	\$ 2,762,298	\$ 179,549	\$ 110,492	\$ 3,052,339	\$ 185,828	\$ 3,239
Sustainability (2% of total costs above)				\$ 1,866,548	\$ 186,655		\$ 410,641	\$ 2,463,844	\$ 123,192	\$ 2,587,036	\$ 168,157	The state of the s	\$ 2,858,675	\$ 174,974	\$ 3,034
CyberSecurity (ESS, LFS, UMCS \$250K x 3)				\$ 750,000						200 200 200 200					\$ 750
													Total Su	pporting Facilities	\$ 38,250

# Nodal Development Plans





## **FUNCTIONAL PROGRAM COST ANALYSIS**

PROJECT	CAT- CODE	CAT DESCRIPTION	SM	SF	FY '20 TOTAL (\$/SF)	COST
D	610-70	WING HQ	6750	72,657	\$911.05	\$66,194,160
E	171-10	ACADEMIC INSTRUCTION	315	3,391	\$911.05	\$3,089,371
	610-72	BATTALION HQ	5907	63,582	\$911.05	\$57,926,381
С	-	ADMIN PARKING GARAGE	18952	204,000	\$136.66	\$27,878,640
*	143-45	ARMORY ADDITION	774	8,326	\$1,184.36	\$9,860,981
*	143-45	ARMORY ADDITION	774	8,326	\$1,184.36	\$9,8

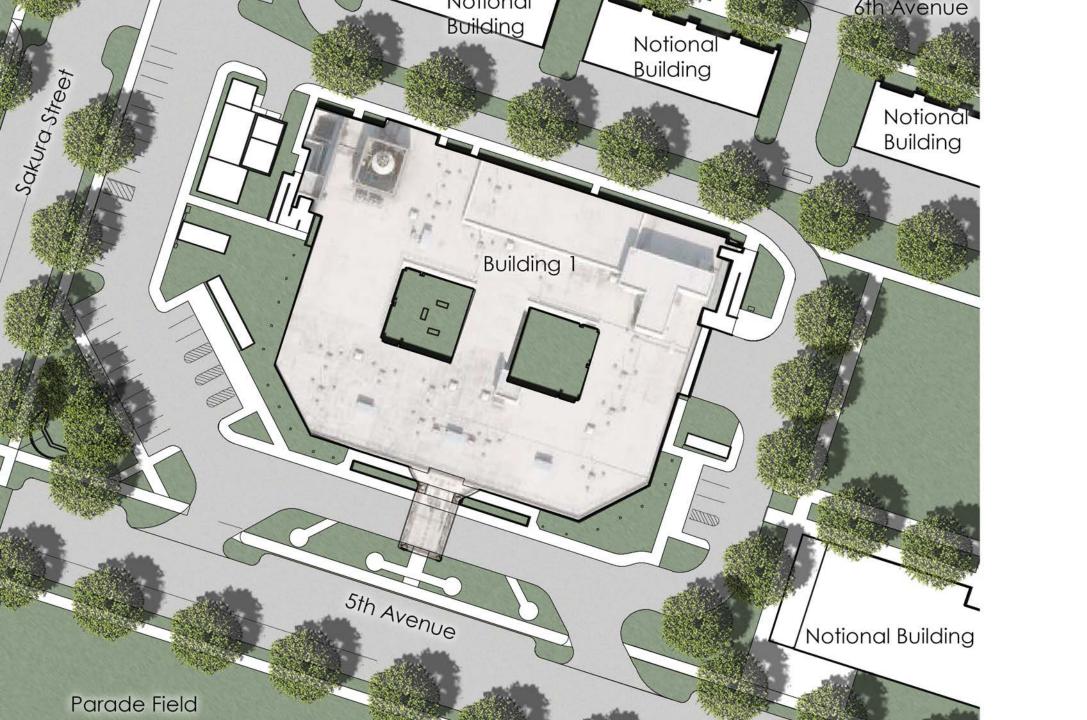
**TOTAL FUNCTIONAL COST: \$164,949,532.86** 

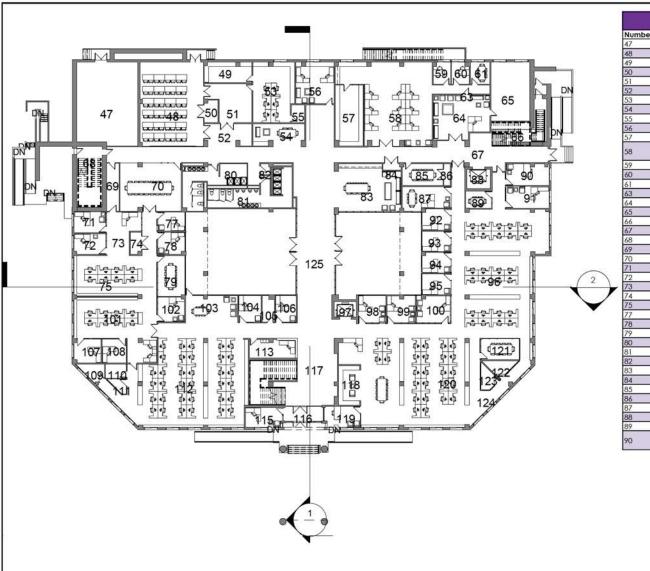
# **Customer Concept Documents**











Number	Name	Area	Level
47	MECHANICAL ROOM	1024 SF	Level
48	SHARED CLASSROOM	1085 SF	Level
49	NCOA STORAGE	193 SF	Level
50	CLOSET	60 SF	Level
51	NCOA CLASSROOM LOBBY	308 SF	Level
52	NCOA ENTRY	211 SF	Level
53	NCOA ADMINISTRATION	497 SF	Level
54	LOUNGE	229 SF	Level
55	NCOA CLOSET	48 SF	Level
56	FAMILY READINESS OFFICE	323 SF	Level
57	ARCHIVE	346 SF	Level
58	COMMUNICATIONS, OPERATIONS, & SAFETY STUDIO	1276 SF	Level
59	SOUND BOOTH	75 SF	Level
60	AV BOOTH	76 SF	Level
61	MEETING ROOM	87 SF	Level
63	CO&S CORRIDOR	102 SF	Level
64	WAITING ROOM	483 SF	Level
65	PHOTO STUDIO	470 SF	Level
66	STAIR CORRIDOR	301 SF	Level
67	ELEVATOR	1876 SF	Level
68	STAIRS	316 SF	Level
69	CORRIDOR	121 SF	Level
70	CONFERENCE ROOM	597 SF	Level
71	CHRO DIRECTOR OFFICE	139 SF	Level
72	CHRO OFFICE	134 SF	Level
73	RECEPTION	253 SF	Level
74	EPS	48 SF	Level
75	CIVILIAN HUMAN RESOURCES OFFICER	565 SF	Level
77	CHRO OFFICE	107 SF	Level
78	CHRO OFFICE	126 SF	Level
79	CHRO CONSULTING ROOM	232 SF	Level
80	WOMEN'S RESTROOM	352 SF	Level
81	MEN'S RESTROOM	418 SF	Level
82	CLOSET	20 SF	Level
83	BREAK ROOM	621 SF	Level
84	CLOSET	23 SF	Level
85	H & HS MEETING ROOM	181 SF	Level
86	CLOSET	28 SF	Level
87	CAREER PLANNING	225 SF	Level
88	ELEVATOR	99 SF	Level
89	MEETING ROOM	92 SF	Level
90	COMMUNICATIONS, OPERATIONS, & SAFETY OFFICE	187 SF	Level



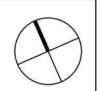
Prepared By: The Urban Collaborative, LLC

As a Subcontractor to: Leidos

Under Contract With: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Fort Worth District MARINE CORPS AIR STATION IWAKUNI

BUILDING ONE RENOVATION

**1ST FLOOR PLAN** 





Room Schedule Level 1
COMMUNICATIONS, OPERATIONS, &

PERFORMANCE & INNOVATION OFFICE 124 SF

CIVILIAN HUMAN RESOURCES OFFICER 1110 SF

COMMUNICATIONS, OPERATIONS, &

SAFETY OFFICE S4 OFFICE

S3 OFFICE

S1 OFFICE

ELEVATOR

H & HS OFFICE

H & HS OFFICE

H & HS OFFICE

CHRO OFFICE

CHRO OFFICE

TELEPHONE ROOM

TELEPHONE ROOM

TELEPHONE ROOM

HQ AND HQ SQUADRON

COLLABORATION SPACE

HQ AND HQ SQUADRON

SAFETY MEETING ROOM

TELEPHONE ROOM

TELEPHONE ROOM

COMMUNICATIONS, OPERATIONS, &

COMPTROLLER

DUTY OFFICER

RECEPTION

VESTIBULE

GEA (G7)

CORRIDOR

CORRIDOR

FOYER

COLLABORATIVE SPACE

COMPTROLLER PRIVATE OFFICE

COMPTROLLER PRIVATE OFFICE

193 SF

124 SF

120 SF

118 SF

2024 SF

75 SF

156 SF

157 SF

191 SF

135 SF

285 SF

126 SF

60 SF

116 SF

129 SF

121 SF

72 SF

62 SF

40 SF

2084 SF

183 SF

147 SF

124 SF

607 SF

180 SF

150 SF

2075 SF

169 SF

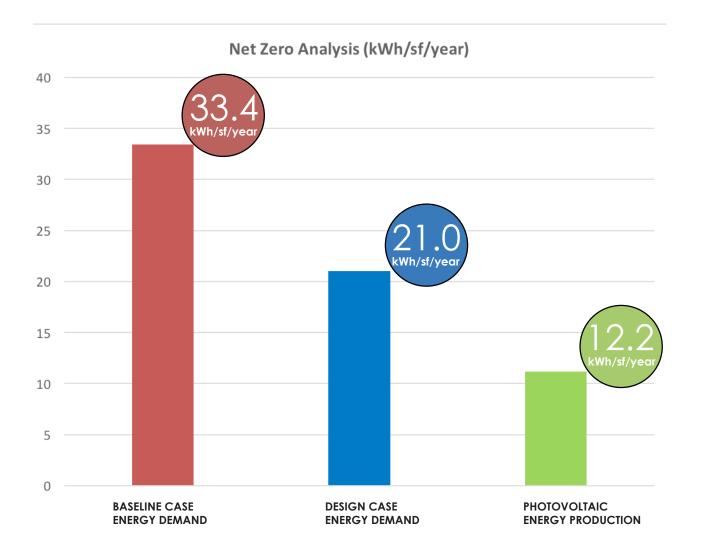
73 SF

66 SF

417 SF

2675 SF Level 1







### FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY (WHEN FILLED IN)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

HOST NATION	FUNDED PROJECT	DOCUMEN	NTATION	是入国的	負担計画						
1. DATE 目付	2A. PROJECT # 計画番号	}	2B. CAT 類別		ROJECT TITLE 計画	名					
20180201	92897			Fire	Fire Station						
4. INSTALLATION 施設名		5. CATEGOR	RY CODE(S) 類別符	号	6. PROJECT SCOPE (METRIC) 計画規模(メートル法単位)						
Marine Corps Air Statio	13,119 SF / 1,219 m2										
7. USFJ APPROVAL STAMP	在日米軍承認判	✓ NEW	TYPE(FIP) 計画の利 / CONSTRUCTION ONSTRUCTION で CLEARANCE 更地	Ⅰ新築 V築	RELATED I 関連計画	TED PROJECT					
9.	ITEMS 事項				U/M METF メートル法!		QUANTITY 数量				
PRIMARY FACILITY: ±3	要施設										
Fire Station - Two Com	pany Satellite						13,119				
Sustainability / Energy l	Measures										
SUPPORT FACILITIES: N											
81242 Underground Ele	ctric Lines, #1/0-3/C, 6	00					35				
81242 Electric Undergro	ound Manholes, 6'x8'x7						1				
81230 Site Lighting, 20	Aluminum Pole, 400 V	Vatt					6				
84210 Water Distribution	on Lines, Plastic Pipe, P	V					46				
83220 Combined Sewer	,						46				
89240 Fire Hydrant, 6' I	Depth						1				
85215 Non Organization	nal Vehicle Parking, Pa	ved					900				
85110 Road Pavement,	Asphalt Concrete Surfa	ce 3"					444				
85220 Sidewalks & Wal				120							
87110 Storm Water Dra				45							
93210 Site Clearing & O	Grading, Fine Grading						3,678				
							ļ				

10. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION: LIST FACILITY FUNCTIONS, NUMBER OF STORIES, TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION, DEMOLITION, SUPPORT SYSTEMS (HEATING, FIRE PROTECTION, ETC.), SITE CLEARANCE CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED, AND OTHER SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS.

工事計画の概要、施設の用途、階数、工事方法、取り壊し方法、附帯設備(暖房、防火設備等)、現場処理工事、その他特に必要な事項。

Construct a standard design two company satellite fire station. This facility will include apparatus bays: residential areas: administration areas: training areas: information systems: fire protection and alarm systems: and Energy Monitoring Control Systems (EMCS) connection. Sustainability and energy enhancement measures are included. Supporting facilities include site development, utilities and connections, lighting, paving, parking, walks, curbs and gutters, storm drainage, information systems, landscaping and signage. Heating and air conditioning will be provided by [self contained system OR connection to the existing energy plant OR etc.]. Measures in accordance with the Department of Defense (DoD) Minimum Antiterrorism for Buildings standards will be provided. Comprehensive building and furnishings related interior design services are required. Access for individuals with disabilities will be provided. Facilities will be designed to a minimum life of 50 years in accordance with DoD's Unified Facilities Code (UFC 1-200-02) including energy efficiencies, building envelope and integrated building systems performance. Facilities will be designed to a minimum life of 40 years in accordance with DoD's Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC 1-200-02) including envelope and integrated building systems performance.

PREVIOUS EDITIONS ARE OBSOLETE.

USFJ FORM 22EJ, 20031020 (EF)

Page 1 of 5

2020 92833 W REVISION DATE: 08 JAN 2018
USMC M&R (AS OF 01/08/2018 AT 03:46:09) 05 JAN 2018
ACF=2.16 UM=E

Iwakuni MC Air Station

an

Renovation of Command Headquarters Bldg

610 10 92833 25,000

1.0000 U.S. Dollar/USS

PRIMARY FACILITY 21,421

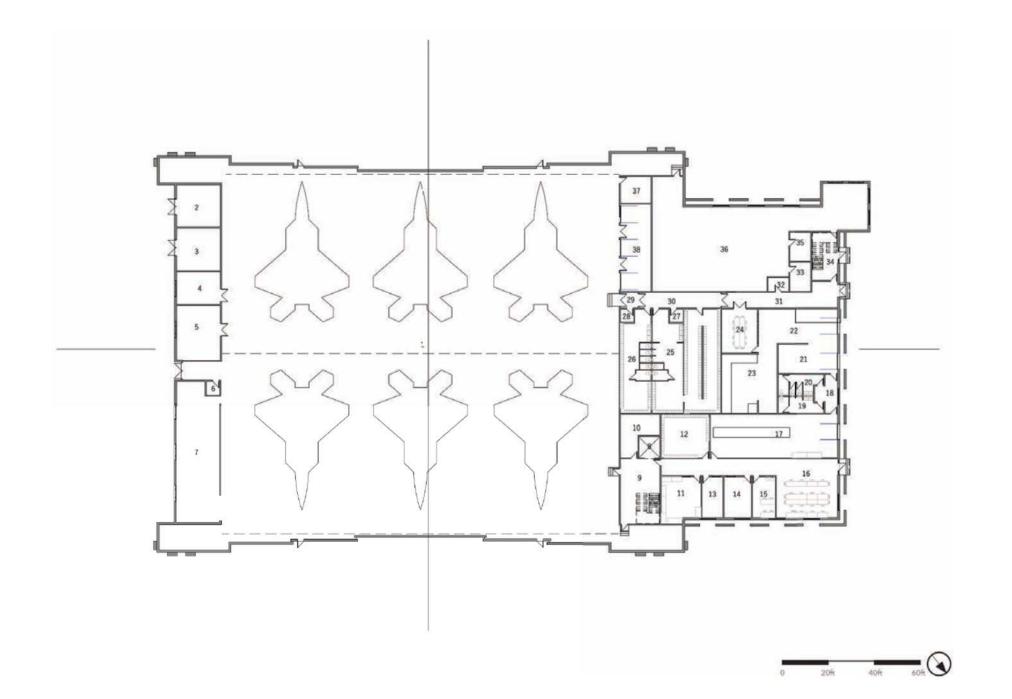
Administrative Fac, General Purpose SF 67,954 315.23 (21,421)

Repair Building One. Building One is a 76,028 sf command headquarters administrative building constructed in 2003. This Building is currently in good condition, however due to Defense Policy Restructuring Initiative (DPRI) most of the building tenants are moving out of their designated spaces and into new spaces or buildings by FY 19. Thus Building One requires extensive remodeling and renovation in order to accommodate planned unit/tenant movements. Architectural work includes interior wall relocations, paint, wall coverings, flooring, trim, and doors. Civil work includes changes directly related to building code/safety compliance and space requirements for each tenant. Electrical work includes, fixtures, receptacles, lighting, wiring and panels to meet the electrical requirements of each designated space. This project will be planned and programed in phases to allow for tenant occupancy during construction. Areas affected by new construction will be made in compliance with applicable ATFP, Fire Suppression, Seismic, Accessibility, ASHRAE, LEED, codes, and standards (as required) upon completion of the project.

11. REQ: 77,304 SF ADQT: 9,350 SF SUBSTD: 67,954 SF PROJECT JUSTIFICATION:

Building One operates as the Headquarters of MCAS Iwakuni with many tenants working in disconnected, inefficient spaces that do not meet requirements for size and layout, leading to higher labor costs, increased total lifecycle costs, and reduced quality of life for personnel. To support the backfill plan, many existing units and tenants will be moving into new locations upon completion of DPRI in 2019. The inefficient layout of the building leads makes functional arrangements



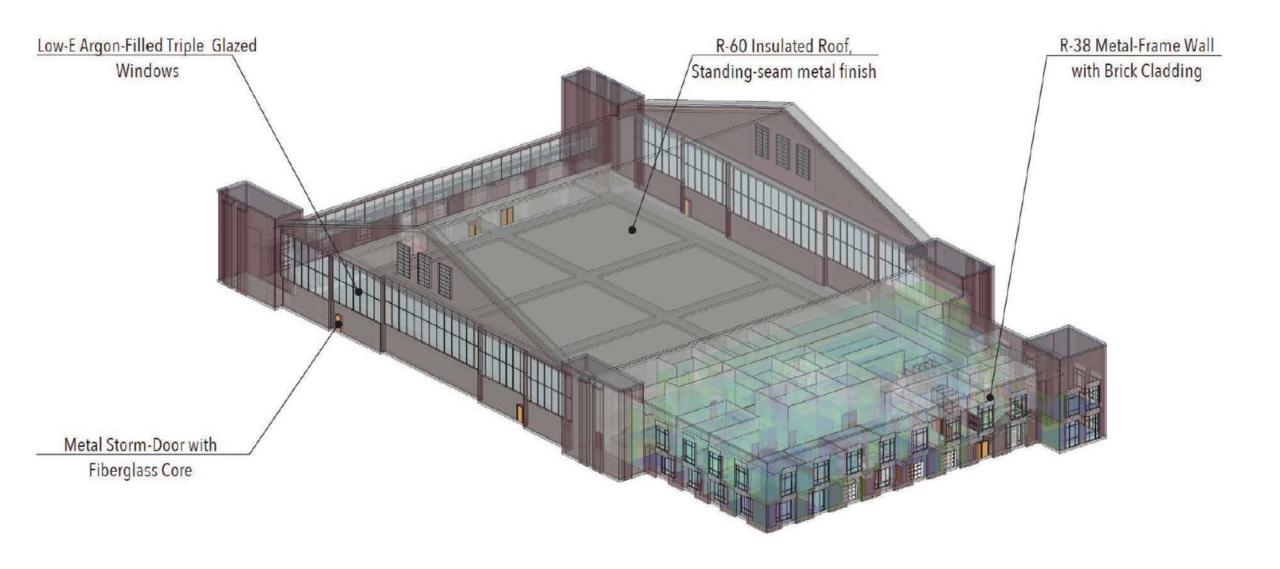




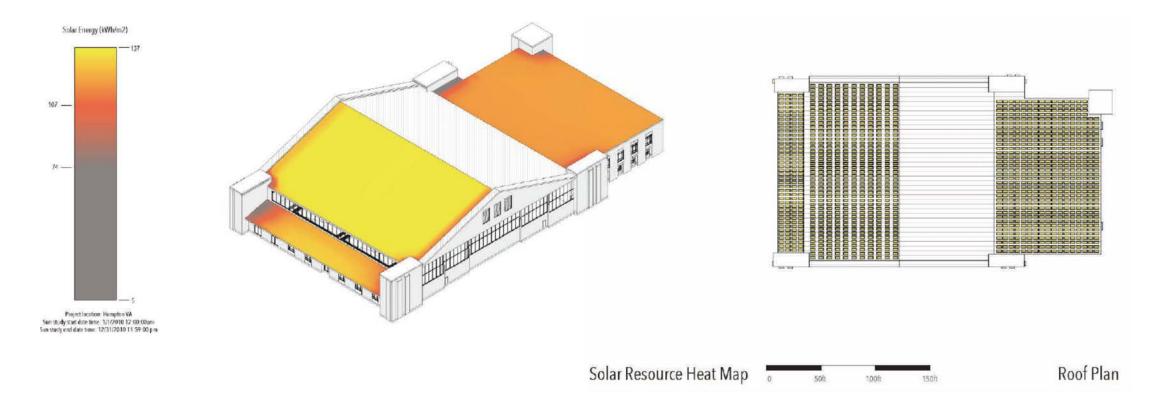
East Elevation



West Elevation

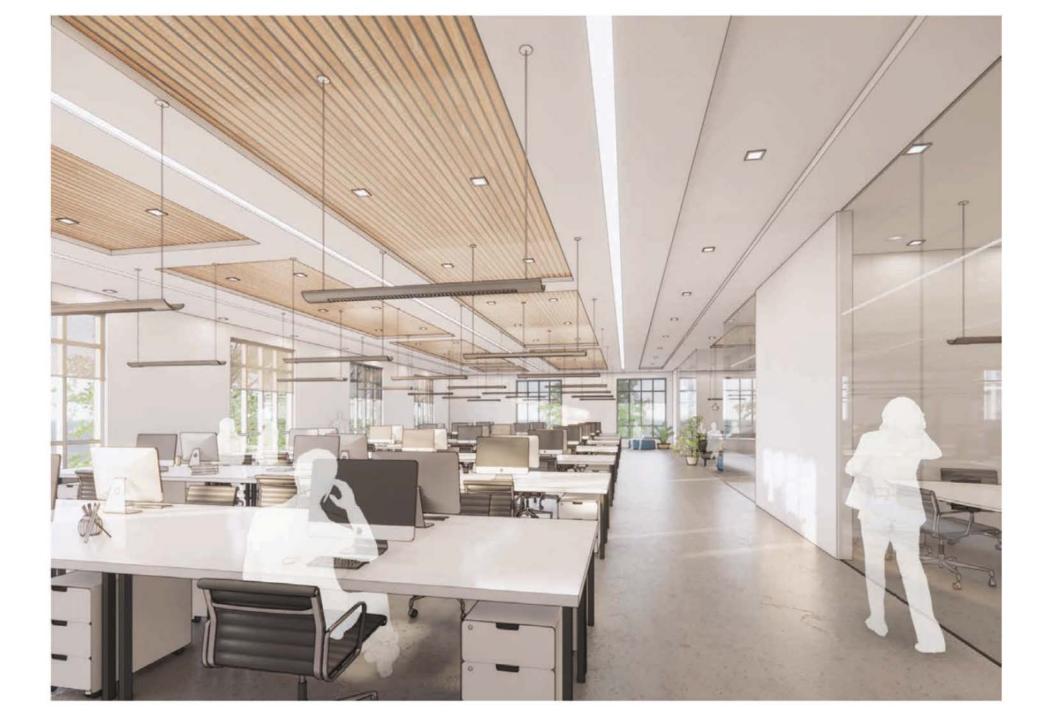


## **More Energy Efficient Less Energy Efficient** kWH / ft2 / yr Energy Star U.S. ASHRAE 90.1 National Median Design Standard Reference Value for As-modeled design case for Assembly Building JBLE TRSS Academic Facility



## Solar Energy Resources Analysis

PV Panel Area (ft2)	39,708
PV Energy Production (kWh/yr)	786.327
Years Payback	13.7 yrs
Energy Savings	\$117,949
Projected Energy Consumption (kWh/yr)	1,072,801
On-site Generated Energy (kWh/yr)	786.327
Percentage Reduction	73%







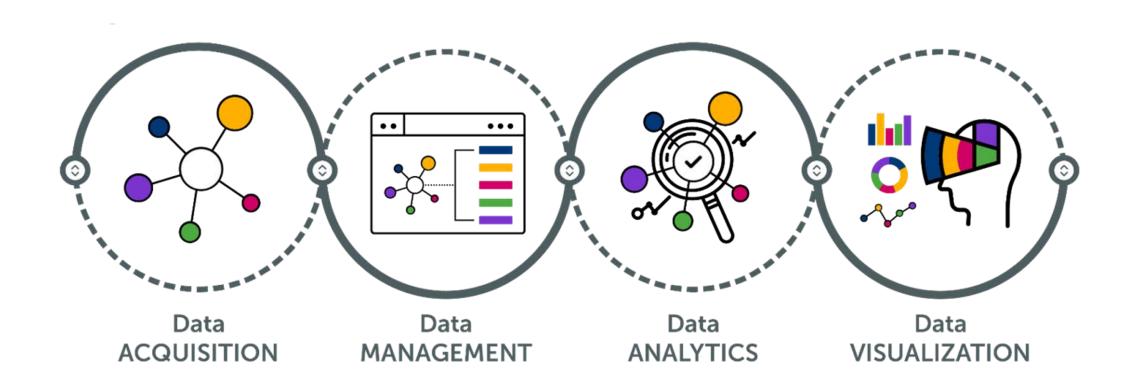
# **Managing Data**







Installation Comprehensive Asset Management Portfolio Stores



# AUGMENTED REALITY

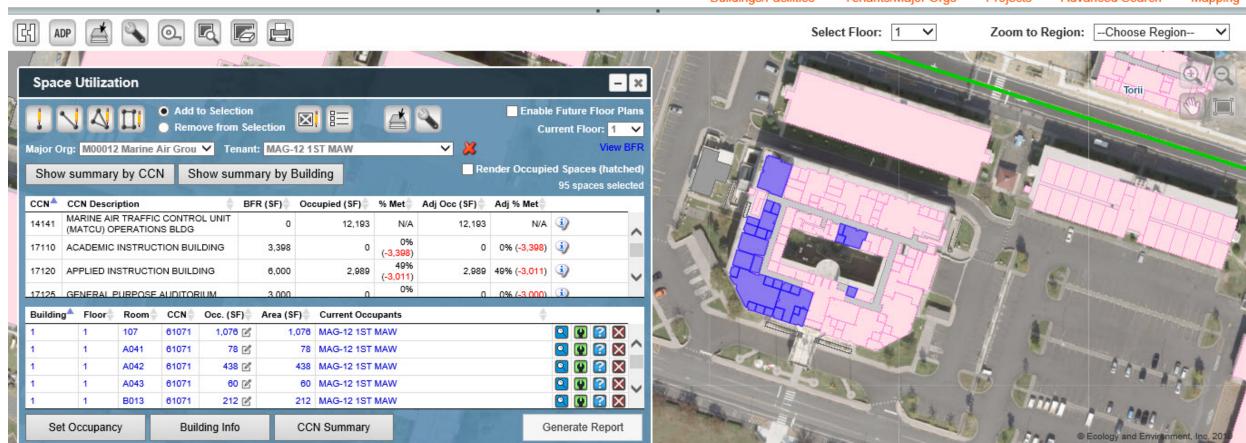
AR is a live direct view of a physical, real-world environment whose elements are augmented by computer-generated content.

Significant opportunities exist at our federal facilities to not only view data, but to improve the accuracy of source data.



#### Installation: MCAS Iwakuni

Buildings/Facilities Tenants/Major Orgs Projects Advanced Search Mapping



#### **Three Areas of Focus**

Visualization

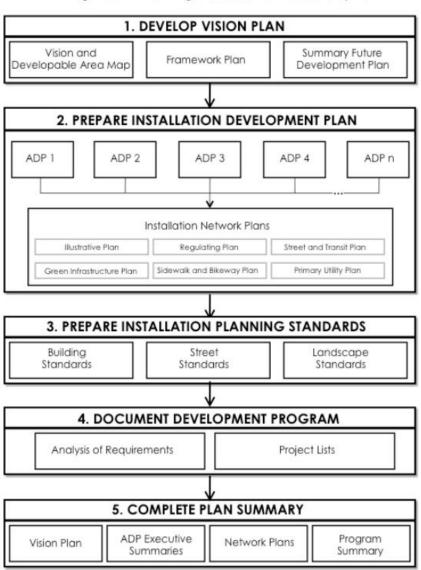
Execution

Area Development Execution Plans Nodal Development Plans Customer Concept Documents Management

Data Processes

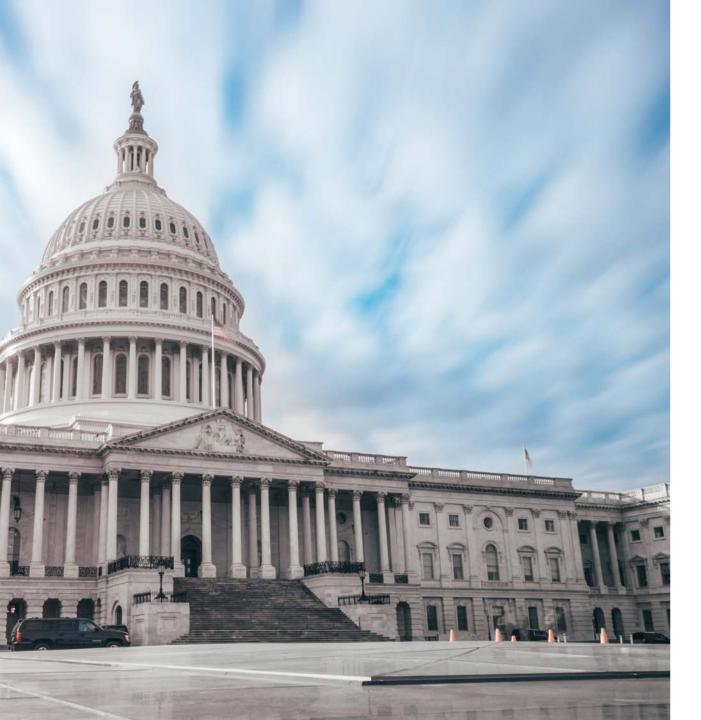
# Managing Processes

Figure 3-1. Planning Process and Product Graphic





# PART III Making Good Plans

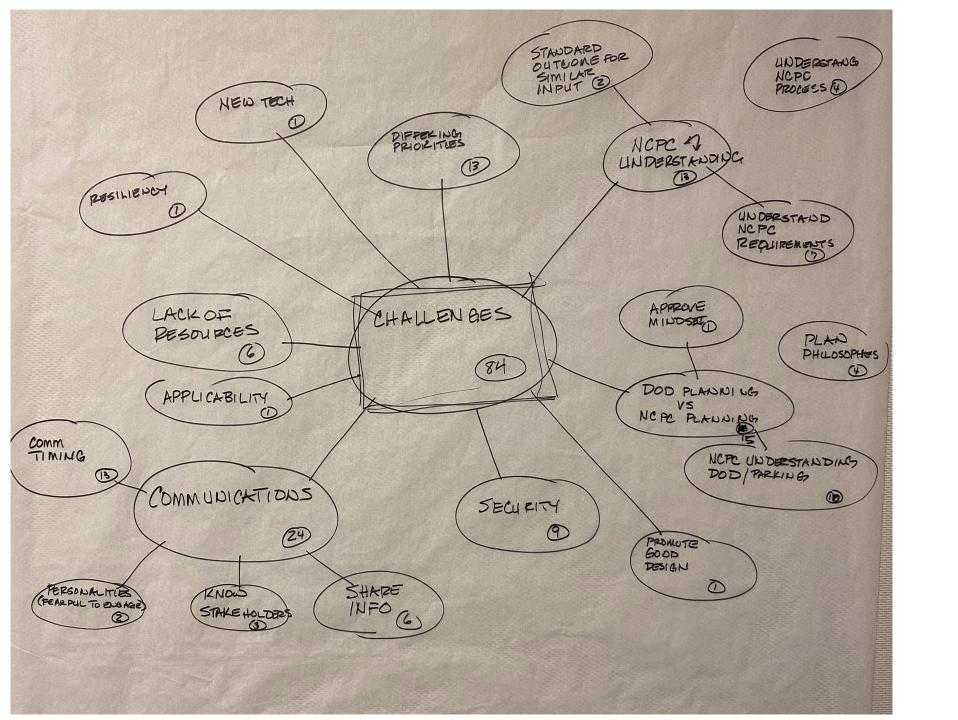


# Working Collaboratively (Part II)

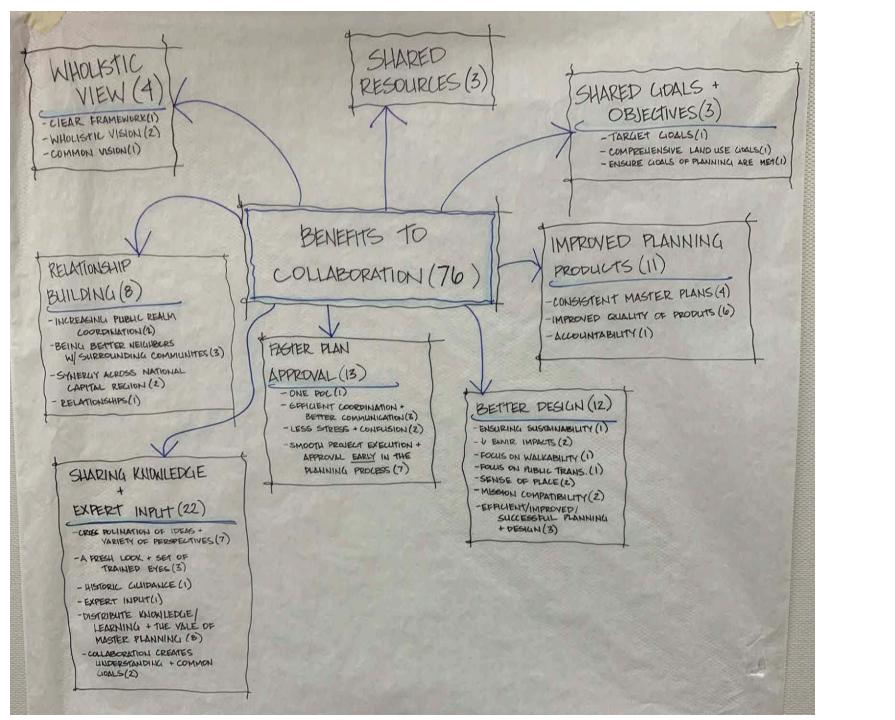


# Working Collaboratively (Part II)

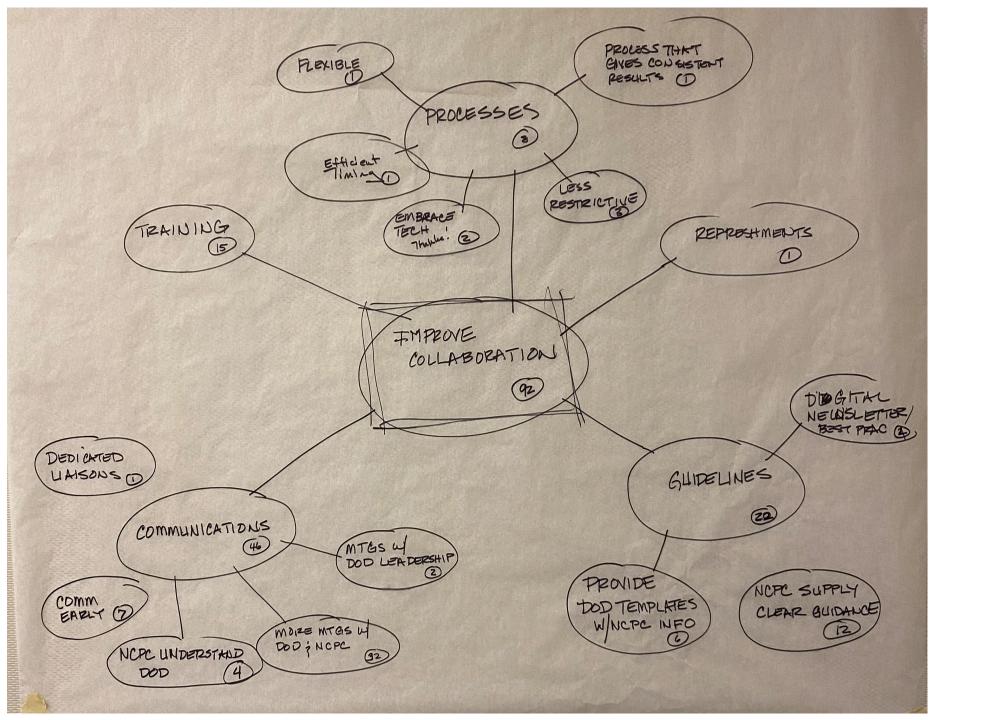
# What are the challenges to DoD and NCPC collaboration currently?



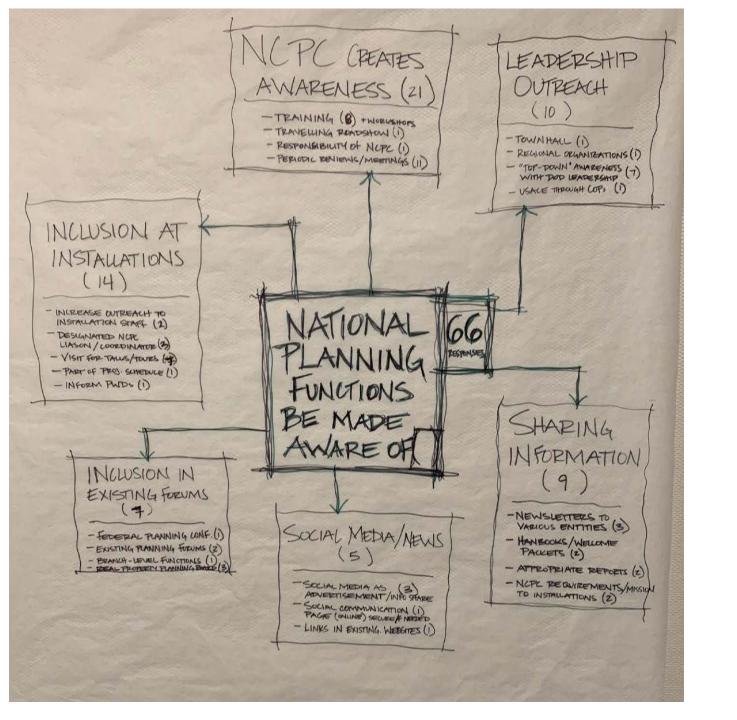
# What are the benefits of DoD and NCPC collaboration?



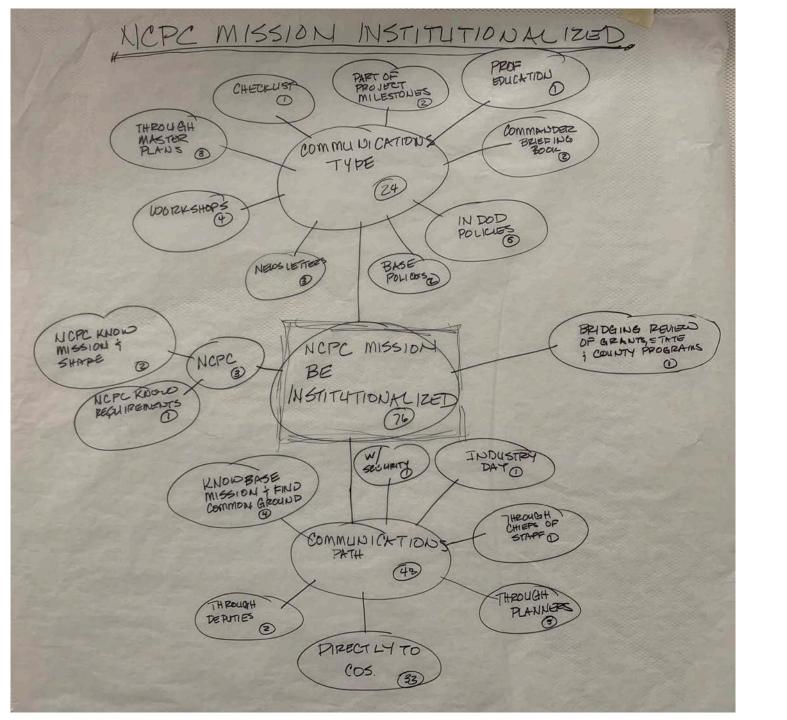
# How do we improve DoD and NCPC collaboration?



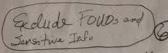
# How can national planning function(s) be made aware of NCPC?



# How can NCPC's mission be institutionalized amongst new base commanders?



How can DoD master plans be developed to enable easier exclusion of FOUO information during NCPC's review process?



- Limit ferent names and/or organizations + missions 3

- Do not include IT into a infrastructure info

- Exalude into on decuments and design

drawings. Establish FOLD plicy quidelines

Educate on FOUCE + Don't overdassify

- Involve classification agreements.
- Don't overclassion into in the plans @

- Educate on chosi houtin

- Consistent DOD level policy

Enable Easier Exclusion of Four Info (4)

RECOGNIZE TOUD Needs 3

- Avoid including FOXD info When it is not needed @

- NOFC should recognize Egitimate FOUD reeds

Develop Extension Sunrayies (3)

clarity how Fours are handles in Master Plans @

Jubrat Exec Semnelies that Exelude Foxos to Nefe

Redating Into & Establishing Seausty Protocols

- Set up security measures Al to aview Fourds to manage

- Consultants need to be more Allitude in Foko development. - Jews los draft Foko work, redacted into. Javolus IT & OPEC Mgrs with clearance i Security

- I coorporate base security personnel on glan reviews prior to submissions (2)

- Establish security review forum with SECURATE GERSONNEL 2

- Involve IT; Intel managers at the Desinning and throughout project ( )

- Involve NORC & DOD Stall with bleasures

Development of Appendices ) (4)

Include consideratial into related to cotilities or mission in Appendices

- Define areas of sensitive into.

- Ensure the Four is detachable

- Orifical FONOS should be severable.

HO RESPONSE OR (

Prepare guidance (execklist at the

- Identify FOUD information to be removed.

- Est regional guidelines

- Use graval information rather than specifics

- clavify reed for cursory ranew of Subarission material.

- Develop common templates that suc generic and Heyeithewith Four i non-Four.

- Clarity bare minimum information needed in a plan wont FOUO 3

- Provide quidence on what constitutes an Follo.

and what regular or doesn't require the documents. 6

- Create an unclassified version of a Master Aan document with an FONO.

SEPARATE PACKETS OF CLASSIFIED INFO

- Develop reports to the public to raview.

- Include gull out maps that must be personal before shaving publicly.

Creeks 2 types of documents at the order @

- Clarity sensitive into that can be

Mared with communities - Recognize that Master flans that aggregate non-classified into com result in classified reports

- Standardize list of FOUO documents

- Draft pleas so that the Four into Can be completely removed from Nell documents

Coordinating reviews Lotween Never 6

MCPC & DOD Muster Plan goals don't always align

Two agencies need to meet early to discuss review Process @

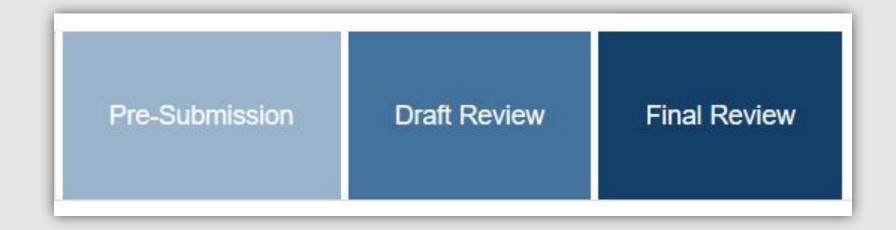
Collaborate on Tous for Marter Mans and public acres to ind.

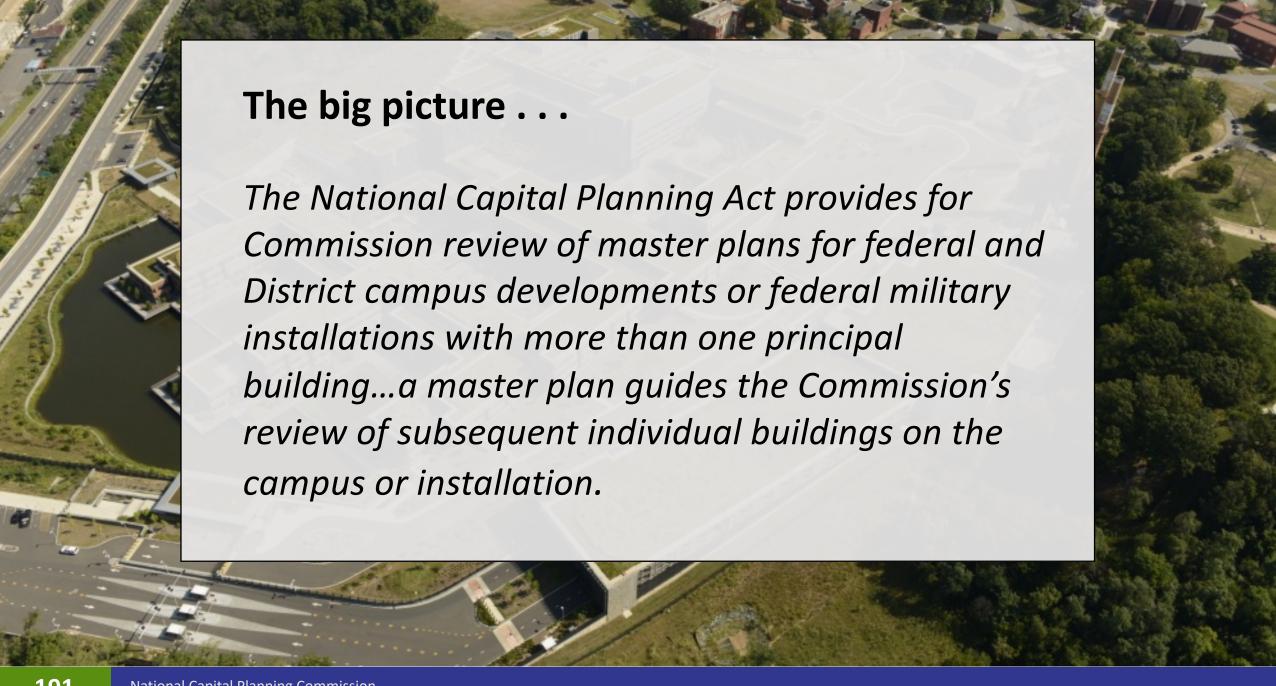
· Clarify what Note und in terms of (erish (what matters most?)



# **NCPC** Review

### **MASTER PLAN REVIEW 101**





# Master Plans: Two Stages of Review

"What does the Commission look for at the draft and final master plan review stages?"

#### Draft Master Plan Review

### **Basic Commission**

#### **Questions**

**Preferred alternative?** 

Site layout?

**Circulation?** 

**Campus form/architecture?** 

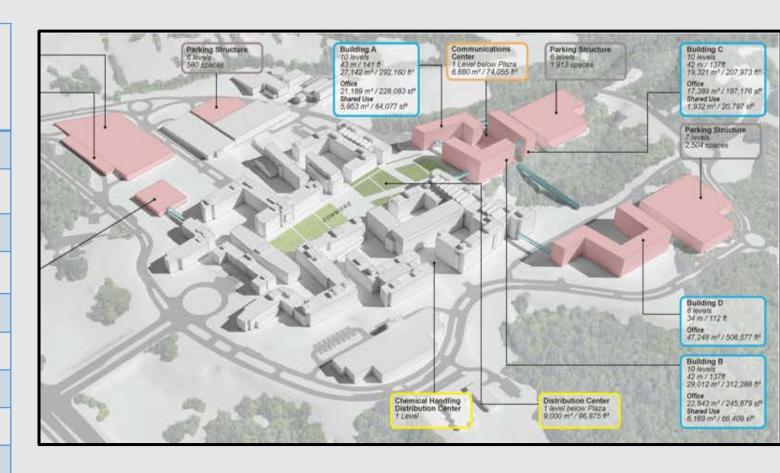
Planned programming?

**Historic/environmental impacts?** 

**Transportation Management Plan?** 

Parking ratio?

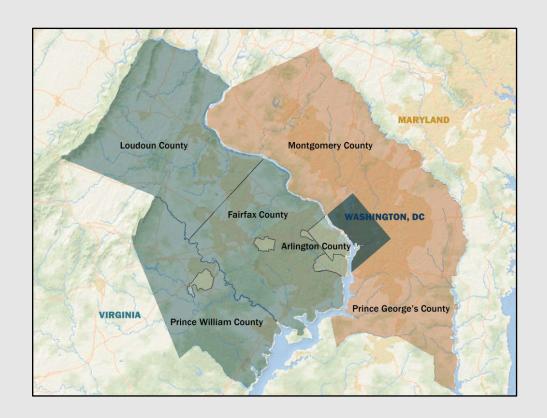
**Stakeholder interests?** 



Example: FDA White Oak Draft Master Plan

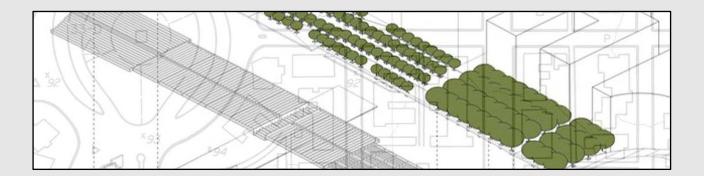
# Master Plan Intergovernmental Referral

Master Plan are always referred out to local jurisdictions for a review period of 60 days.



#### Final Master Plan Review

- Has the applicant addressed previous Commission comments?
- Are there any unresolved issues with the final plan?
- Has the Transportation Management Plan been finalized?
- Are there any off-site impacts?
- What is the phasing of the master plan?
- Are the landscape/stormwater plans complete?



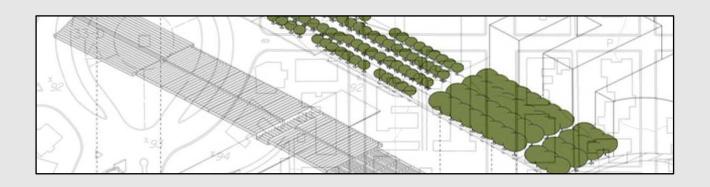
### **Controlled Unclassified Information**

- Reviewed only by NCPC project officer, Plan Review director, executive director, and Commission members in closed Executive Session.
- Hardcopy CUI is stored in a locked drawer and electronic information only stored on the project officer's secure laptop.
- Staff report/presentation for public dissemination includes no CUI more general information substituted.
- After review, all hardcopy information is destroyed, and all electronic information is deleted from the project officer's laptop.

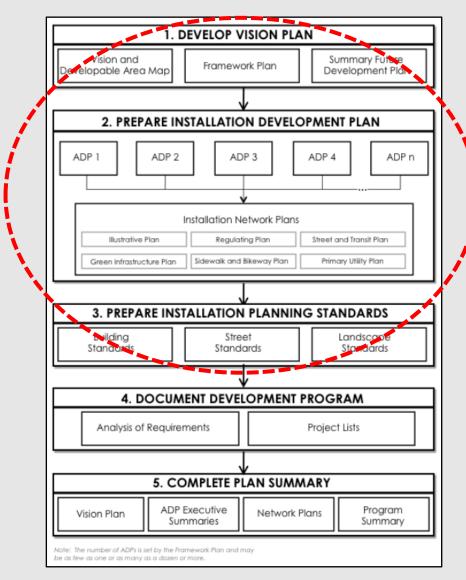
### **Controlled Unclassified Information**

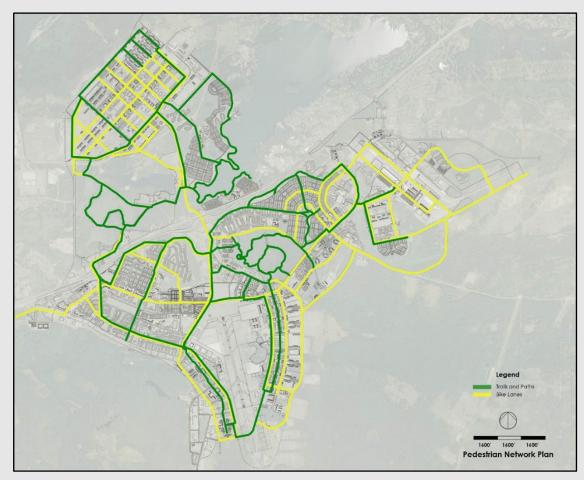
**Strategy # 1:** Consult with NCPC staff early in the process during a "kick-off" meeting.

**Strategy # 2:** Require the contractor to prepare two versions – one complete version (with CUI) and one public version.



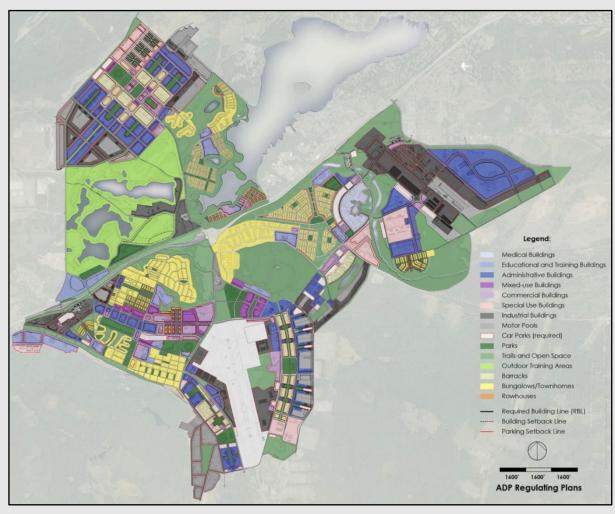
- General block patterns
- General land uses
- Building footprints/massing
- Transportation networks
- Tree/vegetation mitigation regrowth areas
- Stormwater management networks
- Open space-recreational networks





Pedestrian and Bikeway Plan

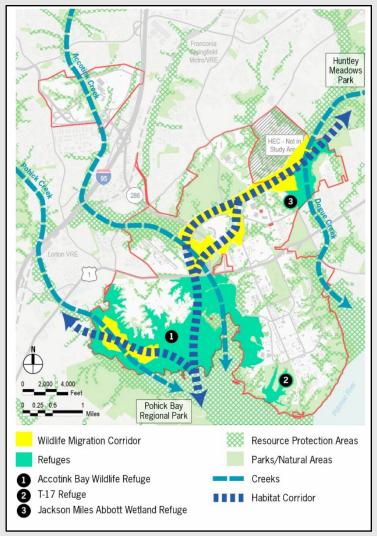
Transportation Plan

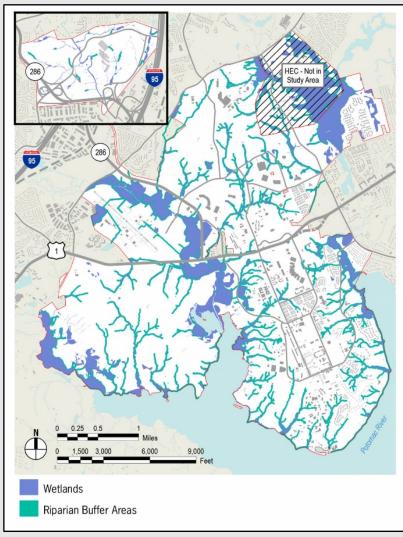


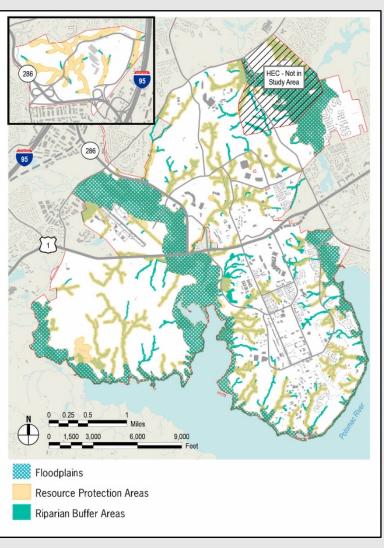
Legend CDC, 2-3 levels Admin/Office, 2-3 levels Admin/Office, 2-4 levels Headquarters, 2-4 levels Admin/Offices, 2-4 levels Shoppette, 2-4 levels Library, 2-4 levels Admin/Office, 2-4 levels Education Center, 2-4 levels Privatized Housing, 2-4 levels Min. Growth: 405,800sf Max. Growth: 792,500sf

Land Use Plan

Illustrative Plan





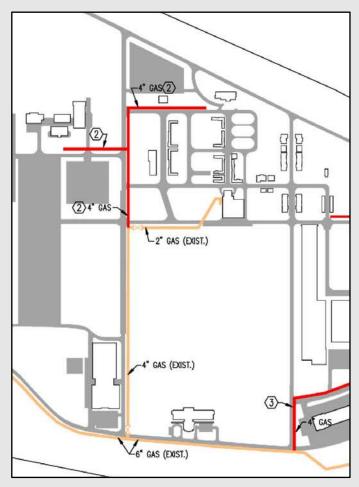


Regional Environmentally Sensitive Areas

Riparian Buffer / Wetlands Area

Water Resources

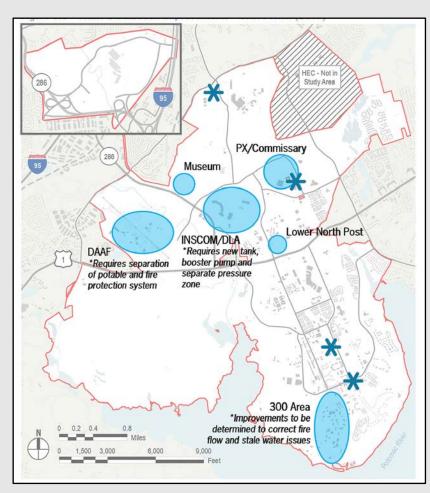
#### **UNNECESSARY** Master Plan Information



Tactical Training Facility Live-Fire Training **Building and Site** Maintenance Yard Maintenance Bowron Administrative Building General Office 49 Vehicle Storage Building Vehicle Storage Tactical Village 51 **Tactical Training Venue** Bell Raid House **Tactical Training Venue** Secure Munitions 53 Photo Not Available Munitions Bunkers Storage Table 2-1 RTC Existing Structures

**Underground Utilities** 

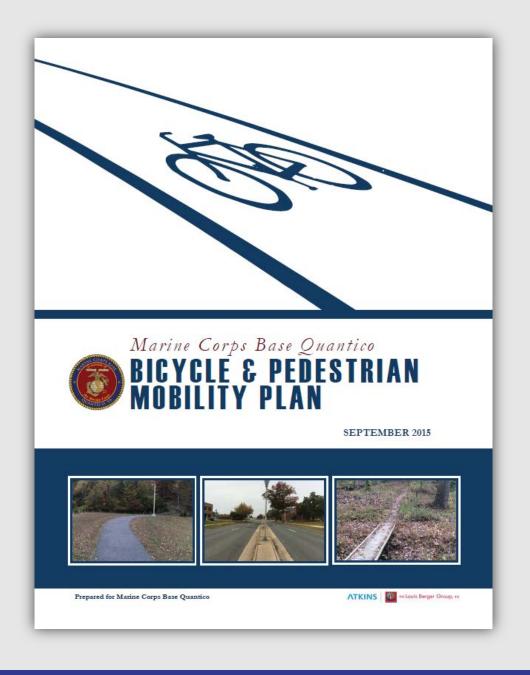
Specific Building Uses



Water Distribution Improvements

#### **Good Example**

### Pedestrian/Bicycle Plan



#### Good Example In-House Area Development Plan



#### **Good Example**

#### Town Center Design Collaboration



Original Rendering



Improved Rendering



www.ncpc.gov

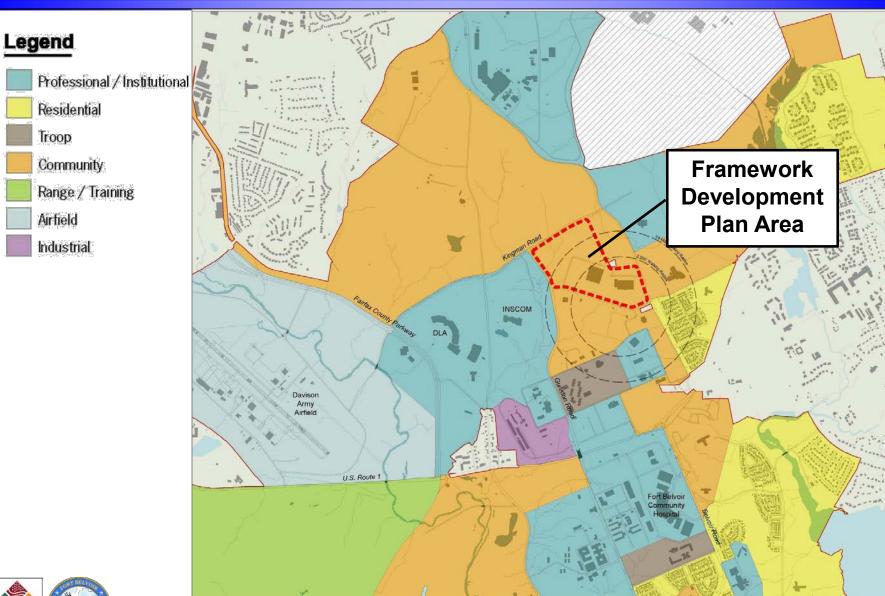


## Learning from Regional Case Studies

## CASE STUDY 1

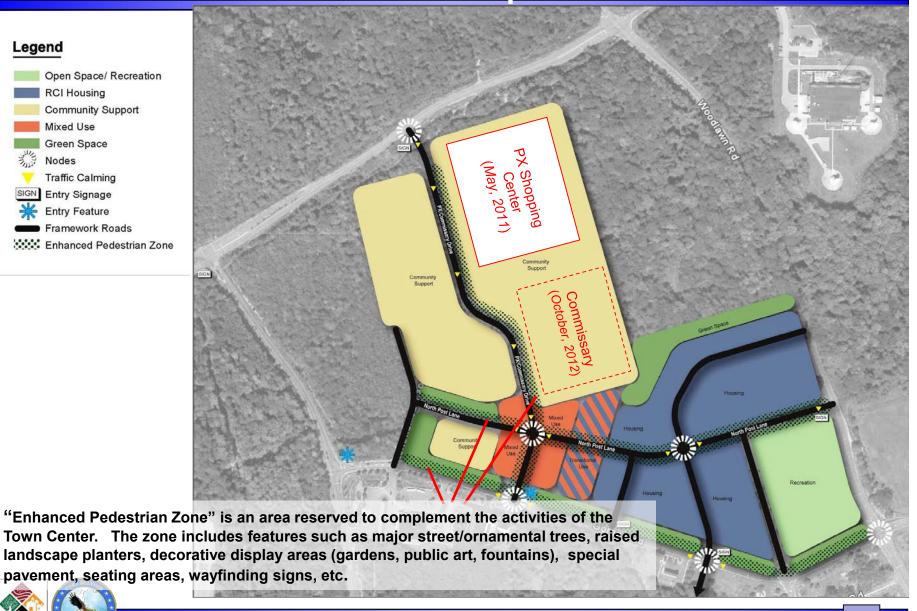
FORT BELVOIR

#### North Post Town Center – Master Plan Land Use



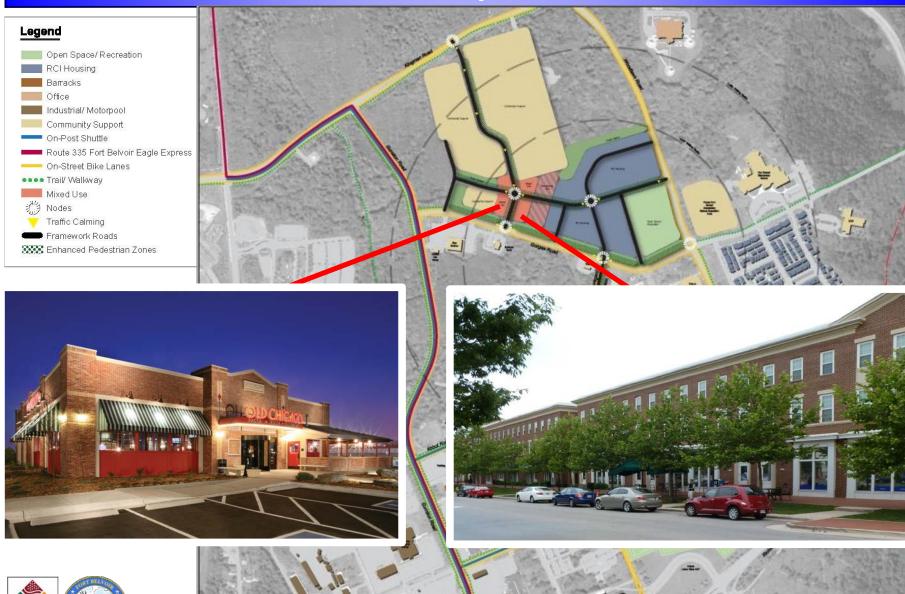


#### Framework Development Plan



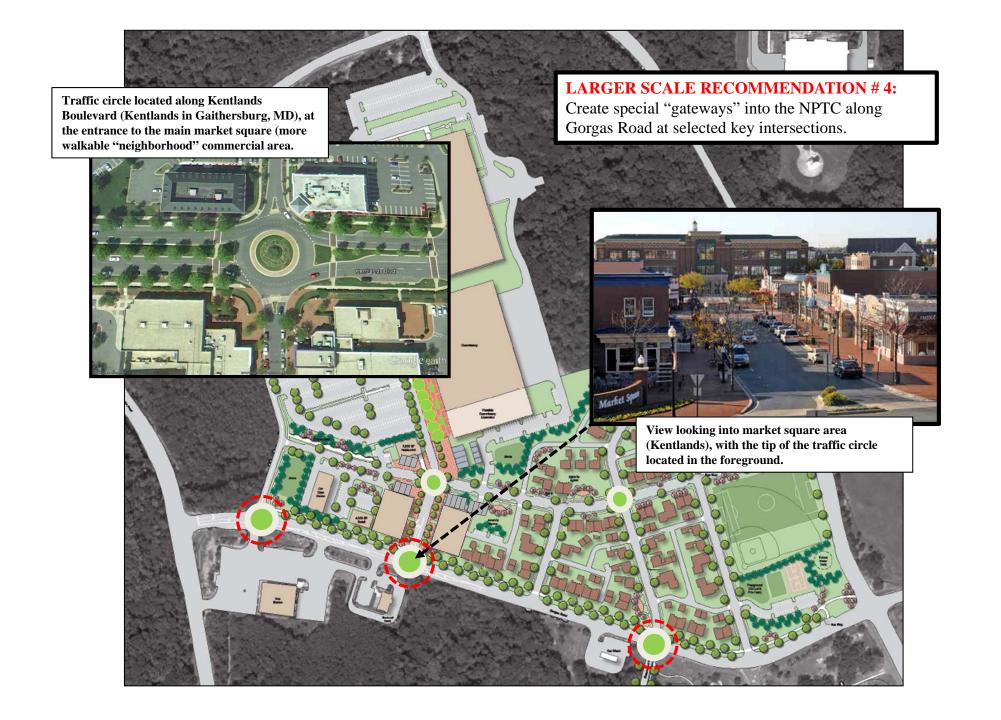
IMCOM

#### **NPTC Context Map – Future Uses**









## CASE STUDY 2

NIST



Exhibit 1: Existing Site Plan



**Exhibit 2: Master Plan Concept** 

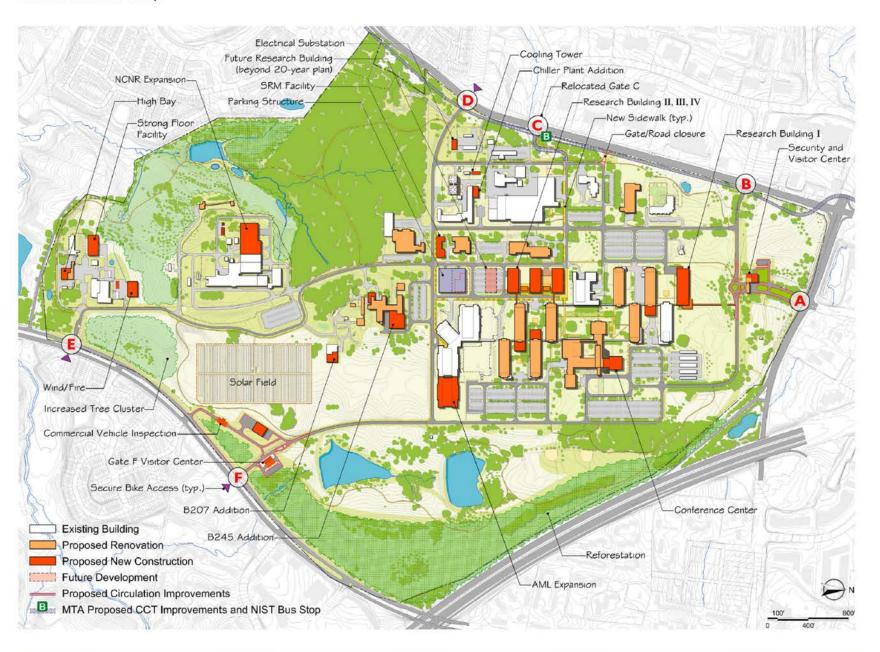


Exhibit 4: Master Plan Building Summary, 20-Year Program

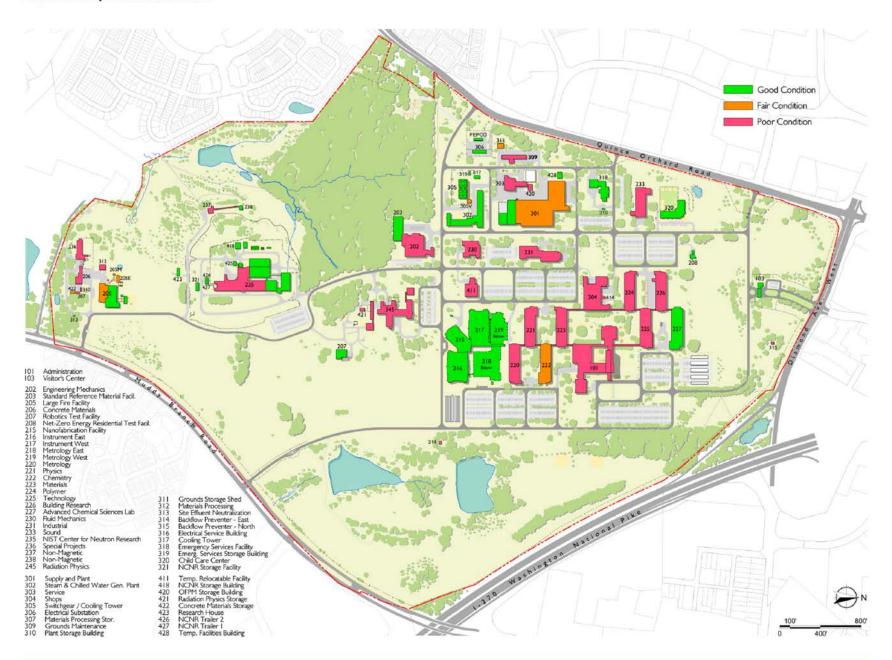
Building	New GSF	Renovation GSF*	Description
Phase 1: Immediate Priorities Site: Cou	ırtyard activat	ion, Gates A &	F roadways, stormwater, landscaping, utility loop
Building 245 Addition/Renovation	106,000	207,921	Research/3 construction phases
Research Building I	300,000		Research
GPLs-Modernization/Office Additions	86,000	1,277,587	Modernize for research, offices
High Bay Lab Addition to 206	16,000	8,165	Research
Gate A Visitor Ctr. & security mods	3,000	2,460	Building expansion/roadway modernizations
Gate F Visitor Center	4,400		Visitor screening/vehicle inspection
Gate F Shipping/Receiving/Inspection	17,000		Truck screening/transfer warehouse
Electrical Substaion	5,400		Infrastructure replacement
Demo buildings 411 and 428	(20,185)		When space available in GPLs, 301
Subtotal	517,615	1,496,133	
Phase 2: Next Steps			Site: Courtyard landscapin
Building 101 Expansion	50,000		Conference facilities/offices
Building 101 Renovation		345,818	Public spaces/offices/infrastructure
Subtotal	50,000	345,818	
Phase 3 Program Expansion		Site:	Pedestrian way, courtyards, roadway modification
Research Buildings II, III, IV	480,000		Research
Parking Structure			720 cars/4 levels (as needed)
Chilled Water Plant Expansion	6,200		Addition to 302/New cooling tower
Subtotal	486,200		
Independent Projects Site: East-	west pedestri	an way, trails,	stormwater management, meadows, reforestatio
Standard Reference Materials Building	54,000		Research
Strong Floor Building	15,000		Research
Fire/Wind Tunnel Building	15,000		Research
Building 207 Expansion-Robotics	17,000		Research
AML Addition	115,000		Research
NCNR Expansion	138,000		Research/Renovation tbd
Building 202 Renovation-Engineering Mechanics		78,575	Research
Building 230 Renovation-Fluid Mechanics		38,366	Research
Building 231 Renovation-Industrial		75,131	Research
Building 233 Renovation-Sound		42,881	Research
Building 237/238 Renovation-Non-magnetic		7,061	Research
Subtotal	354,000	242,014	
20-Year Totals	1,407,815	2,083,965	Gross Square Feet

<sup>\*</sup>Renovation GSF is total building - Renovation scope has not been determined for any building except GPLs, which will undergo complete modernization.





**Exhibit 7: Facility Condition Assessment** 





### CASE STUDY 3

MCB Quantico

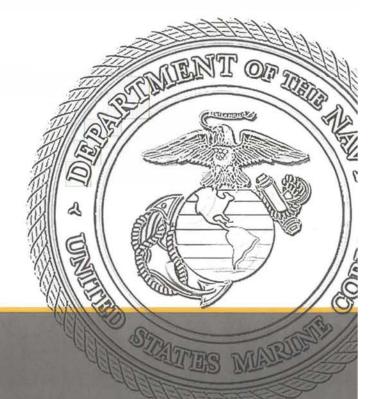






## **MCB QUANTICO**Installation Master Plan Update

"Crossroads of the Marine Corps"



Marine Corps Base Quantico **Headquarters Marine Corps** 

FINAL REPORT | January 2019

FOUO Copy / For Official Use Only

As the Crossroads of the Marine Corps,
MCB Quantico provides and enhances
support of its tenant missions. We will
continue to preserve and promote the
operational environment, culture, and tenant
"unity of effort" through implementation
of compatible and mixed-uses, promoting
sustainable and adaptable development
practices, and enhancing the quality of life
for all personnel in safe, secure facilities
across an integrated community.



Figure 4-1 Installation Framework Map

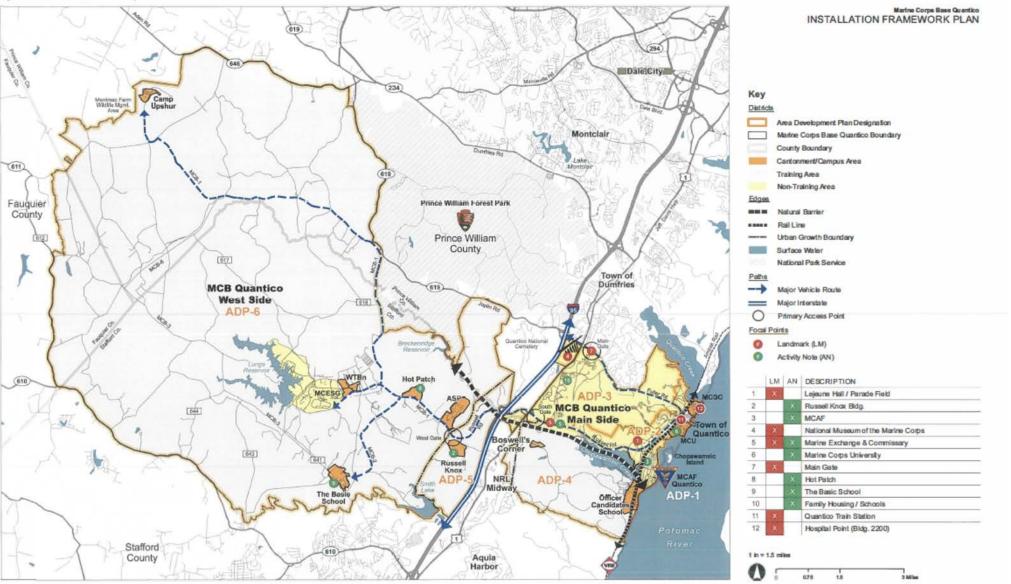


Figure 4-2 ADP Boundaries Map

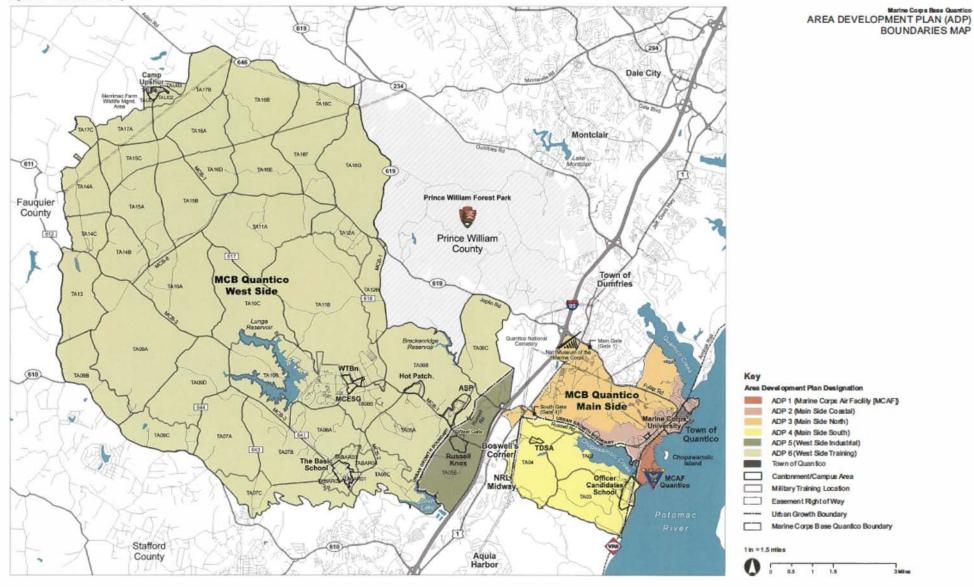


Figure 5-15 ADP-1 Composite Constraints Map

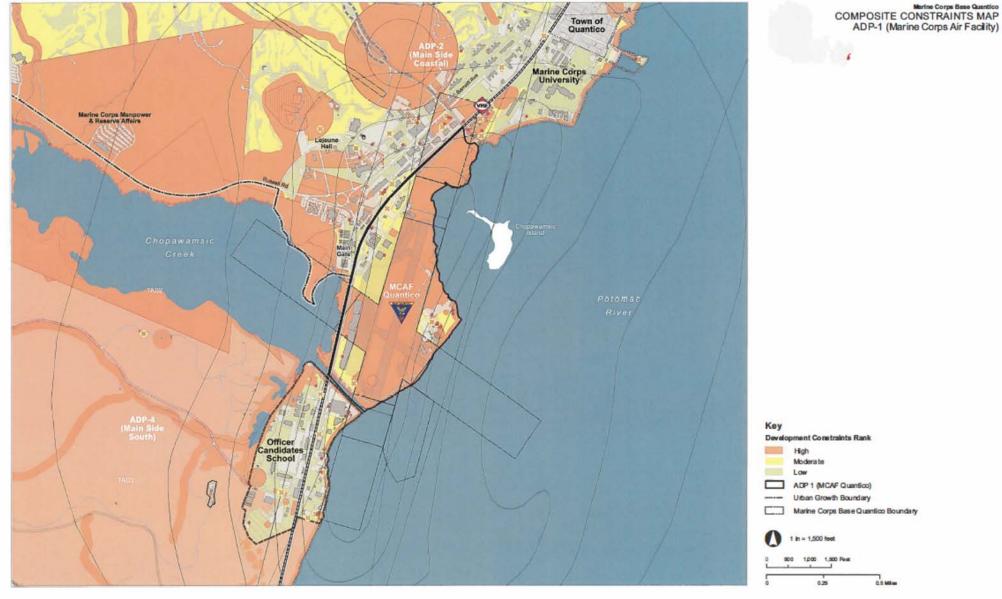


Figure 5-25 ADP-1 Regulating Plan MCAF+ Marine Corps Base Quantico Airfield REGULATING PLAN ADP-1 (Marine Corps Air Facility) inn The Clubs at ADP-2 Chopawamsic Island (Main Side Sou Key Mn/Max Building Heights 2/5 Transit Route P Parking Garage Bus/Shuttle Stop (Green Shuttle) 0 Required Entry Location Required Entry Zone Build to Line (BTL) Primary MCAF Parking Zone Quantico Perimeter AT/FP (86 FT) MCAF GUARTICO Clear Zone Historic District Flood Hazard (1% Annual Chance) TRANSITIONAL Structure: Existing Structure: Renovation or New Structure: Notional Footprint Structure: Historic Structure: Proposed Demotion Roads & Parking: Proposed Improvements T.1 TRANSITIONAL SURFACE CLEAR ZONE Roads & Parking: Existing ADP 1 (MCAF Quantico) Marine Corps Base Quantico Boundary Future Building Type Classification HMX-MU Administrative/Support Campus MU Educational/Training/Research Campus Operations Industrial Warehouse Programmed Green Space Green Space 1 in = 500 feet Note: Historic Structures shown are listed in the Sotkmat Register of Historic Places as contributing resurress to one of the following: African American Marine Burnela, Argenius Hills, Assistion, Education, Fire Personant Construction, Industrial and Support Areas, Lustron Housing, Need Registed Medical Clinic Data reflect the suspirity of Jacobic in also always demokabled, Arageer ast old structures were located. 1,000 Fast Refer to the NRHP for a complete list. 0.25 Mins

ADP-1

Figure 5-26 ADP-1 Illustrative Plan



Marine Corps Base Quantico ILLUSTRATIVE PLAN ADP-1 (Marine Corps Air Facility)



PROL	DESCRIPTION	
LT1-01	Shoreline Stabilization Project	
LT1-02	Warehouse	
LT1-03	North gate replacement	
LT1-04	Runway improvements	
LT1-05	P-733 MCAF ILS (not shown on map)	

#### Cey

#### **Buildings**

Long-Term (LT) Renovation or New Short-Term (ST) Renovation or New

Notional Footprint (N)

Existing Building

#### Roads & Parking

Bus/Shuttle Stop

Proposed Roads & Parking Existing Roads & Parking

Flood Hazard (1% Annual Chance)

Perimeter AT/FP (86 FT)

ADP-1 (MCAF Quantico)

Marine Corps Base Quantico Boundary



1 in = 500 fee

0 250 500 1,000 Feet



# Preparing IDPs/ADPs with Limited Resources

If.....

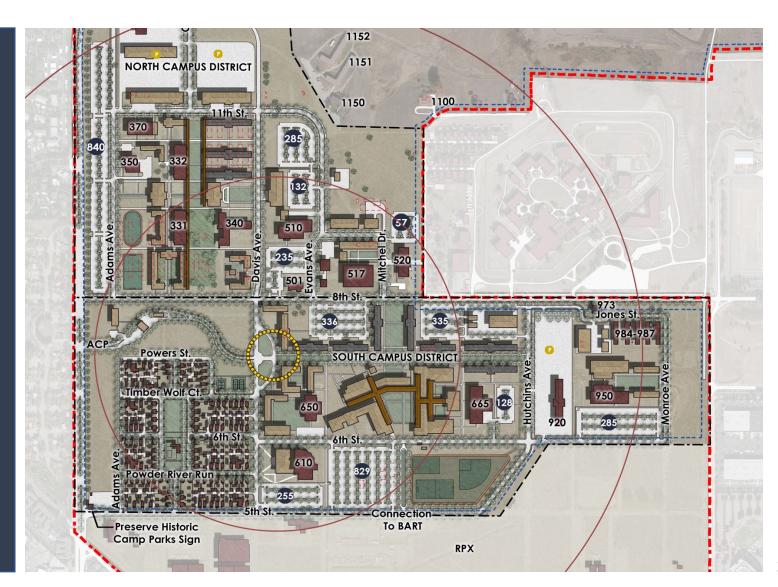
You don't

have a

plan...



Invest in ADPs.



Invest in

ADPs.



Invest in

ADPs.

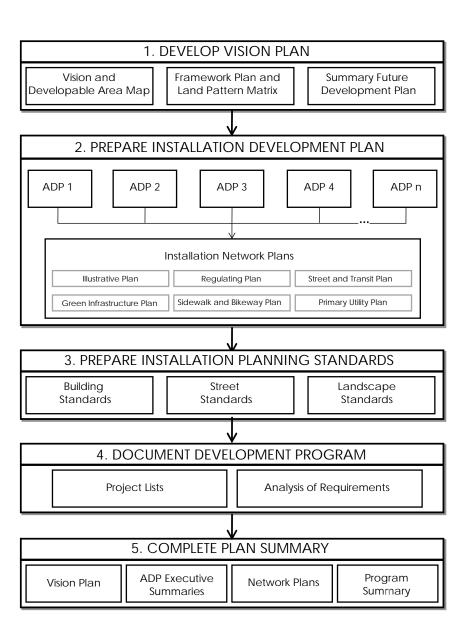


If.....

You have a plan...



Know
where you
are in the
process.



## 4 STRATEGIES FOR SUCCESS WITH LIMITED RESOURCES

## Leverage Alternative Funding Sources

- Central Funding (AFCAC, IMCOM, CNIC)
- **L**ocal Funding
- Other People's Money (OPM)
  - MCCS/AAFES/MWR/Etc.
  - Mission Partners
  - Other Tenants

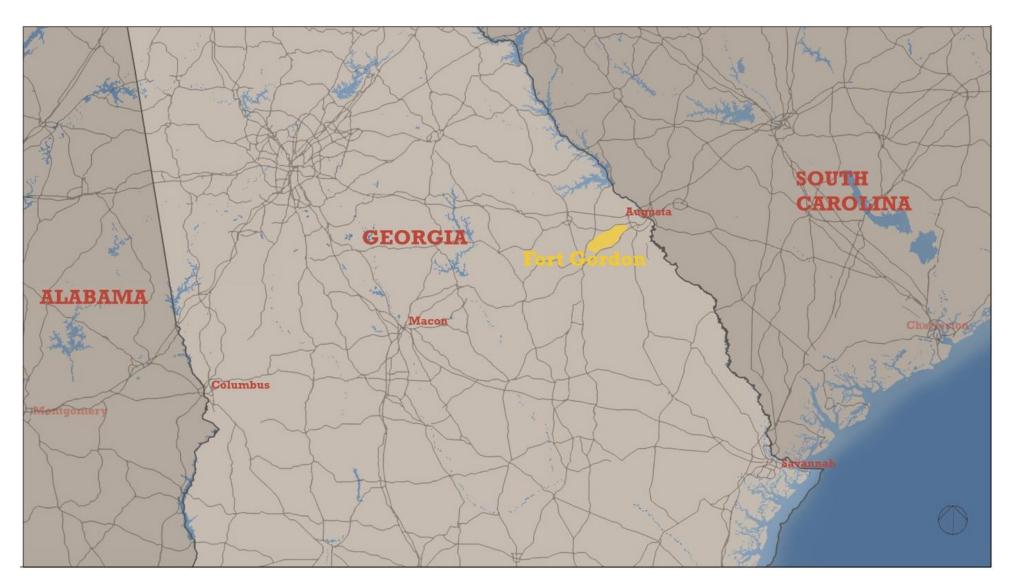
#### Fort Gordon

#### THE WAY AHEAD

Leveraging Tenant Partnerships to Create Great Places at Fort Gordon



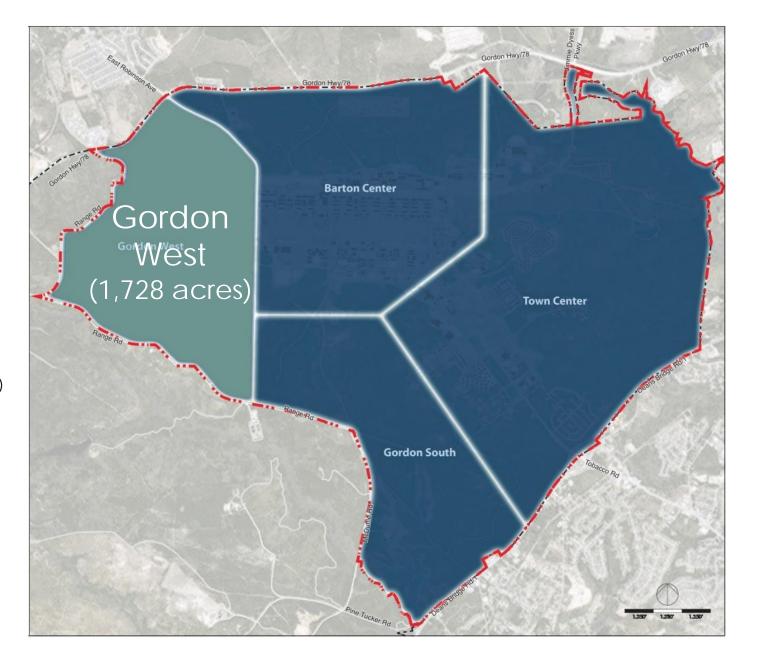
# **Fort Gordon Location**



#### **ADP Districts**

#### District's Key Tenants

- NSA/CSS Georgia
- U.S. Army Cyber Command and Second Army
- U.S. Army Cyber Protection Brigade
- Navy Information Operations Command, Georgia (NAVIOCOM Georgia)
- 706th Military Intelligence Group
- 782nd Battalion
- 7th Signal Command
- 67th Signal Battalion (Expeditionary)
- 513th Military Intelligence (MI) Brigade
- 359th Signal Brigade
- Regional Training Site Medical (RTSMED) Medical Readiness Training Command
- 35th Signal Brigade Directorate of Public Works (DPW)
- Logistics Readiness Center (LRC)



# Agency Campus & ADP Study Area



# **Planning Considerations**

- Evaluate district's capacity
- Provide a secure compound
- Make it walkable
- Accommodate closure of two existing gates and opening of new
  - Main Gate
- Consider utility and road improvements with additional capacity

# **Planning Charrette**

Participation of over 30 stakeholders from Army Garrison Fort
 Gordon and all primary tenants during a four day on-site planning
 charrette

 Participatory planning methods ensured that stakeholders made decisions ensuring plan's functionality and longevity

#### **Mission Statement**

(U) Provide multi-agency cyber and intelligence operations along with enabling support to the global mission.

#### **Vision Statement**

In support of our mission, our vision is to create a cyber and intelligence campus with sustainable and modern facilities and infrastructure, adaptable to mission change and in support of our community culture.

# Goals & Objectives

# Sustainable & Modernized Facilities & Infrastructure

- Multi-story Development
- Low-Impact Development & Stormwater Handling
- Green Roofs
- Incorporate Energy-efficient Strategies

#### Adaptable to Mission Change

- Capacity Planning
- Security & Visibility
- AT/FP Focus

#### **Support our Community Culture**

- Walking, Running & Biking Paths
- Public Safety
- Maintain Natural Open
   Space
- Preserve Wetlands & Trees
- Stewardship of Resources
- Visible Entries

# **District Plan**



# **District Regulating Plan**



# **Key-takeaways**

- Garrison needed an ADP major tenants had the funding to make the plan come together - all were highly willing participants
- Stakeholder team was multi-disciplinary, and had at least a moderate level of decision-making authority
- Tenants' senior leadership attended workshop; helped to welldefine parameters and roles
- No one let "Perfect" get in the way of "Good"
- Participants had singularity of focus, and agreed to compromise to attain the mission objective

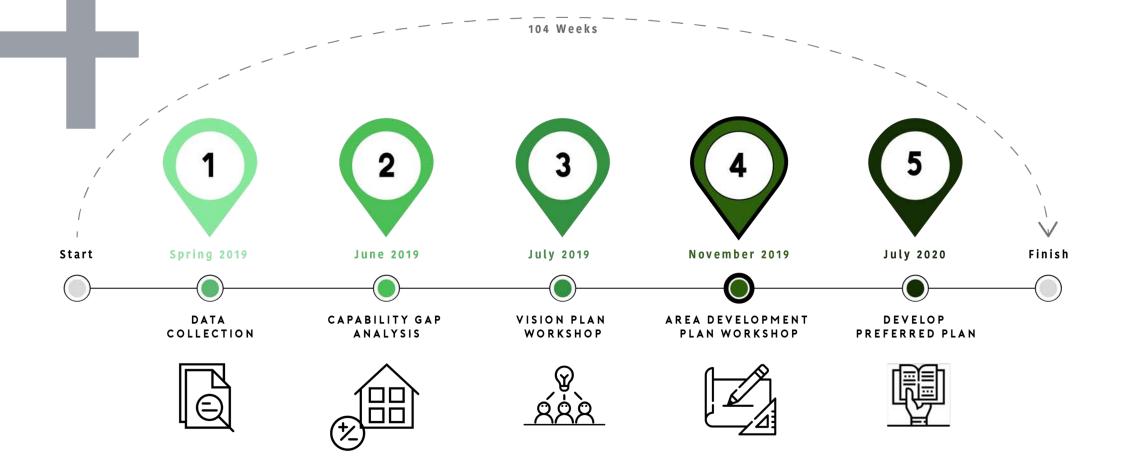
# Involve Stakeholders from the Beginning



# Leave the Charrette with the Approved Draft



# Stay within the Period of Performance





# Developing a Clear Vision

# **Vision Statement**



#### **Vision Statement**

Welcome to Base Camp, where any craft brew

exploration rightly begins. A distinct hop nose

and deft balance make this pale one essential

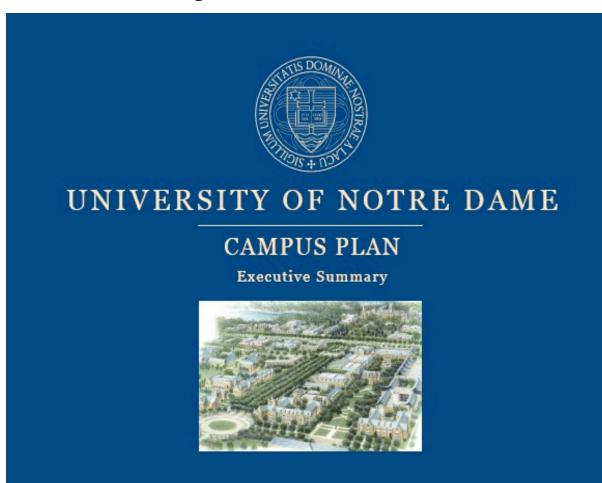
quaff. It is aromatically complex, multi-layered

and unmistakably honest.

# Elements of a Planning Vision Statement

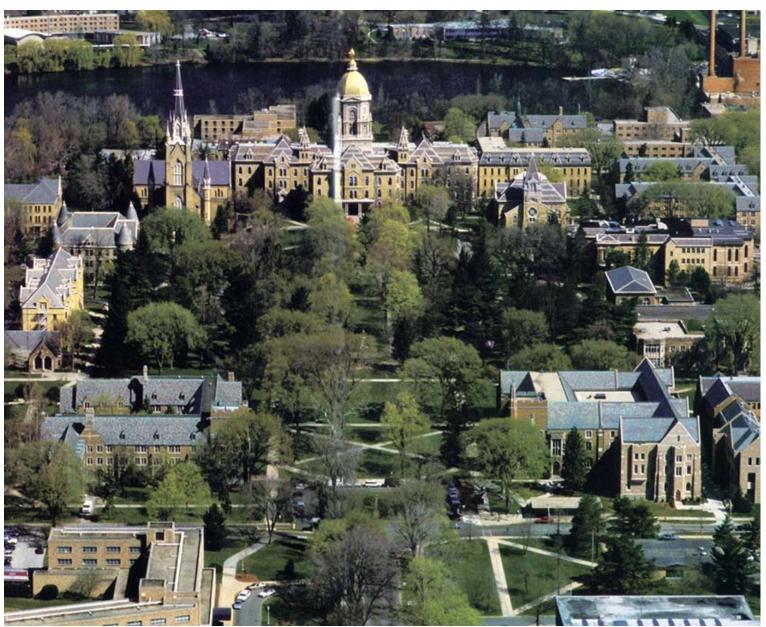
- Clear
- Concise
- Use familiar language
- Creates a strong mental picture
- Sets at least two goals
- Excludes language that describes the military mission

# University of Notre Dame Campus Plan



Our vision is for Notre Dame to be a campus that serves as home and academy with axes, focal points, and quads designed to protect and enhance the natural environment.





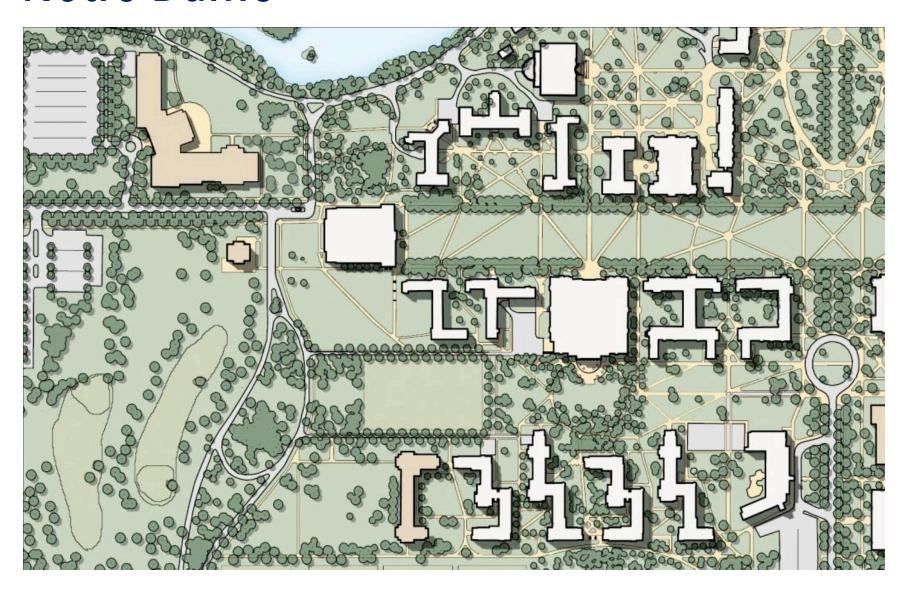
# Campus as Home & Academy

Notre Dame is a locus of learning and of living, a national teaching and research university with a vital residential dimension.

#### PLANNING GUIDELINES

Land-use planning will strive for a compatible mixture of uses among campus neighborhoods so that residence halls are close to spiritual, academic and social settings.

Undergraduate residence halls will be clustered to create communities and located in such a way as to balance the campus around its historic core. Teaching, research, and administrative facilities within each College will be clustered to promote the collegial environment necessary for the vigorous exchange of ideas.













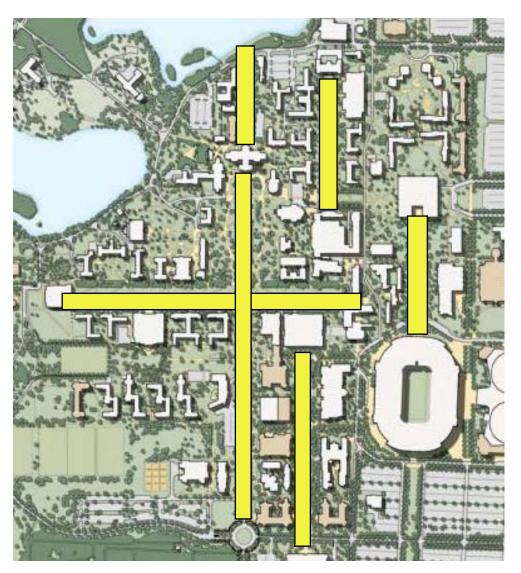
## Axes, Focal Points, & Quads

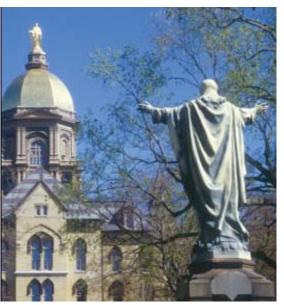
The organization of Notre Dame's exterior space by means of axes, focal points, and quadrangles should always serve as the structure for future growth of the campus.

#### PLANNING GUIDELINES

Notre Dame will consist of a singular campus. Buildings will form a variety of outdoor spaces, such as quadrangles, courtyards, and allees that weave together the fabric of open space.

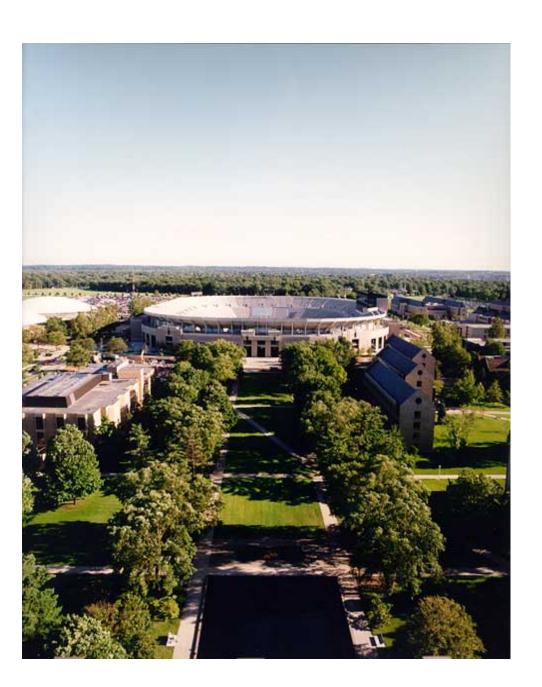
Existing quadrangles will be preserved and consist of buildings with multiple uses; in-fill sites should be considered before the development of new quadrangles. Future quadrangles will be limited in number and carefully proportioned, using the North Quad as a model.





















### Stewards of the Natural Environment

Notre Dame is blessed with abundant natural beauty, and its pastoral atmosphere must be preserved as the campus grows.

### PLANNING GUIDELINES

The campus will remain predominantly wooded, with its stand of matured woodlands preserved and protected.

Surrounding the campus will be a natural greenbelt, a buffer of meadows, woodlands, lakes, and recreational spaces, such as golf courses and playing fields.

The greenbelt will serve as a transition from "town to gown," and its natural beauty will be an asset to the campus and its neighbors.









# All-Hands Exercises

Assessing Existing Conditions

Making Better Bases

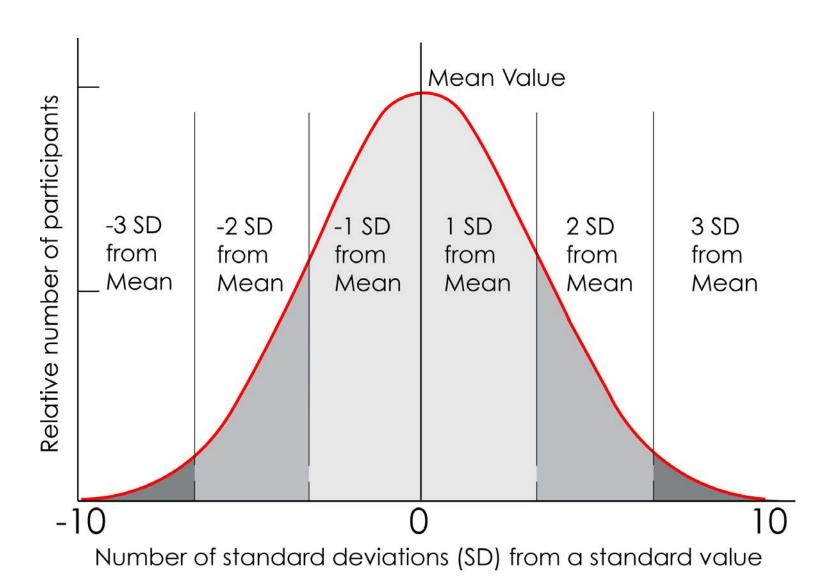
Evaluating Plan Proposals

Creating a Useful Regulating Plan



# Visual Preference Survey Results

# Scoring VPS







5.00 / 3.86

5.81 / 4.20





-5.67 / 3.90

5.44 / 3.68





6.06 / 2.78

-6.08 / 2.51

Lowest Rated Image





6.48 / 2.79

-3.52 / 3.83





-1.77 / 4.66

3.56 / 5.01





4.71 / 4.37

-1.42 / 4.51





3.96 / 3.55

-0.85 / 4.11





**5.35 / 4.24** 1.52 / 4.18





5.00 / 3.54

-4.17 / 3.68

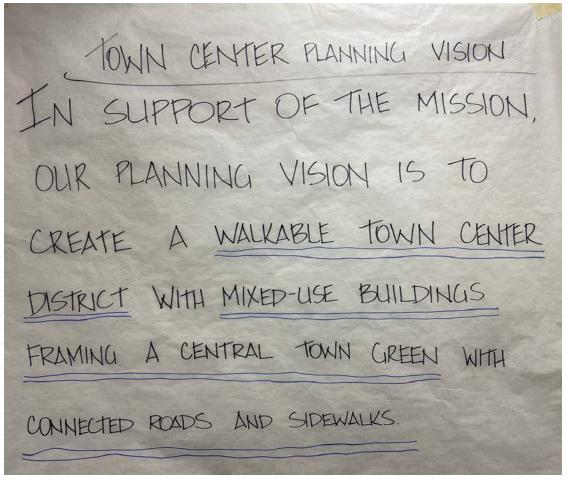


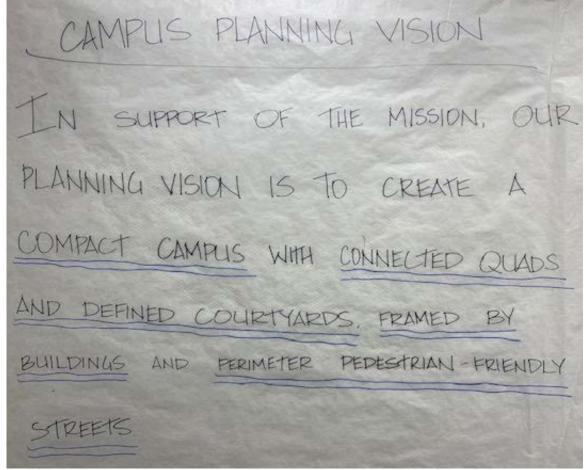


0.46 / 4.40

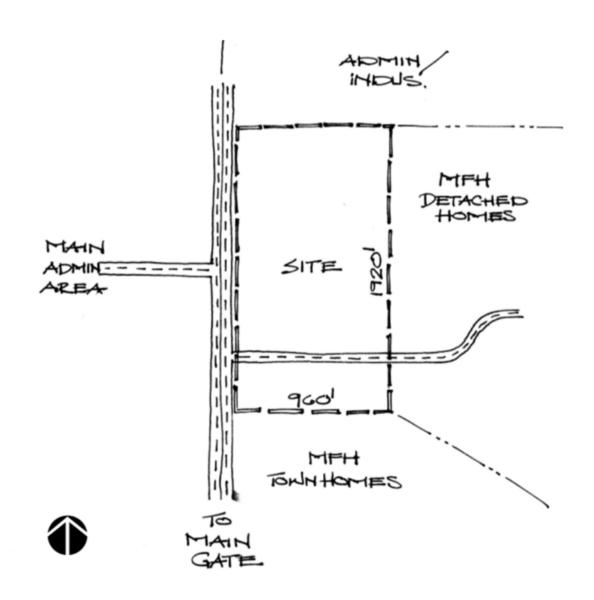
5.63 / 3.02

# **Planning Vision Statements**

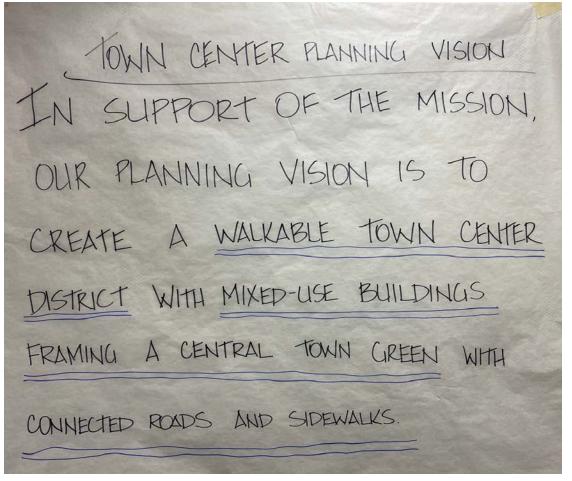


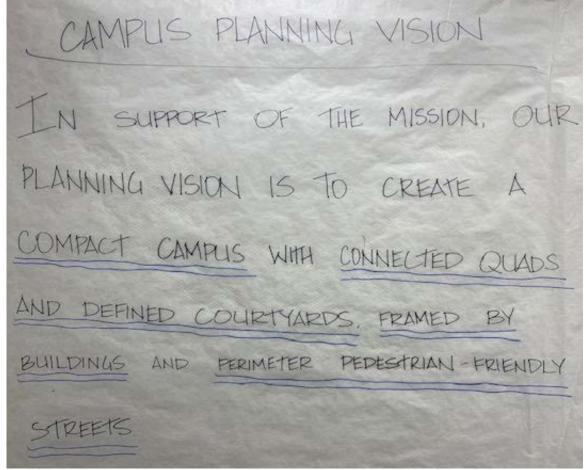


### Site & Context



# **Planning Vision Statements**





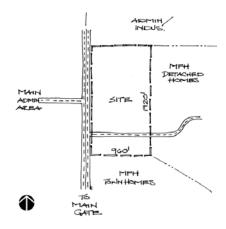
# Campus Part I

### Assessing Existing Conditions: Part I

### Activity:

Use the building models provided to layout a typical sprawling military installation. The models are at a scale of 1" = 20'. You must include all the buildings and the required parking lots.

Your table is the study area/site. The diagram to the right shows the site's surrounding context. The two existing roads, one running north-south to the Main Gate and the other running east-west to MFH detached homes cannot be realigned. The site is flay and existing adjacent land-use areas will remain.



### **Existing Conditions:**

FACILITY <sup>1</sup>	TOTAL AREA	FLOOR AREA	PARKING <sup>2</sup>	STORIES
Warehouse	40,000 sf	40,000 sf	20	1
Classroom	45,000 sf	45,000 sf	140	1
Bank with Drive Thru	5,250 sf	5,250 sf	20	1
Assembly Hall	14,750 sf	14,750 sf	20	1
Bowling Center	16,100 sf	16,100 sf	40	1
Gym	20,850 sf	20,850 sf	60	1
Child Care Center	9,100 sf	9,100 sf	20	1
Fast Food with Drive Thru	2,500 sf	2,500 sf	20	1
Library	10,500 sf	10,500 sf	40	1
Lab/Classroom (large)	50,000 sf	16,667 sf	140	3
Lab/Classroom (small)	30,000 sf	10,000 sf	80	3
TOTAL PARKING <sup>2</sup>			600	-

Note 1: Parking requirement based on industry guidance using 3-4 spaces for 1,000 GSF. Note 2: One 3' x 5' cards equals 20 parking spaces.

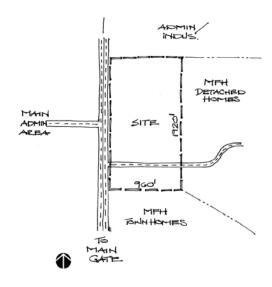
### **Town Center Part I**

### Assessing Existing Conditions: Part I

### Activity:

Use the building models provided to layout a typical sprawling military installation. The models are at a scale of 1" = 20'. You must include all the buildings and the required parking lots.

Your table is the study area/site. The diagram to the right shows the site's surrounding context. The two existing roads, one running north-south to the Main Gate and the other running east-west to MFH detached homes cannot be realigned. The site is flay and existing adjacent land-use areas will remain.



### **Existing Conditions:**

FACILITY <sup>1</sup>	TOTAL AREA	FLOOR AREA	PARKING <sup>2</sup>	STORIES
Exchange	40,000 sf	40,000 sf	120	1
Commissary	45,000 sf	45,000 sf	180	1
Bank with Drive Thru	5,250 sf	5,250 sf	20	1
Theater	14,750 sf	14,750 sf	40	1
Bowling Center	16,100 sf	16,100 sf	40	1
Gym	20,850 sf	20,850 sf	60	1
Child Care Center	9,100 sf	9,100 sf	20	1
Fast Food with Drive Thru	2,500 sf	2,500 sf	20	1
Library	10,500 sf	10,500 sf	40	1
TOTAL PARKING <sup>2</sup>			540	-

Note 1: Parking requirement based on industry guidance using 3-4 spaces for 1,000 GSF. Note 2: One 3' x 5' cards equals 20 parking spaces.



# Regulating Plan

- Parcelize
  Required build-to-lines
  Allowable parking areas
  Required entry locations
  Min/Max building heights
  Allowable uses
  1. Industrial (I)
  2. Administrative (A)
  3. Commercial (C)
  4. Public (library, chapel,...) (P)
  5. Residential (families) (R)
  6. Unaccopmanied (dorms) (U)



# Conclusion

# NCPC Master Planning Training



The Urban Collaborative, LLC

### NATIONAL CAPITAL PLANNING COMMISSION



16 NCPC Training Workshop